#### BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

#### Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty

Course Unit Title	English 1
Course Unit Code	ENGL 1101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	0
Practice (hour/week)	3
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	1
Semester when the course unit is delivered	1
Course Coordinator	Ildrimzade L.J, Shirinova N.M.
Name of Lecturer (s)	
Name of Assistant (s)	
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
Recommended Optional Programme Components	

#### Course description:

Develops reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills by encouraging students to use language forms that they learn through reading and listening. The students are exposed to extensive reading both in and outside the classroom. They are encouraged to read a variety of texts such as short stories, academic articles, research reports, reviews and journalistic texts as well as chapters from textbooks.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

During orientation you can expect to:

- to stimulate students interest in the subject and to encourage them to learn more about.
- to provide opportunities for students to work in teams.
- to lead students to deliver "individual works", to observe peers and provoke peer feedback.
- to develop students reading, writing, listening and speaking skills.
- to focus on language functions and structures.
- to increase the students' knowledge of vocabulary, specialized terms and idioms using in social situations.

Learning Outcomes		
At the end of the course the student should be able to Assessment		Assessment
1	understand a simple personal letter about everyday life	
2 understand descriptions of events 2		2

Course C Week	Contents       Chapter     Topics	[	Exam	
Course (	Contents			
CL: Cont	tribution Level (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
77 6	involved in exploration and production			
10	accumulations using formation evaluation techniques.         Ability to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical activities         1			
9	Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon			
8	Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions to oil and gas operations.			
7	Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.		5	
6	Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	team.	4	
	experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.			
5	According to the knowledge and skins acquired during the training, develop innovative process components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and point of view. Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of resea	d social	5	
4	hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modeling and reservoir system design. According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative process		1	
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the			
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary require and methods for solving it.	rements	1	
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines		1	
Course's	s Contribution to Program		CL	
Assessm	nent Methods:			
10	use wide range of vocabulary in speaking			
9	write formal and informal letter using appropriate language			
	common mistakes in writing			
8	write a message for website giving factual information, recognize and correct			
7	write a clearly structured story			
	feelings			
6	understand short narratives about everyday things, descriptions of events and	2.	, 5	
5	expand their scientific reading skill and thinking skills	2,5		
	to do research work on particular topics covered through the module 2			
4	to do research work on particular topics covered through the module	2	i r	

Week	Chapter	Topics     Exam	
	Unit 1 (a) • LIFE STORIES.		
		Vocabulary: Common phrases; question words.	
		Listening: Celebrity profile: Jamie Oliver.	
		Speaking: Talking about myself.	
Read		Reading: Celebrity profile: Jamie Oliver.	
1		Writing: Questions with question words. Exercises. (W.B)	
	<b>Unit 1 (b)</b>	• SUPER COMMUTERS.	
		Vocabulary: Collocations (1): work; questions about travel	
	Listening: Three commuters.		
Speaking People's jobs. How I travel. Day-today life.		Speaking People's jobs. How I travel. Day-today life.	
		Reading: Super commuters 2.	

		Writing: Subject and non-subject questions. Exercises. (W.B)	
		• TIME OFF. SMALL TALK.	
		<b>Vocabulary</b> : Free time activities. Frequency expressions.	
		<b>Listening</b> : The British way of life? A free time survey.	
	Unit 1 (c, d)	<b>Speaking</b> : My free time activities. A free time survey.	
		<b>Reading</b> : The British way of life?	
		Writing: Sentences about my free time. A class free time survey.	
2			
	Unit 2 (a, b)	• BEGINNINGS. HOW WE MET.	
		Vocabulary: Past time phrases. Relationships (1).	
		Listening: A free time survey. How Helen met Simon. How Ray met Claire	
		Speaking: Fast food. My special meal.	
		<b>Reading</b> : The man behind KFC. The Michelin guides.	
		Writing: Past simple questions. Exercises (workbook).	
		• COINCIDENCES. INTERNET DATING.	
		Vocabulary: Adjectives. Connecting words (1)	
	Unit 2 (c, d)	Listening: The girl from Petrovka.	
	$\operatorname{Omt} \mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{C},\mathbf{U})$	Speaking: An interesting story. Internet dating.	
		Reading: That's incredible! An online profile.	
		Writing: Exercises (workbook).	
3			
		• GETTING QUALIFIED. JOB-HUNTING	
	U	Vocabulary: Employment. Looking for a job	
	<b>Unit 3 (a, b)</b>	<b>Listening</b> : An interpreter and a paramedic.	
		Speaking: Things I have to do. Unemployment	
		<b>Reading</b> : A referee's training. Letters to the editor <b>Writing</b> : Sentences about my job. Curriculum vitae (Work book. Portfolio	
		3).	
		• WHAT A JOB. I'M REALLY SORRY.	
		Vocabulary: Word building: noun endings.	
	Unit 3 (c, d)	<b>Listening</b> : Is that a real job?	
	0 mt 5 (c, u)	<b>Speaking</b> : Jobs I'd like and hate. Unpopular jobs.	
		<b>Reading</b> : I'm just doing my job.	
		Writing: Writing about a difficult situation.	
4			
		• LOOKALIKES.	
		Vocabulary: Types of films; past participles.	
	Unit 4 (a)	Listening: Types of films.	
		Speaking: My film-watching habits. The last film I saw.	
		Reading: A famous face? A Marilyn Monroe lookalike.	
		Writing: True and false statements about my life experiences.	
		• MY MUSIC.	
		Vocabulary: Types of music.	
	IIn:4 1 (L)	<b>Listening</b> : Musical experiences. Three conversations.	
	Unit 4 (b)	<b>Speaking</b> : My music. Interview with a rock star.	
		<b>Reading:</b> A great film. (Work book. Portfolio 4) Writing: Describing a film (Work book. Portfolio 4)	
		Writing: Describing a film (Work book. Portfolio 4)	
5		• TV OR NOT TV? WHAT DO YOU THINK?	
		<b>Vocabulary</b> : TV nouns and verbs. <i>-ed</i> and <i>-ing</i> adjectives.	
	Unit 4 (c, d)	<b>Listening</b> : Are you a telly addict.	
		<b>Speaking</b> : Questions about TV. <i>-ed</i> and <i>-ing</i> questions. Free education.	
		Agree or disagree?	
		<b>Reading</b> : A TV questionnaire. Kill your TV!	
		Writing: Exercises. (Workbook).	

		• A CROWDED PLANET. NEVER TOO OLD.	
		Vocabulary: The environment. Collocations (2).	
		<b>Listening</b> : Our future – the Earth in 2030. Retirement plans.	
		Speaking: The environment. Life in the future.	
	Unit 5 (a b)	Reading: The environment. Language school brochures. (Work book.	
	<b>Unit 5 (a, b)</b>	Portfolio 5)	
6		Writing: My plans, hopes and ambitions.	
0		• CONSERVATION WORKS. A CHARITY EVENT.	
	Unit 5 (c, d)	<b>Vocabulary</b> : Verbs and prepositions.	
		<b>Listening</b> : Elephant corridors. A WWF charity event.	
		Speaking: My wildlife experiences.	
		<b>Reading</b> : Face-to-face with a gorilla. A WWF charity event	
		Writing: Formal and informal writing. Exercises (workbook).	
		witting. Formar and informat writing. Exercises (workbook).	
		• TEENAGERS. ROLES PEOPLE PLAY.	
		Vocabulary: Adjectives (2): character. Relationships (2).	
		Listening: Jake's wedding.	
	<b>Unit 6 (a, b)</b>	Speaking: Comparing today's and past times' teenagers. The roles I play	
		in the life.	
		<b>Reading</b> : Living with the enemy.	
		Writing: Sentences comparing me and my family. Exercises	
7			
		• FAMILY BUSINESS. CALL ME BACK.	
		Vocabulary: Adjectives and prefixes (un-; in-; im-; dis-)	
	Unit 6 (c, d)	Listening: Family business Parts 1 and 2.	
		<b>Speaking</b> : Using the phone. Taking and leaving messages.	
		Reading: Soap update: Family Business.	
		Writing: Messages, notes. Exercises (Workbook).	
		• 50 PLACES TO GO.	Midterm
		Vocabulary: Travel.	
		Listening: Holiday arrangements.	
	<b>Unit 7</b> (a)	Speaking: The top five holiday places.	
		<b>Reading</b> : A travel blog. A holiday itinerary.	
		Writing: Exercises (Workbook).	
8			
		• WHAT ARE YOU TAKING?	
		Vocabulary: Things we take on holiday; quantity phrases.	
	<b>Unit 7 (b)</b>	Listening: Packing for a holiday.	
		Speaking: Going on holiday.	
		Reading: Going on holiday.	
		Writing: Exercises (workbook).	
		WISH YOU WERE HERE. IT DOESN'T WORK.	
		Vocabulary: Phrases with go.	
	<b>Unit 7 (c, d)</b>	Listening: The world's most unusual hotels.	
		Speaking: Hotels. Questions with "go".	
		<b>Reading</b> : The world's most unusual hotels.	
		0	
9		Writing: A letter of complaint.	
9		0	
9		<ul> <li>Writing: A letter of complaint.</li> <li>HOME SWEET HOME. MEET THE PARENTS.</li> <li>Vocabulary: Describing your home. Going to dinner.</li> </ul>	
9		<ul> <li>Writing: A letter of complaint.</li> <li>HOME SWEET HOME. MEET THE PARENTS.</li> <li>Vocabulary: Describing your home. Going to dinner.</li> <li>Listening: A lighthouse and a motorhome. Advice on going to dinner.</li> </ul>	
9	Unit 8 (a, b)	<ul> <li>Writing: A letter of complaint.</li> <li>HOME SWEET HOME. MEET THE PARENTS.</li> <li>Vocabulary: Describing your home. Going to dinner.</li> <li>Listening: A lighthouse and a motorhome. Advice on going to dinner.</li> <li>Speaking: Describing my home.</li> </ul>	
9	Unit 8 (a, b)	<ul> <li>Writing: A letter of complaint.</li> <li>HOME SWEET HOME. MEET THE PARENTS.</li> <li>Vocabulary: Describing your home. Going to dinner.</li> <li>Listening: A lighthouse and a motorhome. Advice on going to dinner.</li> </ul>	

10	Unit 8 (c)	• CULTURAL DIFFERENCES. Vocabulary: Common verbs. Listening: Advice on giving presents. Speaking: Personalized questions. Giving presents. Reading: Culture shock! Writing: Tips on how to behave in my country.	
10	Unit 8 (d)	<ul> <li>WHAT'S IT LIKE?</li> <li>Vocabulary: Adjectives (3).</li> <li>Listening: What's Dublin like?</li> <li>Speaking: A town/ city I know well.</li> <li>Reading: Studying abroad. An article (Work book. Portfolio 8)</li> <li>Writing: Exercises (workbook).</li> </ul>	
	Unit 9 (a, b)	• PROBLEMS, PROBLEMS. SLEEPLESS NIGHTS. Vocabulary: Everyday problems. Adjectives (4); feelings Listening: Three problems. Jims' business trip. New parents. Speaking: What will you do if? Reading: A personal email asking for advice.	
11 Unit 9 (c, d)		<ul> <li>Writing: First conditional questions. Sentences about problems in my life.</li> <li>NOISY NEIGHBORS. INVITATIONS.</li> <li>Vocabulary: Phrasal verbs.</li> <li>Listening: Me and my neighbors.</li> <li>Speaking: Problems in neighborhood.</li> <li>Reading: Nightmare neighbors. Dinner plans.</li> <li>Writing: An invitation letter to dinner.</li> </ul>	
12	Unit 10 (a, b) Unit 10 (c, d)	<ul> <li>THE COLLECTORS. SHOPPING TRENDS.</li> <li>Vocabulary: Verbs often used in the passive.</li> <li>Listening: Memorabilia. Shopping now and then.</li> <li>Speaking: Buying &amp; selling. Passive quiz. Shopping habits</li> <li>Reading: The memorabilia business. The story of eBay. A short website article. (Work book. Portfolio 10)</li> <li>Writing: Exercises (workbook).</li> <li>FASHION VICTIMS. IT SUITS YOU.</li> <li>Vocabulary: Clothes shopping.</li> <li>Listening: Gianni Versace.</li> <li>Speaking: Clothes.</li> <li>Reading: The Gucci story. Are you a fashion victim?</li> <li>Writing: Connecting words (3). Giving your opinion. (Work book. Portfolio 10).</li> </ul>	
13	Unit 11 (a)	• GUESS WHAT? Vocabulary: Collocations (3). Listening: I've just lost my job. Speaking: Getting ready to move house. Reading: Three messages. Writing: Exercises. (Workbook).	
	Unit 11 (b)	• MURDER MYSTERY. Vocabulary: Crime. Listening: A murder in the village. The murder trial. Speaking: Who murdered Jack Miller? Discussing the evidence. Reading: A story. (Work book. Portfolio 11) Writing: Exercises (workbook).	
14	Unit 11 (c, d)	• IN THE NEWS. DID YOU? Vocabulary: Guessing meaning from context.	

Listening: Today's news. Four conversations.			
	Speaking: How I get everyday news. My news habits.		
	<b>Reading</b> : Burglars caught by stolen laptop.		
Unit 12 (9)	Writing: Echo questions. A narrative. (workbook)		
Omt 12 (a)	• WORKING ABROAD.		
	Vocabulary: Money.		
	Listening: I want to work abroad. He's wasting his money.		
	Speaking: Working/studying abroad.		
	Reading: Describing your goals. An online diary. (Work book. Portfolio		
	12)		
	Writing: Sentences about my life.		
	• TAKING RISKS. GRAFFITI.		
	<b>Vocabulary</b> : Collocations (4) "take" and "get". Connecting words (2).		
U	Listening: The history of graffiti.		
$\operatorname{Umt} 12(0,\mathbf{C})$	Speaking: Are you a risk-taker? What would you do if? My attitudes to		
	graffiti.		
	Reading: Risk-taker. Banksy – graffiti artist.		
	Writing: Exercises (workbook).		
		Final	
	Unit 12 (a) Unit 12 (b, c)	Unit 12 (a)Speaking: How I get everyday news. My news habits. Reading: Burglars caught by stolen laptop. Writing: Echo questions. A narrative. (workbook) • WORKING ABROAD. 	

# TEXTBOOK(S)

- 1. Chris Redston and Gillie Cunningham: Face2face. Pre-intermediate: Second Edition. Students' Book and Workbook. Cambridge University. 2013.
- 2. English Vocabulary in use. Pre-intermediate-Intermediate. Stuart Redman. 2017.

Assessment		
Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	20%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written-Oral Exam
Total	100%	

# Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Near East University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- In order for you (and your classmates) to be successful in this course, you must submit all of your work on time. This is especially important because so much of your grade depends on giving feedback and revising based on the feedback you receive.
- Drafts for peer review and peer review letters cannot be submitted after the class period they are due (i.e. they receive a zero), unless you've made arrangements with the lecturer.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University General Student Discipline Regulations.

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42

ECTS Credit of the Course	6		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ 5.5		
Total Workload	164		
Preparation for final exam	1	20	20
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	14	14
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Self-study	14	4	56
Tutorials	16	1	16
Presentation	1	10	10

#### BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

#### Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty

Course Unit Title	Calculus I
Course Unit Code	MATH 1101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year of OGEN program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Year of Study	1
Semester when the course unit is delivered	1
Course Coordinator	Ph.D. Azimova G.M.
Name of Lecturer (s)	Ph.D. Azimova G.M.
Name of Assistant (s)	
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Seminar.
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	none
<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	-

# **Course description:**

In this course, the basic classical methods of mathematics, necessary for future engineers, are given. This course includes the following chapters of "Calculus I":

1. Elements of linear algebra and analytical geometry. Matrices and operations on matrices. Determinants.Basic properties,rules for calculation. Equation of a straight line in plane and in space. Equation of a plane. Second –order curves. Ellipse, hyperbola, parabola.

2.Differential calculus of functions of one variable and its applications. Limit of a function. Continuity of a function. Derivative. Basic differentiation rules. Differentiation of Transcendental Functions. Basic theorems of differential calculus. Application of differential calculus to investigation of behavior of functions.

3. Complex Numbers. Operations on Complex Numbers. Geometric interpretation

4. Integration. Antiderivative and Indefinite Integral. Integration Methods. Integration of Rational Functions. Integration of Trigonometric Functions.

This course provides students possibility to achieve high level of mathematical knowledge.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

The teaching students of backgrounds of Calculus needed for future chemical engineers. Students must know the

basic principles of mathematics should be able to apply them. Studying mathematics requires the student to try

solving problems using the knowledge they have gained.

# Learning Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to

2					
	Find the maximum and minimum values of single variable functions.				
3 1	Know and apply i	ntegration methods to find Indefinite integrals	1,2,4		
Assess	sment Methods: 1	. Final Exam, 2. Independent works 3. Midterm, 4. Seminars			
Cours	se's Contribution	to Program			
			CL		
1	Ability to apply a	and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines	4		
	•	nduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary methods for solving it.	3		
(	•	bine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods on field development process in reservoir modeling and reservoir system	5		
1	processes and con	knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative mponents for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, d social point of view.	5		
1	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.				
6 4		ne skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	4		
7 (	Constant and cont	tinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	1		
	Apply knowledge to oil and gas ope	of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions rations.	3		
		the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon ng formation evaluation techniques.	3		
	-	strate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical i in exploration and production.	2		
		(1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
	e Contents		ſ		
Week	c Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1]	Matrices and operations on matrices. Determinants.Basic properties,rules for calculation.			
2	2 [1] Equation of a straight line in plane and in space. Equation of a plane. Second –order curves. Ellipse, hyperbola, parabola.				
3	Complex Numbers. Operations on Complex Numbers. Geometric				
4	[1], [2]	Limit of a function. Basic theorems on limits. Remarkable limits.			
5	5 [1], [2] Continuity of a function. Points of discontinuity of a function. Properties of continuous functions				

6	[1], [2]	Derivative. Geometrical meaning of the derivative. Differential Table of derivatives. Basic differentiation rules.	
7	[1], [2]	Differentiation of Transcendental Functions	
8	[1], [2]	Basic theorems of differential calculus. Theorems of Rolle, Lagrange, Cauchy.L`Hospital`s rule.Indeterminate forms of the type $\frac{0}{0}, \frac{\infty}{\infty}$ .Taylor`s formula.	Midterm
9	[1], [2]	Application of differential calculus to investigation of behavior of functions. Testing functions for monotonicity. Extrema of functions.	
10	[1], [2]	Convexity and concavity of a curve. Point of inflection. Asymptotes of a curve.	
11	[1], [2]	Antiderivative and Indefinite Integral. Integration Methods	
12	[1], [2]	Integration of Rational Functions (Rational Fractions). Integration of Irrational Functions	
13	[1], [2]	Integration of Trigonometric Functions	
14	[1], [2]	Application of Integration	
15	15		Final

TEXTBOOK(S) 1. James Stewart Calculus. Early Transcendentals. McMaster University and University of Toronto. Printed in USA, 2014.

2. Thomas'Calculus. George B. Thomas. Massachusetts Institute of Technology.2004

3. Calculus. Ron Larson. Bruce Edwards ,2014

4. A.F. Bermant, I.G.Aramanovich. Mathematical Analysis. Moscow. 2005

Assessment		
Attendance		Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Independent works	20%	
Seminars		
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	
Assessment Criteria	I	
Final grades are determined a	according to the Ac	ademic Regulations of University Guidelines for Undergraduate
Studies		

# **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students can use calculators during the exam.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
	Tumber	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	8	8
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	14	14
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	18	18
Total Workload			172
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ 5.73
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

#### BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

#### Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

Course Unit Title	Intro to Petroleum Engineering
Course Unit Code	OGEN 1101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	3
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	3
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	3
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	3
Semester when the course unit is delivered	5
Course Coordinator	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Lecturer (s)	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project (oral and written)
Prerequisites	
<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	

#### **Course description:**

" Intro to Petroleum Engineering " by teaching special subjects in the development of the "Oil And Gas engineering" specialties relating to the subject of training subjects to occupy an important place. Enhanced oil recovery technologies are also being used for in-situ extraction of organic pollutants from permeable media. In these applications, the extraction is referred to as cleanup or remediation, and the hydrocarbon as product. Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

By the end of the course the students should be able to learn :

- Provide overview of modern Intro to Petroleum Engineering industry
- Provide skillful understanding of Intro to Petroleum Engineering theory
- Perform advanced Intro to Petroleum Engineering and well planning and operations related calculations

Lear	ning Outcomes			
At th	At the end of the course the student should be able to			
1	1 Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.			
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3		
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4		
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2		
5	Use the discourse patterns and structures in different essay types that they need for real life.	2, 3		
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4		
7	2,3,4			
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presenta	tion, 6. Lab. Work		
Cou	rse's Contribution to Program			
		CL		
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3		
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4		
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modeling and reservoir system design.	5		

4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.		3
5	Ability to int research and system.	4	
6	Ability to a multidisciplin	apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a nary team.	1
7	Constant and	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
8		edge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate il and gas operations.	5
9	Critically app	by the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon is using formation evaluation techniques.	4
10	Ability to der activities inve	nonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical olved in exploration and production.	3
		evel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
	se Contents		
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam
1	[1], [2]	Facilities and processes	
2	[1], [2]	Exploration	
3	[2]	Upstream	
4	[1], [2]	Midstream	
5	[1], [2]	Refining	
6	[1]	Petrochemical	
7	[1]	Reservoir and wellheads	
8			Midterm
9	[1], [2]	The upstream oil and gas process	
10	[1], [2]	Midstream facilities	
11	[1], [2]	Refining methods	
12	[1], [2]	Petrochemical methods	
13	[1], [2]	Utility systems	
14	[1], [2]	Unconventional and conventional resources and environmental effects	
15			Final

1.Håvard Devold Oil and gas production handbook An introduction to oil and gas production, transport, refining and petrochemical industry Oslo, 2013

2. Hussain Rabia .Well Engineering & Construction.

**3.** John Ford. Drilling Engineering. HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY ,Department of Petroleum Engineering,Edinburgh, 2013

4. E.M.Suleymanov Deformation and service life of cement stone in well 2017

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

# Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Inuilibei	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	2	28
Presentation	1	5	5
Tutorials	-	-	-
Self-study	14	3	42
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	7	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	L		102
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>3.4</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course			3

# Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

Course Unit Title	General Chemistry I
Course Unit Code	CHEM 1101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year OGEN program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	0
Laboratory (hour/week)	1
Year of Study	1
Semester when the course unit is delivered	1
Course Coordinator	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
Name of Lecturer (s)	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
Name of Assistant (s)	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Laboratory.
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	-

Historical development of chemistry science. Matter and measurements. Classification of inorganic compounds. Electronic structure of atom and molecule. Atomic properties and Periodic table. The main Laws of chemistry. Bonding Theory. Hybridization of AO. Classification and nomenclature of complex compounds. Bases of Thermodynamics.

**Objectives of the Course:** 

The aim of the subject is formation of real comprehension of the world- scientific view of contemporary theories based on interrelation of nature laws and phenomena, systematization and deepening of students' knowledge in the field of chemistry. The main goal of the subject in the process of training is to master theoretical and practical basis of analytical chemistry for its application in solution of various ecological problems, analysis of water, seil, air and in chemical technology industry.

At th	e end of the course the student will be able to	Assessment	
1	Define principal chemical concepts. Explain chemical composition and gas laws.	1,	
2	Name the inorganic compounds.	1,2,3,4	
3	Explain unit systems. Explain basic and derivative quantities.	1,4	
4	Solve problems with the help chemical reactions. Define Chemical reactions. Compose	1	
	reaction stoichiometry.		
5	Explain Periodic table and properties of elements. Explain the properties of matter and chemical bonds by using electron configurations.	1,4	
6	Define internal energy, state functions and Laws of thermodynamics.	1,3,4	

Cour	rse's Contribu	ition to Program		
			CL	
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.			
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.		4	
3		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods carbon field development process in reservoir modeling and reservoir system	4	
4	According to processes and	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative l components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, l and social point of view.	4	
5	Ability to int	erpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	3	
6	Ability to app multidisciplin	ly the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a lary team.	4	
7	Constant and	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2	
8	to oil and gas		3	
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon s using formation evaluation techniques.	3	
10	Ability to de	emonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical plyed in exploration and production.	2	
CL: C		evel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)		
Cour	se Contents			
Weel	k Chapter	Topics	Exam	
1	[1]	Chemistry: Matter and measurement		
2	[1],[2]	Atoms. Molecules and ions. Chemical and physical properties		
3	[1],[2]	Stoichiometry: Chemical Calculations; Chemical reactions in aqueous solutions.		
4	[1],[2]	The main laws of chemistry		
5	[1],[2]	Atomic structure. Explaining the properites of elements.		
6	[1],[2]	Electron configurations, atomic properties and Periodic table.		
7	[1],[2]	Chemical bonds		
8	[2]	Bonding Theory and Molecular structure	Midterm	
9	[1],[2]	Hybridization of atomic orbitals		
10	[1],[2]	Complex compounds. Verner's theory		
11	[1],[2]	Classification and nomenclature of complex compounds		
12	[1],[2]	State of matter and Intermolecular forces		
13	[1],[2]	Thermodynamics		
14	[1],[2]	Thermochemistry		
15			Final	
Cour	se Contents		1	
Weel	k Chapter	Topics	Exam	
1	1	Familiarization with common laboratory equipment and safety rules.		
2	2	Classification of main classes of inorganic compounds		

3	3	Determination of the equivalent mass of metals.
4	4	Molar mass and volume of carbon dioxide.
5	5	İdentification of a compound:Chemical properties.
6	6	Preparation and characterization of complex compounds
7	7	Coordination complexes of the d-block metals

# TEXTBOOK(S)

- 1. Steven S. Zumdahl, Susan A. Zumdahl Chemistry an atoms first approach: second edition, 2016 p.1216
- Thomas R. Gilbert, Rein V. Kirss, Natalie Foster, Stacey Lowery Bretz, Chemistry. An Atoms-Focused Approach (Second Edition) <u>W.W.Norton@Company</u>, London, 2018. p.1256.
- 3. Catherine E.Housecroft, Edüin C.Constable, Chemistry, Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, United States, 2005, p.1316.

# Assessment Attendance Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade Presentation 20% Midterm Exam 30% Written Exam Final Exam 50% Written Exam Total 100% Incomparent Activity in the stam

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students cannot use calculators during the exam.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

#### ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	6	6
Tutorials	15	2	30
Self-study	14	6	64
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14

Total Workload	169
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ 5.63
ECTS Credit of the Course	6

# Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

Course Unit Title	Introduction to laboratory safety & hazardous materials
Course Unit Code	LAB 1101

Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	3
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	1
Semester when the course unit is delivered	1
Course Coordinator	Leyla Z.Vezirova
Name of Lecturer (s)	Leyla Z.Vezirova
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
Recommended Optional Programme Components	-

Practicing safe science is an essential and fundamental responsibility of every laboratory worker. In this course, we will examine some common laboratory procedures, the hazards associated with these procedures, personal protective equipment that can be used to minimize associated with the laboratory accidents and emergency equipment that can be used in the event of specific types of laboratory accidents. In order to assure consumer safety and product quality, the biomedical and pharmaceutical industry is regulated by various government agencies. Compliance with the regulations and guidelines set forth buy these agencies is essential for successful product development, licensing and marketing. Therefore, we will examine some of the predominant regulations and the enforcing agencies.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

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Students should know more about lab safety culture, precautionary labels, Material Safety Data Sheets, using personal protective equipment, handling lab equipment safely, handling, storing and disposing of chemicals safely, using emergency equipment as well as safety planning.

Lear	ning Outcomes	
At th	Assessment	
1	An understanding of Chemical Labeling & Safety. Demonstrate safe handling of chemicals and equipment in the laboratory	1,3
2	An understanding of Good Lab Practice, Good Manufacturing Practice & Fire Safety Demonstrate knowledge of Good Laboratory Practices (GLPs), Good Manufacturing	1,2,3
	Practices (GMPs) and Fire Safety	
3	Ability to analyze Regulatory Agencies Demonstrate familiarity with international and federal regulatory agencies that impact the work of Biotechnology	2,3
4	An understanding of Emergency Equipment & Standard Operating Procedures Recognize and maintain various PPE and emergency equipment in a laboratory setting as well as evaluating Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) and safety plans.	2,3

5	Understand and exerc	cise professional and ethical norms.	1,3			
		nal Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Midterm				
Cour	se's Contribution to	Program				
			CL			
1	1         Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.					
	The ability to conduc requirements and met	t a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary thods for solving it.	3			
	of the hydrocarbon fidesign.	he knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods eld development process in reservoir modeling and reservoir system	4			
		wledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative nents for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, ocial point of view.	5			
		lata, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of nents, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the				
		kills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	4			
7	Constant and continu	ous self-development and learning for a long time.	3			
	Apply knowledge of solutions to oil and ga	information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate as operations.	3			
9		essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon formation evaluation techniques.	2			
10	<ul> <li>Ability to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical activities involved in exploration and production.</li> </ul>					
CL: C		Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)				
Cours	e Contents					
Week	Chapter	Topics	Exam			
1	[2] c.1, p.1.3-1.45	Introduction to the course: The Business of Biotechnology: The Transformation of Knowledge into Products				
2	[3] ch.2, p.9-35	The Lifecycle of Pharmaceutical Products				
3	[3] ch.4, p.59-85	Introduction to Product Quality Systems. Biotechnology and the Regulation of Medical Food Products.				
4	[3] ch.9, p.74-90	Documentation				
5	[3] ch.11, p.103-190 Quality Systems in the Production Facility. Quality Systems in the Laboratory					
6	[2] ch.7, p. 7.4-7.91 Minimizing, controlling, and managing hazards. Chemical management: [2] ch.8, p. 8.3-8.39 inspections, storage, wastes, and security.					
7	[3] ch.21, p.157-165 GMP , Quality Control/Quality Assurance Manager,					
8	[2] ch.2, p. 2.3-2.37 Fire Safety. Introduction to a Safe Workplace.		Midterm			
9	[2] ch.1, p. 1.3-1.45 [2] ch.3, p. 3.3-3.47	Working Safely in the Laboratory:				
10	[2] ch.5, p. 5.3-5.131	General Considerations and Physical Hazards.				
11	[4] ch.2,3,4,5, p.25- 160	Good Laboratory Practice (FDA/GLP Regulations, The Good Automated Laboratory Practices, Implementing GLPs in a Non-GLP Analytical Laboratory)				
12	[4] ch.6,7,8,9, p.167-       Good Laboratory Practice (Controlling the Good Laboratory Practices)         240       Inspection Process, GLP Documentation, The FDA's GLP Inspection Program, The Future of the Good Laboratory Practice Regulations)					

13	[2] ch.1, p. 1.3-1.45	Working Safely with Chemicals	
14	[2] ch.4, p. 4.1-4.47	Working Safely with Toxic substances and Biological Agents	
15			Final
D	1.10		

# TEXTBOOK(S)

- 1. Basic methods for the biochemical Lab, Martin Holtzhauer, 2006.
- 2. Laboratory safety fo chemistry students, Robert H., Hill J.R., David C., 2010
- Pharmaceutical Master Validation Plan, The Ultimate Guide to FDA., GMP and GLP compliance, Syed Imtiaz Haider, 2001
- 4. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, Sandy Weiberg, 2007

#### Assessment

Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	20%	
Seminars	0%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of Azerbaijan State Oil and İndustry

# University

# **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Material presented in the lecture as well as assigned readings will be included in testing.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated.
- Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload				
Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)	
Course duration in class	14	2	28	
Presentation	1	3	3	
Tutorials	12	1	12	
Self-study	14	3	42	
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3	
Preparation for midterm exams	1	3	3	
Final Examination	1	3	3	
Preparation for final exam	1	9	9	

Total Workload	103
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>3.43</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course	3

# Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

Course Unit Title	Industrial Economics and Finance

Course Unit Code	ECON 1101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year OGEN program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	
Semester when the course unit is delivered	
Course Coordinator	Rashid A. JABRAILOV
Name of Lecturer (s)	Rashid A. JABRAILOV
Name of Assistant (s)	Natavan IBRAHIMOVA
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Seminar.
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
<b>Recommended Optional Programme</b>	-
Components	

Introduction to Industrial Economics. The evolution of the industry. Operations management. Production process and Productivity. Fixed and current assets. Efficiency and profitability analysis. Supply Chain Management (SCM). Push and Pull strategies. Decision making process. Corporate finance. Internal and external sources of finance.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

The course is intended to lead students to an appreciation of the role of the energy industry in the global economy and the issues associated with managing resource based economies. The main objective of the course is to help students to understand:

- the potential role of energy resources to fulfill our energy demand
- forecasting our future energy demand
- how energy markets operate
- issues of resource management

# **Learning Outcomes**

At th	e end of the course the student will be able to	Assessment
1	Describe and explain the determinants of the size and structure of firms and the implications of the separation of ownership and control	1,2,3,4
2	Describe and explain the pricing behaviour by firms with market power and its welfare implications	1,2,5

3	understand th	ne need for government policies in various energy markets.	3,4,5
4	Make simple	forecast about energy demand and use demand analysis models	1,2
5	Recognise ar	nd explain the basic determinants of market structure and the key	2,3,4
	-	apetition policy and regulation.	
		ods: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Quizzes, 4. Midterm exam, 5. Ser	ninars
Cour	se's Contrib	ution to Program	
			CL
1	Ability to appl	y and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	2
		conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary and methods for solving it.	2
		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods rbon field development process in reservoir modeling and reservoir system	3
	processes and	he knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, and social point of view.	4
		rpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of xperiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	3
	Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary team.		
7	Constant and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	5
		dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate l and gas operations.	2
		y the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques	1
	Ability to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical activities involved in exploration and production		
CL: C	Contribution L	evel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Cours	se Contents		
Week	Chapter	Topics	Exam
1	[1]	Introduction to Industrial Economics. The evolution of the industry in Azerbaijan.	
2	[1]	Operations management. Production process within a company. Productivity	
3	[1]	Organization and administration of an industry. Classification of industries.	
4	[1]	Fixed and current assets	
5	[1]	Human resources of the company. Wages and compensations.	
6	[1]	Revenues and costs. Production costs. Cost and revenue analysis. Marginal revenue and marginal costs.	
7	[1]	Efficiency and profitability	

8	[1]	Management and its levels. Organizational functions of management.	Midterm
9	[1]	Supply Chain Management (SCM). Push and Pull strategies.	
10	[1]	Decision making process. Techniques of decision making. Types of decisions.	
11	[1]	Corporate finance. Internal and external sources of finance for a company.	
12	[1]	Taxes. Characteristics of taxes. Taxation system. Taxes paid by industries.	
13	[1]	Insurance services for industries. Types of insurance.	
14	[1]	Bank operations. Banks as the main financial partner of industries.	
15			Final

# TEXTBOOK(S)

1. Subhes C. Bhattacharyya. Energy Economics: Concepts, Issues, Markets and Governance. Springer 2011

Assessment		
Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	20%	
Seminars (Quizzes)	0%	
Laboratories	0%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	
	•	·

# Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University for Undergraduate Studies

# **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students cannot use calculators during the exam.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload				
Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)	
Course duration in class	14	3	42	
Presentation	1	13	13	
Tutorials	14	1	14	
Self-study	14	5	70	

Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	2	14
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	173		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.76</b>		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

# Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

Course Unit Title English 2
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Course Unit Code	ENG 1201
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	5
Theoretical (hour/week)	0
Practice (hour/week)	3
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	3
Course Coordinator	Yunsurova A.S., Shirinova N.M.
Name of Lecturer (s)	
Name of Assistant (s)	
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	ENG 1101
<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	

Develops students' autonomy, evaluation, analysis and research skills and synthesizing ability. Students will learn the discourse patterns and structures to be used in different essay types. An academic essay and a project report are assigned.

**Objectives of the Course:** 

During orientation you can expect to:

- to stimulate students interest in the subject and to encourage them to learn more about.
- to provide opportunities for students to work in teams.
- to lead students to deliver "individual works", to observe peers and provoke peer feedback.
- to develop students reading, writing, listening and speaking skills.
- to focus on language functions and structures.
- to increase the students' knowledge of vocabulary, specialized terms and idioms using in social situations.

# Learning Outcomes

t the e	nd of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	understand a simple personal letter about everyday life	
2	understand descriptions of events	2
3	use general language in discussions and talks	2,3
4	to do research work on particular topics covered through the module	2
5	expand their scientific reading skill and thinking skills	2,5
6	understand short narratives about everyday things, descriptions of events and	2, 5
	feelings	
7	write a clearly structured story	

8	write a messag	e for website giving factual information, recognize and correct	
	common mistak		
9		d informal letter using appropriate language	
10		of vocabulary in speaking	
Assessm	nent Methods:		
Course's	s Contribution to F	Program	CI
1	A1 '1' / 1		CL
1		and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	1
2	The ability to con and methods for s	duct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements solving it.	4
3	The ability to con	mbine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the development process in reservoir modeling and reservoir system design.	1
4		knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and	
	components for s	ystems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social	5
5	point of view.	et data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and	
U		well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.	1
6	_	he skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary team.	4
7	Constant and con	tinuous self-development and learning for a long time	4
8	Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions to oil		1
9	and gas operations.         Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon accumulations		
		evaluation techniques.	1
10		strate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical activities	1
CL: Con		varian and production. Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Course (	Contents		
Week	Chapter	Topics	Exam
		• Be happy. Vocabulary and Speaking: Weekend activities. Reading	
	Unit 1A B.	and Speaking: <i>The secret of happiness</i> . Listening and Speaking:	
	p.6,7,9	CD1-1 Love it or hate it. Vocabulary and Speaking. <i>Likes and</i>	
1	1 / /	dislikes. Reading. Things we love and things we hate.	
	Unit 1C,D.	• Join the Club! Vocabulary and Speaking. Adjectives (1); feelings.	
	p.10-13	Listening and Speaking CD1-4. Reading and Speaking. <i>Laughter is</i>	
		the best medicine. Real world exercises. Video 1	
	<b>Unit 2A.</b> p.	• Slow down! Vocabulary and Speaking: Collocations (1); work.	
2	14,15	Listening and Speaking CD1-9, CD1- 10	
2	Unit 2B p.	• Street food. Vocabulary and Speaking; <i>Food and ways of cooking</i> .	
	16,18	Speaking and Reading; Street food Blog. Exercise 6a	
		• Sleepless nights. Vocabulary and Speaking. <i>Sleep</i> . Listening:	
	Unit 2C,D	CD1-13. Reading, Vocabulary and Speaking. <i>It's a nightmare</i> .	
3	p18 21	Real world exercises. Video 2	
3	Unit 3A, B	• The tourist trade. Vocabulary and Speaking: Phrasal verbs (1);	
		$\bullet$ The contribution of a comparison of the contribution of the c	
	p.22, 23, 24,25	travel. Listening; CD1-19, CD1-23	

		<b>Lonely planet.</b> Vocabulary. Phrases with travel, get and go on. Speaking and Listening. The world's greatest travelers.	
4	Unit 3 C,D.p.22,24 Unit 4 A p.30-31 Unit 4B p. 32-33	<ul> <li>Voluntourism. Speaking and Listening. CD1-25. Reading, Vocabulary and Speaking; <i>Volunteers</i> Real world exercises. Video 3</li> <li>Musical experiences. Vocabulary and Speaking. Collocations <i>Music</i>. Reading Modern adventures. Vocabulary and Speaking. and Speaking. Big River Man.CD1- 31. Exercise 7a</li> </ul>	
5	Unit 4C,D. p 34-37 Unit 5Ap.38 Unit 5 Bp. 40-41	<ul> <li>Unusual days out. Speaking and Reading. The World's Weirdest museum. Listening and Speaking. CD1- 36. Real World Exercises Video 4</li> <li>Our new home. Vocabulary and Speaking. <i>Homes</i>. Reading and Listening. CD1-42 A load of old junk. Reading, Vocabulary and Speaking. <i>Just get rid of it!</i> Listening and Speaking. CD1-44,CD1-47</li> </ul>	
6	Unit 5 C,D p. 42-45 Unit 6 A. p 56-47 Unit 6 B. p. 48-49	<ul> <li>Birthdays. Speaking, Reading and Vocabulary. <i>Happy birthday</i> to you! Listening and Speaking. CD1 -48. Real world exercises. Video5</li> <li>Make up your mind. Vocabulary, Speaking and Listening. CD1-5, Exercise 1, 2,8,9,10 Fear for failure. Speaking and Reading. <i>How to measure success.</i> Exercises 1,2 5 Writing giving an opinion</li> </ul>	
7	Unit 6 C,D.p.50-54 Unit 7 A. p. 54-55 Unit 7 B. p. 56-57	<ul> <li>Touch Wood. Vocabulary and Speaking. Exercise 1-2 Listening. CD1-10. Speaking, Reading and Vocabulary. The secret of luck. Real World. Exercises. Video 6</li> <li>Have a go! Vocabulary and Speaking Goals and achievements. Reading. Have a go! Public holiday (What would you do? Vocabulary and Speaking. Computers. Speaking and Listening CD2- 17)</li> </ul>	
8	Unit 7 C,D.p.58-61 Unit 8 A.p. 62-63 Unit 8 B p. 64-65	<ul> <li>Social Networking. Vocabulary and Speaking. <i>The lonely generation?</i> Listening CD2-22 Real world exercises. Video 7</li> <li>Angry planet Vocabulary and Speaking. Exercises 1, 2. Reading <i>Natural Disasters</i>. Recycle! Vocabulary <i>Countries</i>. Speaking and Listening CD2-31 Writing organizing a letter/ e mail; connecting words, the passive</li> </ul>	Midterm
9	<b>Unit 8 C,D.</b> p. 66- 69 <b>Unit 9 A.B</b> p. 70-71	<ul> <li>Dangers at sea, hiking trip Speaking and Listening CD2- 34, Reading, Vocabulary and Speaking <i>Saving Jesse's Arm</i>. CD2- 35. Video 8</li> <li>Get healthy! Reading and Listening <i>Just juice</i> Vocabulary and Speaking. CD2-39. Good news, bad news. Speaking and Vocabulary. Listening CD2-40. Listening and Speaking</li> </ul>	
10	Unit 9 C,D p. 74-77	<ul> <li>Human behavior. At the doctor's. Vocabulary and Speaking. Body movements and responses. Reading.</li> <li>Why?Speaking and Listening. CD2- 44, CD2- 47, CD2- 48 Video 9</li> </ul>	

11	Unit 10 A p. 78,79 Unit 10 B p. 80- 81	<ul> <li>The anniversary. Vocabulary and Speaking. <i>Contacting people</i>. Speaking and Listening. CD3-1</li> <li>Who's that? Vocabulary and Speaking. <i>Describing and Speaking</i>. Listening CD3- 3, CD3- 5</li> </ul>	
12	Unit 10 C, D p. 82-85 Unit 11 A p. 86-87	<ul> <li>I do! Do you mind? Reading and Vocabulary For better, for Worse CD3- 8, CD3- 9 Video 10</li> <li>Any messages? Vocabulary and Speaking. Listening Cd3-13</li> </ul>	
13	Unit 11 B p. 88-89 Unit 11 Cp. 82-83	<ul> <li>How did it go? Vocabulary and Speaking. Exercise 1a. Speaking and Listening CD3 17, 18. What not to ask in an interview! CD3-20</li> <li>Undercover. Speaking, Reading and Vocabulary. Under cover's success is not secret. Listening and Speaking.</li> </ul>	
14	Unit 12 A, B Unit 12 C,D	<ul> <li>It's my first day CD3-22. Exercises 2a,b,c I wish! Vocabulary and Speaking. Listening CD3- 29,30</li> <li>Important moments Vocabulary and Speaking <i>Phrases with get</i> Listening CD3- 31</li> <li>Superheroes. Speaking and Listening CD3- 35 <i>The Real Spider</i> <i>Man</i></li> </ul>	
15			Final

# TEXTBOOK(S)

3. Chris Redston and Gillie Cunningham: Face2face. Pre-intermediate: Second Edition. Students' Book and Workbook. Cambridge University. 2013.

# 4. English Vocabulary in use. Pre-intermediate-Intermediate. Stuart Redman. 2017. Assessment

Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	20%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written-Oral Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Near East University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- In order for you (and your classmates) to be successful in this course, you must submit all of your work on time. This is especially important because so much of your grade depends on giving feedback and revising based on the feedback you receive.
- Drafts for peer review and peer review letters cannot be submitted after the class period they are due (i.e. they receive a zero), unless you've made arrangements with the lecturer.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University General Student Discipline Regulations.

# ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	10	10
Tutorials	14	2	28
Self-study	14	4	56
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	163		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ 5.43		
ECTS Credit of the Course	5		

Course Unit Title	Calculus II
Course Unit Code	MATH 1201
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year of OGEN program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	5
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Year of Study	1
Semester when the course unit is delivered	1
Course Coordinator	Ph.D. Azimova G.M.
Name of Lecturer (s)	Ph.D. Azimova G.M.
Name of Assistant (s)	
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Seminar.
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	MATH 1101 Calculus I
Recommended Optional Programme Components	-

In this course, the basic classical methods of mathematics, necessary for future engineers, are given. This course includes the following chapters of "Calculus II":

1. Definite Integral. Applications of Definite Integral.

2. Differential calculus of functions of several variable and its applications

3. Numerical Series. Alternating series. Functional Series. Taylor and Maclaurin Series.

This course provides students possibility to achieve high level of mathematical knowledge.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

The teaching students of backgrounds of Calculus needed for future chemical engineers. Students must know the basic principles of mathematics should be able to apply them. Studying mathematics requires the student to try solving problems using the knowledge they have gained.

Learning Outcomes				
At the	Assessment			
1	Apply the limits, continuity, derivative and integral concepts related with the multi- variable functions.	1,2,3,4		
2	Calculate the maximum and minimum values of multi-variable functions	1,2,3,4		

3	Calculate the area	as bounded by the curves, the volumes and the lateral areas of rotating	1,2,4			
L	oodies by using tl	ne megrais.				
Assess	sment Methods: 1	. Final Exam, 2. Independent works, 3. Midterm, 4. Seminars, 5. Quizzes				
Cours	e's Contributior	n to Program				
			CL			
1 4	Ability to apply a	nd deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	4			
		duct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary methods for solving it.	3			
3 7	The ability to cor	nbine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods	~			
	of the hydrocarbo design.	on field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	5			
		e knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative	5			
		mponents for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, d social point of view.	5			
5 A	Ability to interpr	ret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of	4			
	research and exp system.	eriments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4			
6 A	Ability to apply the	he skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	4			
	eam. Constant and con	tinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	1			
	Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions					
t	to oil and gas operations.					
		the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon ing formation evaluation techniques.	3			
		strate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical d in exploration and production.	2			
		(1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)				
Course	e Contents					
Week	Chapter	Topics	Exam			
1	[1], [2]	Sums and Sigma Notation. Areas as Limits of Sums. The Definite Integral.				
1	[1], [2]					
2	[1]	Basic Properties of a Definite Integral. The Newton-Leibniz Theorem.				
-	[-]	Methods of evaluating definite integral.				
3 [1], [2]		[1], [2] Applications of Definite Integral. Arc Length. Areas of Surfaces of Revolution				
4	[1], [2]	Volumes Using Cross-Sections .Volumes Using Cylindrical Shells				
5	[1], [2]	Improper Integrals. Improper integrals with infinite limits. Improper				
=	L 37 L-3	integrals of unbounded functions				
6	[1], [2]	Functions of two variables. Limit of a function of two variables. Continuity				
7	[1], [2]	Partial derivatives. Differentials. Total differential				
8	[2]		Midterm			
	L J	Directional Derivative. Gradient.				

9	[2]	Derivatives and differentials of higher orders. Extrema of function of two variables	
10	[2]	Numerical Series. Properties of Convergent Series. Necessary Condition for Convergence of a Series. Comparison Tests for Positive series. D'Alembert's Test. Cauchy' Root Test.	
11	[1], [2]	Alternating series. Absolute and conditional convergence. Leibniz' test.	
12	[1], [2]	Functional Series. Weierstrass' test. Power Series. Abel's theorem.	
13	[1], [2]	Taylor and Maclaurin Series. Applications of Taylor and Maclaurin Series.	
14	[1], [2]	Parametric Equations and Polar Coordinates	
15			Final

TEXTBOOK(S) 1. Calculus. Early Transcendentals. Calculus. McMaster University and University of Toronto. Printed in USA, 2014.

2. Thomas' Calculus. George B. Thomas. Massachusetts Institute of Technology.2004

3. Calculus. Ron Larson. Bruce Edwards ,2014

4. A.F. Bermant, I.G.Aramanovich. Mathematical Analysis. Moscow. 2005

Attendance		Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Independent works	20%	
Seminars (Quizzes)		
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

# Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of University Guidelines for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students can use calculators during the exam.

• Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	12	12
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	7	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	165		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ 5.5		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

	General Chemistry II
Course Unit Code	CHEM 1201
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year OGEN program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	1
Semester when the course unit is delivered	2
Course Coordinator	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
Name of Lecturer (s)	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
Name of Assistant (s)	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Seminar.
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	CHEM 1101
Recommended Optional Programme Components	-

Chemical Kinetics. Le Chatelier's principle on chemical equilibrium. Disperse systems. Classification of solutions. Solubility. Methods of expressing the concentration of solutions. Solutions of electrolytes. Strong and weak electrolytes, the degree and the dissociation constant hydrogen index. Reactions in solutions of electrolytes. Ionic exchange reactions. Hydrolysis of salts. The modern theory of acids and basis. Oxidation-reduction reactions and factors affecting their direction. Electrolysis of melts and solutions. Laws of electrolysis. General properties of metals. Obtaining metals from ores. Corrosion of metals and method of protection.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

The aim of the subject is formation of real comprehension of the world- scientific view of contemporary theories based on interrelation of nature laws and phenomena, systematization and deepening of students' knowledge in the field of chemistry. The main goal of the subject in the process of training is to master theoretical and practical basis of chemistry for its application in solution of various ecological problems, analysis of water, seil, air and in chemical technology industry.

Learning Outcomes					
At th	At the end of the course the student will be able to Assessment				
1	Decribe chemical kinetics. Define reaction rate.	1,			
2	Calculate halflife and concentration for the first and second order reactions.	1,2,4,3			
3	Express chemical equilibrium. Define equilibrium constant.	1,3			
4	Express importance of Le Chatelier's principle on chemical equilibrium	1,3,4			
5	List basics and acids Electrochemistry. Write redox reactions.	1,3			
6	Ability write electrolysis solutions of salts.	1,3			

Asse	ssme	nt Methods	s: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Lab. Work, 4. Quizzes		
			ion to Program		
				CL	
1	Abi	lity to appl	y and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	5	
2			conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary and methods for solving it.	4	
3	The	ability to o he hydroca	combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	4	
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.				
5		arch and e	rpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	3	
6		lity to appl	y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	4	
7	Con	stant and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2	
8		•	dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	3	
9		* 11	ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	3	
10	activ	vities invol	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical ved in exploration and production.	2	
			vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)		
Cour	se Co	ontents			
Wee	k	Chapter	Topics	Exam	
1		[1], [2]	Chemical kinetics		
2		[1], [2]	Catalysis and catalysts		
3		[1], [2]	Chemical equilibrium. Acid and bases in aqueous solution:pH		
4		[1]	Dispers systems. Solutions		
5		[1]	Physical properties of solutions.		
6		[1]	Solutions of electrolytes		
7		[1], [2]	Hydrolysis of salts.		
8		[1], [2]	Acids, base and acid-base Theory	Midterm	
9		[1], [2]	Electrochemistry		
10		[1], [2]	Redox reactions		
11		[1], [2]	Electrolysis and Faradey's Laws		
12		[1], [2]	Nuclear chemistry		
13		[1], [2]	Common properties of metals. Industrial production of metals.		
		[1], [2]	Corrosion of metals.		
14		2 3/ 2 3			

#### TEXTBOOK(S)

- 1. William L. Masterton, Cecile N. Hurley, Edward J. Neth. Chemistry: Principles and reactions, Belmont, CA Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning 2012, p.774
- 2. Thomas R. Gilbert, Rein V. Kirss, Natalie Foster, Stacey Lowery Bretz, Chemistry.An Atoms-Focused Approach (Second Edition) <u>W.W.Norton@Company</u>, London, 2018.p.1256.
- 3. Catherine E.Housecroft, Edüin C.Constable, Chemistry, Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, United States, 2005, p.1316.

# Assessment

Attendance		Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	20%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students cannot use calculators during the exam.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

#### ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Tumber	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	7	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload			167
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.5</b> 7

ECTS Credit of the Course
---------------------------

6

Course Unit CodeLAB 1201Type of Course UnitCompulsoryLevel of Course Unit1st year OGEN programNational Credits0Number of ECTS Credits Allocated4Theoretical (hour/week)0Practice (hour/week)0Laboratory (hour/week)2Year of Study1Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratoryLanguage of InstructionEnglish	Course Unit Title	General Chemistry Laboratory II
Level of Course Unit1st year OGEN programNational Credits0Number of ECTS Credits Allocated4Theoretical (hour/week)0Practice (hour/week)0Laboratory (hour/week)2Year of Study1Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	Course Unit Code	LAB 1201
National Credits0Number of ECTS Credits Allocated4Theoretical (hour/week)0Practice (hour/week)0Laboratory (hour/week)2Year of Study1Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated4Theoretical (hour/week)0Practice (hour/week)0Laboratory (hour/week)2Year of Study1Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year OGEN program
Theoretical (hour/week)0Practice (hour/week)0Laboratory (hour/week)2Year of Study1Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	National Credits	0
Practice (hour/week)0Laboratory (hour/week)2Year of Study1Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Laboratory (hour/week)2Year of Study1Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	Theoretical (hour/week)	0
Year of Study1Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	Practice (hour/week)	0
Semester when the course unit is delivered1Course CoordinatorProfessor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	Laboratory (hour/week)	2
Course Coordinator     Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova       Name of Lecturer (s)     Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova       Name of Assistant (s)     Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova       Mode of Delivery     Laboratory	Year of Study	1
Name of Lecturer (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaName of Assistant (s)Professor Minira M. AghahuseynovaMode of DeliveryLaboratory	Semester when the course unit is delivered	1
Name of Assistant (s)     Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova       Mode of Delivery     Laboratory	Course Coordinator	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
Mode of Delivery     Laboratory	Name of Lecturer (s)	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
	Name of Assistant (s)	Professor Minira M. Aghahuseynova
Language of Instruction English	Mode of Delivery	Laboratory
	Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites CHEM 1201	Prerequisites	CHEM 1201
Recommended Optional Programme Components -	<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	-

**Course description:** 

Historical development of chemistry science. Matter and measurements. Classification of inorganic compounds. Electronic structure of atom and molecule. Atomic properties and Periodic table. The main Laws of chemistry. Bonding Theory. Hybridization of AO. Classification and nomenclature of complex compounds. Bases of Thermodynamics.

**Objectives of the Course:** 

The aim of the subject is formation of real comprehension of the world- scientific view of contemporary theories based on interrelation of nature laws and phenomena, systematization and deepening of students' knowledge in the field of chemistry. The main goal of the subject in the process of training is to master theoretical and practical basis of chemistry for its application in solution of various ecological problems, analysis of water, seil, air and in chemical technology industry.

t th	e end of the course the student will be able to	Assessment
1	Recognise the laboratory environment. Name laboratory equipments. Describe how they securily/safely work with these equiments	1
2	Express theoretical knowledge of chemistry with experimental methods.	1,4
3	Express reaction products in terms of stoichiometric relations.	1,3,4
4	Interpret and report results of experiments.	3,4
5	Collect and report datas of experiments. Report results in a proper format.	1,3

		s: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Lab.work, 4. Quizzes	
Cou	rse's Contribut	tion to Program	<u>a</u>
			CL
1		y and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	5
2	requirements a	conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary and methods for solving it.	4
3		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	4
4	processes and	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, and social point of view.	4
5	Ability to inte	experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	3
6		y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	4
7		continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
8	Apply knowled to oil and gas of	dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	3
9	Critically applaceumulations	ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	3
10	Ability to dem activities invol	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	2
CL: C	Contribution Lev	vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Cour	se Contents		
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam
1		Heat effect of chemical reactions.	
2		The rate of chemical reaction.	
3		Factors affecting. Reaction rates	
4		Chemical equilibrium	
5		State of matter and Intermolecular forces	
6		Preparing solutions and defining their concentration.	
7		Water analysis. Solids.	
8		Electrolytic dissociation, hydrogen indicator.	Midterm
9		Ionic exchange reactions.	
10		Hydrolysis of salts.	
11		Oxidation-reduction reactions.	
12		Influence of medium on direction of redox reactions.	
13		Electrolysis.	
14		Common properties of metals. Corrosion of metals.	
14			

# Recommended Sources TEXTBOOK(S)

# 1. No materials needed. Labs posted on Blackboard

Assessment		
Attendance		Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	10%	
Laboratories	15%	
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University for Undergraduate Studies.

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students cannot use calculators during the exam.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

#### ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
		(nour)	workload(liour)
Course duration in class	14	2	28
Presentation	1	10	10
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	3	42
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	7	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	121		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>4.03</b>		
ECTS Credit of the Course			4

Course Unit Title	General Physics
Course Unit Code	PHYS 1201
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1-st year BSc program
National Credits	5
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	5
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	1
Year of Study	1
Semester when the course unit is delivered	2
Course Coordinator	Prof. Jeyhun Naziyev
Name of Lecturer (s)	Prof. Jeyhun Naziyev
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	Elementary algebra and trigonometry will be used. No
	prior knowledge of physics is assumed.
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Pre Intermediate English level grammar, reading,
	writing and listening skills.

#### **Course description:**

Physics is a science that studies the simplest and at the same time the most general laws of the phenomena of nature, the properties and structure of matter and the laws of its motion. Physical theory is a system of basic ideas that generalize experimental data and reflect the objective laws of nature. Physical theory provides an explanation for a whole range of phenomena of nature from a single point of view. Physics has a huge impact on technology. General Physics course topics covered will include: classical physics and the laws of motion, molecular physics and thermodynamics, electricity and magnetism, wave and quantum optics, elements of quantum mechanics, atomic nucleus composition and other stuff.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

• A general physics course which includes material from Newtonian Mechanics, molecular physics and thermodynamics, electromagnetism, optics, and modern physics. Lectures include basic principles/concepts illustrated with examples. Students are expected to attend lectures, and spend time reading the textbook and solving problems from the textbook to develop a strong understanding of the physical principles. Students cannot pass the course without passing the lab. The purpose of the physics laboratories is to help students visualize some of the concepts covered in class, to give students hands on experience with equipment and techniques of taking and analyzing data and to help students develop critical thinking skills.

Lear	ning Outcomes	
At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	To understand translational and circular motions and calculate displacement, velocity, acceleration, momentum and force using equations from kinematics and dynamics.	1,2,3,4,5
2	To describe work-energy theorem and conservation laws.	1,2,3,4
3	To describe simple harmonic, damped and forced vibrations and calculate amplitude, frequency and period.	1,2,3,4
4	To understand gas laws and kinetic theory of gases and calculate some properties using equations of state for ideal and real gases.	1,2,3,4,5
5	To describe the laws of thermodynamics and ideal heat engine cycle.	1,2,3,4
6	To describe and calculate electric fields, electric forces, and electric potentials due to point charges, continuous distributions of charge and charged conductors using Coulomb's Law and Gauss's Law.	1,2,3,4
7	To understand the electrical properties of resistors and capacitors and determine properties of direct current circuits containing them.	1,2,3,4,5

	charges using .	the sources of magnetic fields. To calculate magnetic field from moving Ampere's Law.	1,2,3,4
9	To understand	the concepts of induction and calculate induced emf using Lenz's Law.	1,2,3,4
		e nature of light and other electromagnetic waves using concepts such as action, dispersion, diffraction, and interference.	1,2,3,4,5
11	To understand	wave-particle duality and its consequences in areas such as the iation, the photoelectric effect, and atomic spectra.	1,2,3,4
Asses	ssment Methods	s: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Presentation, 5. Lab. Work	
Cours	se's Contributi	ion to Program	
			CL
		y and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3
	requirements a	conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary and methods for solving it.	4
		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods	
	design.	arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	3
		the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative	
		components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic,	5
		and social point of view.	
		erpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4
6		y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1
7	Constant and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
	to oil and gas of		5
		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	3
10	Ability to dem	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical	3
		ved in exploration and production.	5
		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Cours	se Contents		
Week	c Chapter	Topics	Exam
1	[1], [2] 1,2,3,5	The subject of physics. Kinematics of translational and rotational motion.	
2	[1], [2]		
	4,6,7,8	Dynamics of translational and rotational motion. Linear momentum. Law of conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.	
	4,6,7,8	conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.	
3	4,6,7,8	conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum. Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and	
3	4,6,7,8	conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum. Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and forced oscillations. Wave process. The main principles of the molecular-kinetic theory of an ideal. Number of degrees of freedom of a molecule. Internal energy and heat capacity of an	
	4,6,7,8 [1], [2] 11 [1], [2] 13 [1], [2]	<ul> <li>conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.</li> <li>Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and forced oscillations. Wave process.</li> <li>The main principles of the molecular-kinetic theory of an ideal. Number of degrees of freedom of a molecule. Internal energy and heat capacity of an ideal gas.</li> <li>Maxwell's velocity distribution in gases. Barometric formula. Boltzmann</li> </ul>	
4	4,6,7,8 [1], [2] 11 [1], [2] 13 [1], [2] 13 [1], [2]	<ul> <li>conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.</li> <li>Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and forced oscillations. Wave process.</li> <li>The main principles of the molecular-kinetic theory of an ideal. Number of degrees of freedom of a molecule. Internal energy and heat capacity of an ideal gas.</li> <li>Maxwell's velocity distribution in gases. Barometric formula. Boltzmann distribution. The mean free path.</li> <li>Laws of Thermodynamics. Heat Engines. Thermal efficiency. Carnot cycle.</li> </ul>	
4	4,6,7,8 [1], [2] 11 [1], [2] 13 [1], [2] 13 [1], [2] 14,15 [1], [2]	<ul> <li>conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.</li> <li>Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and forced oscillations. Wave process.</li> <li>The main principles of the molecular-kinetic theory of an ideal. Number of degrees of freedom of a molecule. Internal energy and heat capacity of an ideal gas.</li> <li>Maxwell's velocity distribution in gases. Barometric formula. Boltzmann distribution. The mean free path.</li> <li>Laws of Thermodynamics. Heat Engines. Thermal efficiency. Carnot cycle. Entropy.</li> <li>Electrostatics. The electric field and its characteristics. Dielectrics.</li> </ul>	
4 5 6	4,6,7,8         [1], [2]         11         [1], [2]         13         [1], [2]         13         [1], [2]         13         [1], [2]         13         [1], [2]         14,15         [1], [2]         16, 17         [1], [2]	<ul> <li>conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.</li> <li>Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and forced oscillations. Wave process.</li> <li>The main principles of the molecular-kinetic theory of an ideal. Number of degrees of freedom of a molecule. Internal energy and heat capacity of an ideal gas.</li> <li>Maxwell's velocity distribution in gases. Barometric formula. Boltzmann distribution. The mean free path.</li> <li>Laws of Thermodynamics. Heat Engines. Thermal efficiency. Carnot cycle. Entropy.</li> <li>Electrostatics. The electric field and its characteristics. Dielectrics. Conductors.</li> <li>Electrodynamics. Direct electric current. Electromotive Force. Resistors in</li> </ul>	Midterm
4 5 6 7	$\begin{array}{c c} 4,6,7,8 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 11 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 13 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 13 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 14,15 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 16, 17 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 18 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ \end{array}$	<ul> <li>conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.</li> <li>Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and forced oscillations. Wave process.</li> <li>The main principles of the molecular-kinetic theory of an ideal. Number of degrees of freedom of a molecule. Internal energy and heat capacity of an ideal gas.</li> <li>Maxwell's velocity distribution in gases. Barometric formula. Boltzmann distribution. The mean free path.</li> <li>Laws of Thermodynamics. Heat Engines. Thermal efficiency. Carnot cycle. Entropy.</li> <li>Electrostatics. The electric field and its characteristics. Dielectrics. Conductors.</li> <li>Electrodynamics. Direct electric current. Electromotive Force. Resistors in Series and Parallel. Kirchhoff's Rules.</li> <li>A magnetic field . The Biot-Savart-Laplace law and its applications. The effect of the magnetic field on conductors with current and moving charged</li> </ul>	Midterm
4 5 6 7 8 9	$\begin{array}{c c} 4,6,7,8 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 11 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 13 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 13 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 14,15 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 16,17 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 18 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 20 \\ \end{array}$	<ul> <li>conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.</li> <li>Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and forced oscillations. Wave process.</li> <li>The main principles of the molecular-kinetic theory of an ideal. Number of degrees of freedom of a molecule. Internal energy and heat capacity of an ideal gas.</li> <li>Maxwell's velocity distribution in gases. Barometric formula. Boltzmann distribution. The mean free path.</li> <li>Laws of Thermodynamics. Heat Engines. Thermal efficiency. Carnot cycle. Entropy.</li> <li>Electrostatics. The electric field and its characteristics. Dielectrics. Conductors.</li> <li>Electrodynamics. Direct electric current. Electromotive Force. Resistors in Series and Parallel. Kirchhoff's Rules.</li> <li>A magnetic field . The Biot-Savart-Laplace law and its applications. The effect of the magnetic field on conductors with current and moving charged particles. The law of total current. The magnetic field of the solenoid.</li> </ul>	Midterm
4 5 6 7 8	$\begin{array}{c c} 4,6,7,8 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 11 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 13 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 13 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 14,15 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 16, 17 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ 18 \\ \hline [1], [2] \\ \end{array}$	<ul> <li>conservation of linear momentum. Work, energy and power. Law of energy conservation. The law of conservation of angular momentum.</li> <li>Harmonic oscillations. Addition of harmonic oscillations. Damped and forced oscillations. Wave process.</li> <li>The main principles of the molecular-kinetic theory of an ideal. Number of degrees of freedom of a molecule. Internal energy and heat capacity of an ideal gas.</li> <li>Maxwell's velocity distribution in gases. Barometric formula. Boltzmann distribution. The mean free path.</li> <li>Laws of Thermodynamics. Heat Engines. Thermal efficiency. Carnot cycle. Entropy.</li> <li>Electrostatics. The electric field and its characteristics. Dielectrics. Conductors.</li> <li>Electrodynamics. Direct electric current. Electromotive Force. Resistors in Series and Parallel. Kirchhoff's Rules.</li> <li>A magnetic field . The Biot-Savart-Laplace law and its applications. The effect of the magnetic field on conductors with current and moving charged</li> </ul>	Midterm

12	[1], [2] 27	Thermal radiation laws. Quantum optics. Photoelectric effect.	
13	[1], [2] 28	Physics of atom. Model of the Rutherford atom. The postulates of Bohr. Spectra of hydrogen-like atoms. Elements of quantum mechanics: Hypothesis of de Broglie. The Heisenberg uncertainty relation.	
14	[1], [2] 30	Natural radioactivity. Composition of the atomic nucleus.	
15			Final

- 1. Physics: Principles with Applications. Douglas C. Giancoli. 7th edition. 2014
- 2. Physics for Scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics. Raymond A. Serway, John W. Jewett. 9<sup>th</sup> edition. 2014
- 3. Laboratories on physics. ASOIU. 2018

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

#### ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Acuvities	Inumber	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	13	13
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	4	64
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	1		160
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.3</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course			5

Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

Course Unit Title	Statics & Mechanics
Course Unit Code	TECH 1201
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	1 <sup>st</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	4
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	4
Course Coordinator	Ass. Yusif Orujov
Name of Lecturer (s)	Ass. Yusif Orujov
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project (oral and written)
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
Recommended Optional Program Components	Pre Intermediate English level grammar, reading, writing and listening skills.

# **Course description:**

The science, which treats of the general laws of motion and equilibrium of material bodies, also behavior of bodies from the action of forces is called Mechanics. Statics studies the forces and the conditions of equilibrium of material bodies subjected to the action of forces.

Strength of materials - the science of engineering methods for calculating the strength, rigidity and stability of elements of structures and machine parts.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

To determine the stresses, strains, and displacements in structures and their components due to the loads acting on them.

Lear	ning Outcomes	
At th	e end of the course the student will be able to	Assessment
1	Consider of the common laws of motion and equilibrium of material bodies.	1
2	Consider behavior of bodies from the action of forces.	1, 2, 3
3	Applied of engineering methods for calculating the strength, rigidity and stability	2, 3, 4
	of elements of structures and machine parts.	
Asse	essment Methods: : 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Prese	ntation,
Cou	rse's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3

2		conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary and methods for solving it.	4
3	The ability to	combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	5
4	processes and	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, I and social point of view.	3
5		erpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4
6	Ability to appl team.	y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1
7		continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
8	Apply knowled to oil and gas	dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	5
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	3
10	Ability to dem	ionstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	4
CL: C	Contribution L	Level (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Cour	se Contents		
Weel	k Chapter	Topics	Exam
1	[1], [2]	Basic Concepts and Principles of Statics. Force Axioms of Statics	
2	[1], [2]	The projection of force on the axis and on the plane Geometric method of adding forces	
3	[1], [2]	Equilibrium convergent forces. The moment of force relative to the center (or point)	
4	[1], [2]	Varignon's theorem on the moment of resultant A pair of forces. The moment of the pair	
5	[1], [2]	The reduction of the plane force system to this center Conditions for the equilibrium of an arbitrary plane system of forces	
6	[1], [2]	Real object and scheme of calculation. External and internal forces. Section method.Stresses.	
7	[1], [2]	Displacements and deformations Assumptions used in the resistance of materials .Mechanical Properties of Materials Poisson's Ratio	
8	[1], [2]	General principles calculation of construct Longitudinal forces in cross sections .Stress in the cross sections of the rod .Deformation and displacement. Hooke's Law	Midterm
9	[1], [2]	Stressed and deformed state under tension and compression. Calculation of statically determined rod systems	
10	[1], [2]	Geometrical characteristics of flat sections. Area of flat sections. Static moments of a section.Moments of inertia of flat sections of simple shape	
11	[1], [2]	Stresses in cross-section in torsion. The condition of strength a circular and an annular section of shaft in torsion. The torsional deformations and the rigidity condition of the shaft.	
12	[1], [2]	The construction of the transverse force and bending moment diagrams.	

13	[1], [2]	Basic differential relations of the theory of bending .Stress in pure bending	
14	[1], [2]	Tangential stresses in transverse bending. Displacements in the bending of beams	
15			Final

# TEXTBOOK(S)

- 1. Rajput R.K. Strength of materials.-2019,
- 2. Strength of Materials (Mechanics of Solids) E Book by R.S.Khurmi 2019
- 3. James M.Gere, Rarry J. Goodno -2011, 618 p

#### Assessment

Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	20%	
Seminars	0%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written-Oral Exam
Total	100%	

# Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry

University Guidelines for Undergraduate Studies

# **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students cannot use calculators during the exam.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

# ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration	Total
		(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	5	5
Tutorials	10	1	10
Self-study	14	4	56
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	3	3
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	10	10
Total Workload	I	1	132
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>4.4</b>

ECTS Credit of the Course	4

Course Unit Title	Exposition and argumentation
Course Unit Code	EXP 2101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	3
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	3
Course Coordinator	
Name of Lecturer (s)	Aygun Khalilova
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project (oral and written)
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	

#### **Course description:**

English2101 is an exposition and argumentative writing course consisting of 42 hours. It provides profound knowledge on how to understand and classify academic writing materials. Based on different sources the students are taught to analyze academic writing materials and to create their own examples. Exposition and Argumentation provides students with the rhetorical foundations that prepare them for the demands of academic writing. In general, students will be working with sources of various kinds to make claims about issues that are up for debate and to design texts that will appeal to readers. Additionally, this course examines and practices academic conventions of word usage, sentence structure and variation, and paragraph formation.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

EXP 2101 is aimed to:

- To understand academic texts;
- To equip the students with critical analysis abilities about the text;
- To choose the right structure to create their own texts;
- To provide them with skills to analyze all information received from different sources and synthesize it in their own writings;
- Build written invention strategies, such as observing, brainstorming, associating, drafting;
- Practice a variety of revision and editing techniques for written content, structure and style;
- Create direct grammatically correct sentences;
- Write for varied purposes informing, analyzing, and arguing;

- Demonstrating a clear and effective writing style, write coherent, cohesive, and clear paragraphs;
- Plan, draft, revise, edit, and proofread essays;
- Use evidence to effectively to support argumentative claims or theses.

Jea	At the end of the course the student will be able to:	Assessment
1	At the chd of the course the student will be able to.	
1	Read, plan, draft, review, collaborate, revise, rewrite, reread, edit, and proofread argumentative essays	2,4
2	Read, write, and think critically	1,4
3	Write coherent, cohesive, and clear paragraphs	1,2,4
4	Use key rhetorical concepts through analyzing and composing a variety of texts	1,2,3,4
5	Acquire writing skills using the inductive, deductive, comparison and other methods.	1,2,3,4
5	Prepare paragraphs and texts, or submit presentations on different topics	2,4
7	Use evidence and reasoning to effectively support argumentative claims or theses	1,2,3,4
3	Write an organized logical argument	1,3,4
)	Use structures, including grammar, punctuation, and spelling, through practice in composing and revising	1,3,4
Ass	essment Methods: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Midterm Exams	
10	reals Contribution to Program	
	rse's Contribution to Program	CL
	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	CL 1
[	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	1 2
2	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary	1 2 ds
	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it. The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syste	1 2 ds m 2 ve 2
	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it. The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syste design. According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic	1       2       ds m     2       ve c,     2       of     2
- 	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it. The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syste design. According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economi environmental and social point of view. Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds or research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the ability to predict the further development of the further development of the developm	1     2     ds m   2     ve c,   2     of ne   2
2 3 4 5	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it. The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syste design. According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic environmental and social point of view. Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system. Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplina	1       2       ds m     2       ve c,     2       of ne     2
2 3 4 5 7	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.         The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.         The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syste design.         According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic environmental and social point of view.         Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds or research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.         Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplina team.         Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.         Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solution	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\$
1 2 3 4 5 7 3	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.         The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.         The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syste design.         According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic environmental and social point of view.         Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds or research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.         Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplina team.         Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.         Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solution to oil and gas operations.         Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbor	1           2           ds m         2           ve c,         2           of ne         2           ry         2           ry         5           ns         5
1 2 3 4 5 7 3	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.         The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.         The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir systed design.         According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovativ processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economi environmental and social point of view.         Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds or research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.         Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplina team.         Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.         Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solution to oil and gas operations.         Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarboa accumulations using formation evaluation techniques.         Ability to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical	1           2           ds m         2           ve c,         2           of ne         2           ry         2           ry         2           ns         5
1 2 3 4 5 7 7 3 0	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it. The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syste design. According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic environmental and social point of view. Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system. Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplina team. Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time. Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solution to oil and gas operations. Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbor accumulations using formation evaluation techniques.	1       2       ds       2       ds       2       ve       2       of       2       of       2       ve       2       of       2       of       5       on       3
1 2 3 4 5 7 7 8 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.         The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.         The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syste design.         According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic environmental and social point of view.         Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds or research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.         Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplina team.         Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.         Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solution to oil and gas operations.         Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbo accumulations using formation evaluation techniques.         Ability to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical activities involved in exploration and production.	1       2       ds       2       ds       2       ve       2       of       2       of       2       ve       2       of       2       of       5       on       3

		Draces Whiting Dracewiting Catting 1 (a site	
		Process Writing; Pre-writing: Getting ready to write	
		Understanding process writing.	
		Choosing and narrowing a topic	
1	[1], [2]	Gathering ideas	
		Editing ideas	
		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)	
		Countries, nationalities and languages	
		The Weather	
		• The Structure of a Paragraph	
		The definition of a paragraph	
		The parts of a paragraph	
	[1], [2]	Identifying and writing topic sentences	
		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)	
		Describing people: appearance	
		Describing people: character	
		The Development of a Paragraph	
		Paragraph support and development	
	[1],	Writing concluding sentences	
2		Peer Editing	
	[2],[3]	(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)	
		Idioms describing people	
		Relationships	
		Descriptive and Process paragraphs	
		Descriptive paragraphs and reasons for writing them	
		Organising and writing descriptive paragraphs using adjectives and	
		prepositions	
3	[1], [2]	Process paragraphs and reasons for writing them	
		Using transition words to write a process paragraph	
		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)	
		At Home	
		Everyday minor problems	
		Trends and Fashions	
		Review of descriptive vocabulary	
		Using freewriting to brainstorm	
	[1], [2]	Review of paragraph contents	
		Developing peer feedback skills	
		Writing about a trend	
		(Writing in Paragraphs)	
		Global problems	
		Education	
		Opinion Paragraphs	
4	[1], [2]	Distinguishing between fact and opinion	
		or or or or or or or or or or or or or o	

		Organising and writing paragraphs expressing opinions and arguments
		Using transition words to express cause and effect
		Using modal expressions to make recommendations
		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)
		Work
		Business
		Sport
		Explanations and Excuses
		Paragraphs explaining cause and effect/result
		Combining sentences with so and because
		Practising word maps and freewriting
5	[1], [2]	Writing about explanations and excuses
		(Writing in Paragraphs)
		Art and Literature
		Theatre and Cinema
		Music
		Comparison/Contrast paragraphs
		Comparison/contrast paragraphs and reasons for writing them
	[1], [2]	Organising comparison/contrast paragraphs
		Connecting words used for comparing and contrasting topics
		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)
		Food
		Physical geography
		Environmental problems
		Problem/Solution paragraphs
		Writing about problems and solutions
	[1], [2]	Using first conditionals
		Writing a two-paragraph text with linking phrases
6		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)
		Towns
		The Natural World
		Clothes
		• Problems
		Expressing personal feelings about problems
	[1], [2]	Using would like to, want to, and have to
		Logical order of supporting sentences
7		Editing lists by ordering ideas logically
7		Writing about problems or difficulties
		(Writing in Paragraphs)
		Health and Medicine
		Medicine and Technology
		Health and Lifestyle

		Strange Stories	
		Using time expressions: after, before, and when	
		Identifying the main parts of a narrative	
		Ordering events in a narrative logically	
	[1], [2]	Writing about interesting or unusual experience	
		(Writing in Paragraphs)	
		Travel	
		Holidays	
		• Differences	
		Using double lists to brainstorm	
		Using whereas and however to make comparisons	
		Organising a comparison paragraph	
8	[1], [2]	Comparing different situations/events	Midterm
0	[1], [2]	Writing about life changes	Wildterin
		(Writing in Paragraphs)	
		Science and Technology	
		Computers     Difficult Decisions	
		Writing about cause and effect relationships	
		Using pair interviews to brainstorm	
9	[1], [2]	Beginning paragraphs with a question	
9		Writing about a difficult decision	
		(Writing in Paragraphs) Communication and the Internet	
		The Press and Media	
		Politics and Public institutions     • Fate or Choice	
		Writing about hopes and plans for the future	
		Review of brainstorming techniques	
	[1] [2]	Review of transition expressions	
	[1], [2]	Writing about the future	
		(Writing in Paragraphs)	
		Crime	
		Money	
		Describing objects	
		• The Structure of an Essay	
		The definition of an essay	
10		Formatting an essay	
		Writing a thesis statement	
		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)	
		Belief and opinions	

		Like, dislike and desire	
		Like, dislike and desire	
		Introductions and Conclusions	
		The purpose of an introduction	
		Types of information in introductions	
		The purpose of a conclusion	
	[1], [2]	Writing conclusions	
		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)	
		Speaking	
		The six senses	
		What your body does	
		Unity and Coherence	
		The importance of unity in essay writing	
		Editing an essay for unity	
12	[1] [2]	The importance of coherence in essay writing	
12	[1], [2]	Creating coherence	
		(Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay)	
		Praising and criticizing	
		Emotions and moods	
		Discursive Essays	
		For and against essays	
13	[1], [2]	Writing for and against essays	
		(Successful Writing Proficiency)	
		Commenting on problematic situations	
		Discursive Essays	
		Opinion essays	
	[1], [2]	Writing opinion essays	
		(Successful Writing Proficiency)	
		Discursive Essays	
	[1], [2]	Essays suggesting solutions to problems	
14		Writing problem-solution essays	
		(Successful Writing Proficiency)	
15			Final

# TEXTBOOK(S)

 Dorothy E.Zemach, Lisa A.Rumisek: Academic Writing from Paragraph to Essay, Macmillan Education 2011

- 2. Dorothy E.Zemach, Carlos Islam: Writing in Paragraphs, Macmillan Education 2011
- 3. Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary
- 4. Vocabulary in Use Upper-intermediate, Cambridge University Press 2012
- 5. Virginia Evans: Successful Writing Proficiency, Express Publishing 2000
- 6. Ann Hogue: First Steps in Academic Writing, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education 2008

Assessment		
Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	20%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written-Oral Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Guidelines for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory. ٠
- In order for you (and your classmates) to be successful in this course, you must submit all of your work on • time. This is especially important because so much of your grade depends on giving feedback and revision based on the feedback you receive.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State • .

Oil and Industry University General Student Discipline Regulations
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ECTS allocated based on Student Workload				
Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)	
Course duration in class	14	3	42	
Presentation	1	14	14	
Tutorials	14	1	14	
Self-study	14	5	70	
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3	
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7	
Final Examination	1	3	3	
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14	
Total Workload	167			
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ 5.56			
ECTS Credit of the Course	6			

Course Unit Title	Technical English I	
Course Unit Code	ENG 2101	
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory	
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program	
National Credits	6	
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6	
Theoretical (hour/week)	-	
Practice (hour/week)	3	
Laboratory (hour/week)	-	
Year of Study	2	
Semester when the course unit is delivered	3	
Course Coordinator	Phd. Gullu Jabbarova	
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Gullu Jabbarova	
Name of Assistant (s)	-	
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project	
	(oral and written)	
Prerequisites	ENG 1201	
<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	Pre Intermediate English level grammar, reading, writing and listening skills.	

#### **Course description:**

Technical English is for students who are involved in vocational and technical education. The course contains the core language and skills which are common to a range of industrial specializations.

This course aims to bring the students to a level that will enable them fulfill the requirements of main courses of their departments. Students will be encouraged to read a variety of texts as well as chapters from textbooks so that they can pursue their undergraduate studies at the university without major difficulty.

HF-BO3.1 is designed to improve the students' presentation ability. Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

- To develop students' language skills and capacity to conduct writing task through the vocabulary, listening and speaking skills.
- To develop their level of knowledge, communicative capacity, and ability to analyze and reflect on the language.
- To give learners the language they need for real-life, hands-on task like explaining a process or analyzing risk and to put into practice the academic skills that they will need to use during their educations.

Lear	Learning Outcomes				
At the	At the end of the course the student should be able to As				
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.				
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3			
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4			
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2			
5	Use the discourse patterns and structures in different essay types that they need for real	2, 3			
	life.				
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4			
7	the written projects will be presented by the students 2,3,4				
Asse	Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work				
Cou	rse's Contribution to Program				
		CL			
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.				
2	2 The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it. 4				

3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.				
4	According to processes and	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.			
5		erpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4		
6	Ability to app team.	ly the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7		continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8	Apply knowle to oil and gas	dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	5		
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon s using formation evaluation techniques.	3		
10		nonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	3		
CL: C	Contribution Le	vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se Contents		1		
Wee	1	Topics	Exam		
1	1 [1], [2] An international industry				
2	[1], [2]	Upstream			
3	[1], [2]	Downstream			
4	[1], [2]	Safety first			
5	[1], [2]	Finding oil and gas			
6	[1], [2]	Drilling	Midterm		
7	[1], [2]	Pipes and pipelines			
8	[1], [2]	Working offshore			
9	9 [1], [2] Natural gas				
10	10 [1], [2] Oil and the environment				
11	11   [1], [2]   Workshop operations				
12	[1], [2] Repairs and maintenance				
13	[1], [2]	The refinery			
14	[1], [2] Emergencies				
15			Final		

- 1. Technical English 3. Course book. Bonamy David. Longman Pearson, 2011.
- 2. Technical English 3. Workbook. Jacques Christopher. Longman Pearson, 2011.
- 3. Havard Devold. Oil and gas production handbook. An introduction to oil and gas production, transport, refining and petrochemical industry. ABB ATPA Oil and Gas, 2006 2013

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	1	1	167
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.5</b> 6
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

Course Unit Title	Analytic Geometry and Algebra
Course Unit Code	MATH 2101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	28/14
Practice (hour/week)	14/7
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	2019-2020
Semester when the course unit is delivered	3
Course Coordinator	
Name of Lecturer (s)	Ramin Rzayev
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	MATH1201
<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	

**Course description:** Analytic geometry is widely used in physics and engineering, and also in aviation, rocketry, space science, and spaceflight. It is the foundation of most modern fields of geometry, including algebraic, differential, discrete and computational geometry. Usually the Cartesian coordinate system is applied to manipulate equations for planes, straight lines, and squares, often in two and sometimes in three dimensions. Geometrically, one studies the Euclidean plane (two dimensions) and Euclidean space (three dimensions).

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

During orientation you can expect to:

- Provide engineering students with an introduction to the basic principles of general,
- Analytic geometry and algebra
- Assist in the development of strong problem-solving skills.
- Help cultivate critical thinking in the approach to learning.
- Help in the acquisition of -on practical skills at the seminar.

# Learning Outcomes At the end of the course the student should be able to Assessment 1 Understand and appropriately use the technical vocabulary of the topics covered such as vector, vector-valued function, tangent vector, space curve, tangential components, normal components, neighbourhood in the plane.

2	Doufour votor or	constions and interment the recents comparisonly.			
3	Perform vector operations and interpret the results geometrically.				
4	Use vectors to solve problems involving force, velocity, work, and real-life problems.				
5	Find the angle between two vectors using the dot product.				
6	Find the direction cosines of a vector in space.				
_	Find the projection of a vector onto another vector.				
7	Find the cross product of two vectors in space.				
8	Use the triple scal	ar product of three vectors in space.			
9	Write a set of para	ametric equations for a line in space			
10	Find the distance	between points, planes, and lines in space.			
11	Recognize and wi	ite equations for different surfaces.			
Asse	ssment Methods:				
Cour:	se's Contribution		4		
_		nd deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	-		
2		duct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary methods for solving it.	1		
3	•	nbine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods on field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	3		
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.				
5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.				
6	Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary team.				
7	Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.				
8	Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions 1 to oil and gas operations.				
9		the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon	3		
10	Ability to demons	ing formation evaluation techniques. strate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical d in exploration and production.	1		
CL: C		(1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se Contents				
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1], [2], [4]	Vectors in the Plane			
2					
3 [1], [2], [4] The Dot Product of Two Vect		The Dot Product of Two Vectors			
4	4 [1], [2], [4] The Cross Product of Two Vectors in Space				
5	[1], [2], [4]	Inner Product Spaces			
-	5 [1] [2] [4]				
6	[1], [2], [4]	Cooping Sate and Lincon Indonendor			
	[1], [2], [4]	Spanning Sets and Linear Independence Basis and Dimension			

9	[1], [2], [4]	Coordinates and Change of Basis	
10	[1], [2], [4]	Applications of Vector Spaces	
11	[1], [2], [4]	Orthonormal Bases: Gram-Schmidt Process	
12	[1], [2], [4]	Mathematical Models and Least Squares Analysis	
13	[1], [2]	Lines and Planes in Space	
14	[1], [2]	Surfaces in Space	
15			Final

#### TEXTBOOK(S)

# Principal:

- 1. Douglas Riddle. Analytic Geometry. Cengage Learning, 6<sup>th</sup> Edt., 1996.
- 2. Ron Larson. Elementary Linear Algebra. Cengage Learning, 8th Edt., 2016.
- 3. Ron Larson, Bruce Edwards. Multivariable Calculus. Brooks/Cole (Cengage Learning), 10th edition, 2014.
- 4. Gordon Fuller, Dalton Tarwater. Analytic Geometry. Pearson, 7th Edt. 1992.

# Supplementary:

- 5. Richard Silverman. Modern Calculus and Analytic Geometry. Dover Books on Mathematics, 2012.
- 6. Vladimir Serdarushich. Analytic Geometry. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2015.
- 7. George Thomas, Ross Finney. Calculus and Analytic Geometry. Addison Wesley, 9th edition, 1995.

# Assessment

The independent work	20%	abstract, presentation, research, etc.
Midterm	30%	only in the writing form
Final Exam	50%	writing & oral form
Total	100%	

#### **Assessment Criteria**

Final grades are determined according to the Near East University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students may use calculators during the exam.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Near East University General Student Discipline Regulations

# ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14

Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload			170
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ 5.67		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

Course Unit Title	Reservoir Fluid Flow		
Course Unit Code	OGEN 2101		
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory		
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program		
National Credits	5		
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	5		
Theoretical (hour/week)	2		
Practice (hour/week)	1		
Laboratory (hour/week)	-		
Year of Study	2		
Semester when the course unit is delivered	3		
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva		
Name of Lecturer (s)Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva			
Name of Assistant (s)	-		
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project (oral and written)		
Prerequisites	OGEN 1101 (Introd. to Petroleum Engineering);		
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>			
Course description:			
1	ge of petroleum engineers. Its applications can be found in		
almost every area of petroleum engineering including da			
transportation and refining. The design methods and eve	eryday practice of these special fields apply		
their own application-oriented hydraulics. These indepe	ndently developed branches of applied fluid mechanics are		
often not very well integrated. There seems to be a need to treat these individual sections together within the general			

often not very well integrated. There seems to be a need to treat these individual sections together within the general framework of continuum mechanics. In addition, the elegance and logical structure of this theory may influence the way of thinking of petroleum engineers.

The main purpose of this course to provide the petroleum engineer with a systematic analytical approach to the solution of fluid flow problems.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

Basic concepts of origin, accumulation and recovery of hydrocarbon fluids. Fluid properties Reservoir rock properties and core analysis procedures, porosity-permeability relationships.

Darcy's law for linear and radial flow, steady-state and pseudo steady-state flow.

Wellbore damage, skin-factor and well productivity.

Wettability, capillary pressure and vertical distribution of reservoir fluids.

Lear	ning Outcomes	
At the	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.	1
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2
5	Use the discourse patterns and structures in different essay types that they need for real	2, 3
	life.	
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4
7	the written projects will be presented by the students	2,3,4
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	ion, 6. Lab. Work
Cour	se's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. 3	
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4

3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system		5
	design.		
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.		3
5		rpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of	
-		experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4
6		y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1
7	Constant and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
8		dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	4
10	activities invol	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	4
CL: C	Contribution Lev	vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Cour	se Contents		
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam
1	[1]	Introduction. The porous medium. Homogeneity. Anisotropy.	
2	[1]	Porosity	
3	[1]	Pore size distribution	
4	[1], [2]	Specific surface area. Compressibility of porous rocks	
5	[1]	Permeability	
6	[1], [2]	Saturation. Formation resistivity factor	
-			
7	[1], [2]	Multi phase suturated rock properties	
7 8	[1], [2]	Relative permeability	Midterm
			Midterm
8	[1]	Relative permeability	Midterm
8 9	[1]	Relative permeability Fick's law of binary diffusion	Midterm
8 9 10	[1] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Relative permeability         Fick's law of binary diffusion         Diffusion coefficient	Midterm
8 9 10 11	[1] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Relative permeability         Fick's law of binary diffusion         Diffusion coefficient         Equations of single-phase filtration	Midterm
8 9 10 11 12	[1] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Relative permeability         Fick's law of binary diffusion         Diffusion coefficient         Equations of single-phase filtration         Solutions of the single-phase equation of filtration	Midterm

- Craft B.C., Hawkins M.F. Applied petroleum reservoir engineering. Massachusetts. Second printing, July 2015.
- 2. Tarek Ahmed. Reservoir engineering handbook. 2010 ELSEVIER Inc.

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

# **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	INUIIDEI	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	4	56
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	1	•	153
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.1</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course	5		

Course Unit Title	Reservoir Fluid Flow Laboratory
Course Unit Code	LAB 2101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	2
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	2
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	2
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	3
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 2101
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	

#### **Course description:**

Knowledge of petrophysical and hydrodynamic properties of reservoir rocks are of fundamental importance to the petroleum engineer. These data are obtained from two major sources: core analysis and well logging. In this course we present some details about the analysis of cores and review the nature and quality of the information that can be deduced from cores.

Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

By the end of the course the students should be able to learn :

	Reservoir Fluid Properties	
	Fundamentals of rock properties	
	Relative permeability	
	Drainage process	
	Imbibitions process	
	Fundamentals of Reservoir Fluid Flow	
	Water and Gas Coning	
	Water Influx	
	Water and Gas injection	
Lear	ning Outcomes	
At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Fundamentals of reservoir and reservoir fluids	1
2	Reservoir-fluid properties	1, 2, 6
3	Fundamentals of rock properties:	2,3,4, 6
4	Relative permeability concepts.	1, 2, 6
5	Fundamentals of reservoir fluid flow	2, 3, 6
6	6 Principles of waterflooding 2,3,4,6	
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	ion, 6. Lab. Work
Cour	se's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4

3		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	5		
4	According to processes and	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, and social point of view.	3		
5	Ability to inte	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of esearch and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the			
6		y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7	Constant and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8	to oil and gas of		5		
9	accumulations	ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	4		
10	activities invol	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	4		
		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se Contents		1		
Wee	ck Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1]	Prepare core sample			
2	[1]	Extraction			
3	[1]	Sieve analysis of sands and plotting granulometric composition graph			
4	[1], [2]	Determination of apparent rock density			
4 5	[1], [2]	Determination of true rock density			
		Determination of the absolute porosity of rocks			
5	[1], [2]	Determination of true rock density         Determination of the absolute porosity of rocks         Determination of the coefficient of open rock porosity			
5 6	[1], [2]	Determination of true rock density         Determination of the absolute porosity of rocks         Determination of the coefficient of open rock porosity         Determination of rock permeability	Midterm		
5 6 7	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Determination of true rock density         Determination of the absolute porosity of rocks         Determination of the coefficient of open rock porosity	Midterm		
5 6 7 8	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Determination of true rock density         Determination of the absolute porosity of rocks         Determination of the coefficient of open rock porosity         Determination of rock permeability         Determination of structural and mechanical properties of oil         Quantitative water content in oil	Midterm		
5 6 7 8 9	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Determination of true rock density         Determination of the absolute porosity of rocks         Determination of the coefficient of open rock porosity         Determination of rock permeability         Determination of structural and mechanical properties of oil         Quantitative water content in oil         Work on a viscometer of the "Rheotest" type	Midterm		
5 6 7 8 9 10	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Determination of true rock density         Determination of the absolute porosity of rocks         Determination of the coefficient of open rock porosity         Determination of rock permeability         Determination of structural and mechanical properties of oil         Quantitative water content in oil         Work on a viscometer of the "Rheotest" type         Select Parameters & Model Preparation	Midterm		
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [2]	Determination of true rock densityDetermination of the absolute porosity of rocksDetermination of the coefficient of open rock porosityDetermination of rock permeabilityDetermination of structural and mechanical properties of oilQuantitative water content in oilWork on a viscometer of the "Rheotest" typeSelect Parameters & Model PreparationEvaluate Lithology, Porosity, Hydrocarbon Effect and Clay Parameters by Cross plots	Midterm		
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [2] [2]	Determination of true rock density         Determination of the absolute porosity of rocks         Determination of the coefficient of open rock porosity         Determination of rock permeability         Determination of structural and mechanical properties of oil         Quantitative water content in oil         Work on a viscometer of the "Rheotest" type         Select Parameters & Model Preparation         Evaluate Lithology, Porosity, Hydrocarbon Effect and Clay Parameters by	Midterm Final		

- 1. Formation Evaluation. Heriot-Watt Institute of Petroleum Engineering. Edinburgh, 2013. 258p.
- 1. Darling Toby. Well Logging and Formation Evaluation. Elsevier, 2005. 336 p..
- 2. Schön Jürgen. Basic Well Logging and Formation Evaluation. Bookboon, 2015. 179 p.

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	2	28
Presentation	1	5	5
Tutorials	8	1	8
Self-study	14	3	42
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	5	5	5
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	9	1	9
Total Workload	I		103
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>3.4</b> 3
ECTS Credit of the Course			3

Course Unit Title	History of Azerbaijan
Course Unit Code	HIST 5001
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year OGEN program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	
Semester when the course unit is delivered	
Course Coordinator	Ms. Tahir R. JAFIYEV
Name of Lecturer (s)	Ms. Tahir R. JAFIYEV
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Seminar.
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
<b>Recommended Optional Program</b>	-
Components	

#### **Course description:**

This course will cover History of Azerbaijan since ancient periods till nowadays, focusing on political, economic, military, agrarian, etnic, demografic processes which happened in the history of Azerbaijan nation.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

The course is intended to instill a sense of patriotism, to expand and deepen students' knowledge of the history and historical analysis as well as provide them with the ability to critically read the sophisticated literature of the discipline and understand. We will focus on acquiring by them the skills of objective assessment of historical issues. The main objective of the course is delivering to students problems:

- of formation of Azerbaijan nation
- historical stages of statehood of Azerbaijan
- nowadays socio-political, economical prosperity of Azerbaijan

# **Learning Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to

		he historical processes on History of Azerbaijan happened from d to nowadays theoretically	1,2,3
	Critically ana	lyze and evaluate the historical processes in given definit period of	2
3	•	alyze and evaluate the historical processes in Ancient and Middle	3
1	Read historic	al literature	1,2,3
		ds: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Midterm exam	
Cour	se's Contrib	ution to Program	
			CL
1	Ability to appl	y and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	2
1	requirements a	conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary nd methods for solving it.	2
		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	
1	processes and	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, and social point of view.	
5	Ability to inte	rpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	
6		y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	3
7	Constant and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	1
	Apply knowled to oil and gas of	dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	4
	accumulations	y the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	3
;	activities invol	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical ved in exploration and production.	4
		evel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
	e Contents		
Week	Chapter	Topics	Exam
1	1,2,3,4. p.13- 61	Ancient Azerbaijan Theoretical, methodological issues and sources of Azerbaijan history. Prehistoric period in the territory of Azerbaijan. Tribal units and initial state formations in the territory of Azerbaijan. Ancient states in the territory of Azerbaijan.Mannea.Azerbaijan as part of the Median and Achamanid Empire. The state of Atropatena. Ancient Albania.	
2	5,6.Azerbaijan in the 3rd - in the 9th centuries Azerbaijan in the early middle ages, as part of the Sassanian Empire. Early feudalism relations in Azerbaijan, occupation of Azerbaijan by Sassanids,		
	1,2,3,4. p.13- 61	Seminar topic: Ancient Azerbaijan Theoretical, methodological issues and sources of Azerbaijan history.	
	p.15-01	Prehistoric period in the territory of Azerbaijan. Tribal units and initial state	

		formations in the tamitam of A	
		formations in the territory of Azerbaijan. Ancient states in the territory of Azerbaijan.Mannea.Azerbaijan as part of the Median and Achamanid Empire.	
		The state of Atropatena. Ancient Albania.	
		Azerbaijan in Renascence epoch (the $9^{th}$ - in the early of the $13^{th}$	
	7,8.	centuries)	
2		The formation of Azerbaijan nation. Feudal States of Azerbaijan in IX-first	
3	p.139-	half of XI centuries. Independent feudal states - Shirvanshahs, Sajjids,	
	181	Salarids, Shaddadids, Ravvadids. The Seljug Empire. The State of	
		Atabegs. Azerbaijan in the period of developed feudalism.	
	9,10,11.	Azerbaijan in 13 <sup>th</sup> -15 <sup>th</sup> centuries	
		Mongol rule in Azerbaijan. Timurid State. Shirvanshahs State in XIV-XV	
	p.182-	centuries. Feudal states of Azerbaijan in the XV century. The states of	
	235	Jalairi, Karakoyunlu and Aghgoyunlu, Shirvanshahs.	
4			
	7,8.	<b>Seminar topic</b> : Azerbaijan in Renascence epoch (the 9 <sup>th</sup> - in the early	
		of the 13 <sup>th</sup> centuries)	
	p.139-	The formation of Azerbaijan nation. Feudal States of Azerbaijan in IX-first	
	181	half of XI centuries. Independent feudal states - Shirvanshahs, Sajjids,	
	101	Salarids, Shaddadids, Ravvadids. The Seljug Empire. The State of	
		Atabegs. Azerbaijan in the period of developed feudalism.	
		Azerbaijan Safavid State (16 <sup>th</sup> -17 <sup>th</sup> centuries)	
	12,13,14.	Establishment of Safavids state. Internal and foreign policy of Shah İsmail I.	
5	p.252-	The reign period of Shah Tahmasib I. Safavids-Ottoman wars and	
	-	Azerbaijan. Socio-economic life of Azerbaijan in XVI century. Fight for liberation against the Ottoman. The reign of Shah Abbas I and his reforms.	
	325	Ottoman-Safavids wars in the first half of XVII century. Istanbul II (Sarab)	
		and Marand, Gasry-Shirin treaties.	
		Azerbaijan in the first half of 18 <sup>th</sup> century	
		The social-political situation in Azerbaijan after signing of Gasri-Shirin	
	15.	treaty (1639). Popular uprising against Safavid rule or its policies. Dividing	
	p.334-	the territory of Azerbaijan between Russia, Ottoman Empire and Safavid.	
	p.554-	Becoming of Nadir khan the main figure of these processes. Afshar as one	
	344	of the Turkic tribes. Nadir's personality and his coming to the throne. His	
		victories, raids, establishing of Empire. The political situation after his	
		assassination.	
6		Seminar topic: Azerbaijan Safavid State (16 <sup>th</sup> -18 <sup>th</sup> centuries)	
0	12,13,14,	Establishment of Safavids state. İnternal and foreign policy of Shah İsmail I.	
	15.	The reign period of Shah Tahmasib I. Safavids-Ottoman wars and	
		Azerbaijan. Socio-economic life of Azerbaijan in XVI century. Fight for	
		liberation against the Ottoman. The reign of Shah Abbas I and his reforms.	
	p.252-	Ottoman-Safavids wars in the first half of XVII century. Istanbul II (Sarab)	
	325	and Marand, Gasry-Shirin treaties. The social-political situation in	
		Azerbaijan after signing of Gasri-Shirin treaty (1639). Popular uprising	
	p.334-	against Safavid rule or its policies. Dividing the territory of Azerbaijan	
	344	between Russia, Ottoman Empire and Safavid. Becoming of Nadir khan the main figure of these processes. Afshar as one of the Turkic tribes. Nadir's	
		personality and his coming to the throne.	
	16.	The Azerbaijani khanates	
		The khanates of Northern Azerbaijan. Foreign policy. Socio-economy life in	
7	p. 345-	this period. Foreign states aspirations to establish their dominion in the	
	382	Caucasus. Aga Mahammad Shah Gacar's attacks.	
		_	M
		Azerbaijan in 19 <sup>th</sup> century	Midterm
	17,18.	Division of Azerbaijan territories between Russia and Iran. Treaty of Gulistan	
8	p.383-	(1813). The second Russian-Iran war. Turkmenchay Treaty (1828).	
5	-	Resettlement policy. Northern Azerbaijan in 30-50th years of XIX century.	
	404	Forming of military-curfew regime. Uprisings against this governance system	
		and liquidation of it. Reforms of 40-60th years. Formation of capitalist relations. Peasantry reform of 1870.Oil industry.Culture.	
9		Seminar topic: Azerbaijan in 19 <sup>th</sup> century	
フ	17,18.	Division of Azerbaijan territories between Russia and Iran. Treaty of Gulistan	
	,	(1813). The second Russian-Iran war. Turkmenchay Treaty (1828).	
		(1015), the second russian main war, turkinenellay fitaly (1020).	

	p.383-	Resettlement policy. Northern Azerbaijan in 30-50th years of XIX century.	
	404	Forming of military-curfew regime. Uprisings against this governance system	
	-	and liquidation of it. Reforms of 40-60th years. Formation of capitalist	
		relations. Peasantry reform of 1870.Oil industry. Development of oil	
		monopolies.Culture.	
		Azerbaijan in the first decades of 20 <sup>th</sup> century	
		Impact of I Russian revolution(1905-1907) to the political process in	
		Azerbaijan. Sosial-democratic organization "Hummet". Activity of	
	10.20	Azerbaijan intelligency on formation of national consciousness. Armenian-	
	19,20.	Muslim slaughter in 1905-1906. National parties as "Difai", "Ittifag-ul-	
	p.405-	Muslimin", "Mudafia", "Musavat". All-Russian Congresses. Participation of	
	421	deputies from Azerbaijan in State Dumas of Russian Empire. Azerbaijan in	
	421	the interests of world countries during WW I. Heroes of war. Tendency of	
		democratization after the February revolution (1917). Activities of	
		Transcaucasian Comissariat and Seym. Baku Soviet attempts on weakening	
		the social base of Musavat party. Replacing the idea of territorial autonomy	
		by the idea of Independence.	
	21.	The Azerbaijan Democratic Republic	
10	p.422-	Proclamation of the ADR. The state construction and foreign policy of ADR.	
	-	Invasion of XI Red army.	
	431		
	21.	Seminar topic: The Azerbaijan Democratic Republic	
		Proclamation of the ADR. The state construction and foreign policy of ADR.	
	p.422-	Invasion of XI Red army.	
	431		
11		Azerbaijan in the 20 <sup>s</sup> and 30 <sup>s</sup> of the 20 <sup>th</sup> century	
	22.	The Soviet state construction in Northern Azerbaijan. The political groups and discrepancy in the leadership of Azerbaijan. The formation of MKAO	
	p.432 -	and discrepancy in the leadership of Azerbaijan. The formation of MKAO	
	-	(Mountainous or Nagorno Karabakh Autonomous Oblast) and Nakhichevan ASSR (Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic).	
	450	Soviet National Policy in Azerbaijan, bloody repressions of 30s years. Policy	
		of industrialization and collectivization. Religion and cultural revolution	
		Azerbaijan during World War II (1939-1945)	
	22	Participation of Northern Azerbaijan in World War II, science and culture.	
	23.	Formation of national divisions, population of the Az.SSR at the battle and	
12	p.451 -	home fronts, role of Baku oil.	
	-	S.C.Pishavari. National government and its reforms. Tabriz State University.	
	461	Clash of foreign interests in Iran. Suppression of National Liberation	
		Movement of Southern Azerbaijan. Political immigrants from S.Azerbaijan.	
		Seminar topic: Azerbaijan during World War II (1939-1945)	
	22	Participation of Northern Azerbaijan in World War II, science and culture.	
	23.	Formation of national divisions, population of the Az.SSR at the battle and	
	p.451 -	home fronts, role of Baku oil.	
	461	S.C.Pishavari. National government and its reforms. Tabriz State University.	
	401	Clash of foreign interests in Iran. Suppression of National Liberation	
		Movement of Southern Azerbaijan. Political immigrants from S.Azerbaijan.	
13	<u> </u>	Azerbaijan in the years after World War II. Socio-economic	
		development and political conditions in Northern Azerbaijan (1946-	
		1991)	
	24.	Socio-economic development and political conditions in Northern	
	p.462-	Azerbaijan. New industrial cities, strengthening of strong political situation,	
	-	deportation of Western azerbaijanis from their homeland by Soviet leadership	
	470	in 40-50s years XX century. The leadership of 1954-1959 years in Azerbaijan	
		(Imam Mustafayev, Sadiq Rahimov, Mirza Ibrahimov).	
		Vali Akhundov (1959-1969) and Haydar Aliyev as the first secretary of	
		Central Committee of Azerbaijan Communist Party (1969-1982).	
	25.	The Independent Azerbaijan Republic	
		Sounding ideas of independence from Freedom Square. Black January. The	
14	p.471-	Constitutional Act of the 18th October of 1991, legal-democratic state	
	503	building, about reforms, struggle for the strengthening of Independence of the	
		, <u> </u>	

		strategy.	f Azerbaijan,	, successful re	elations with f	oreign countrie	28.011
15		strategy.					Final
Recom	mended So	wrces					
	BOOK(S)						
		ov Zardahl	i The histor	my of Azonho	ion (from or	noiont timos (	the present day)
	London, 2	-	. The instol	ry of Azerba	ijan. (moni ai	icient unies i	to the present day),
Assessm							
Attendance 0%			Less than 2	5% class atten	dance results i	n NA grade	
Presenta	ation		20%				
Seminar	rs		0%				
Midtern	n Exam		30%	Written Exa	am		
Final Ex	xam		50%	Written-Oral Exam			
Total			100%				
Assessm	nent Crite	ria	<u> </u>				
Final gr	ades are de	termined acc	cording to the	e Academic R	egulations of A	Azerbaijan Sta	te Oil and Industry
Univers	sity Guideli	nes for Unde	ergraduate St	udies			
Course	Policies						
•	Attendanc	e of the cour	se is mandate	ory.			
• Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.						e lecturer.	
•	Students c	annot use ca	culators duri	ing the exam.			
•	Cheating a	nd plagiaris	n will not be	tolerated. Ch	eating will be	penalized acco	ording to the
	Azerbaijar	n State Oil ar	d Industrial	University Ge	neral Student	Discipline Re	
ECTS a	allocated b	acad on Stu		_			gulations
		aseu on Stu	dent Worklo	oad			gulations
				oad	Needer	Duration	gulations Total
		Activiti		oad	Number	Duration (hour)	
Course	duration i	Activiti		oad	Number 14		Total
<b>Course</b> Presenta		Activiti		oad		(hour)	Total Workload(hour)
	ation	Activiti		oad	14	(hour)	Total Workload(hour) <b>42</b>
Presenta	ation ls	Activiti		oad	<b>14</b>	(hour) <b>3</b> 5	Total Workload(hour) 42 5
Presenta Tutorial Self-stu	ation ls	Activiti in class		oad	<b>14</b> 1 10	(hour) 3 5 1	Total Workload(hour) 42 5 10
Presenta Tutorial Self-stu Midtern	ation ls Idy m Examinat	Activiti in class		oad	<b>14</b> 1 10 14	(hour) 3 5 1 4	Total Workload(hour) 42 5 10 56
Presenta Tutorial Self-stu Midtern Preparat	ation ls Idy m Examinat	Activiti in class		oad	14 1 10 14 1	(hour) 3 5 1 4 3	Total Workload(hour) 42 5 10 56 3
Presenta Tutorial Self-stu Midtern Prepara Final Ex	ation ls Idy n Examinat Ition for mid	Activiti in class ion dterm exam			14           1           10           14           1           3	(hour) 3 5 1 4 3 1	Total Workload(hour) 42 5 10 56 3 3 3
Presenta Tutorial Self-stu Midtern Prepara Final Ex	ation ls idy m Examinat tion for mic xamination	Activiti in class ion dterm exam			14           1           10           14           1           3           1	(hour) 3 5 1 4 3 1 3	Total Workload(hour) 42 5 10 56 3 3 3 3
Presenta Tutorial Self-stu Midtern Prepara Final Ex Prepara <b>Total V</b>	ation ls ndy m Examinat tion for mio xamination tion for fin	Activiti in class ion dterm exam al exam			14           1           10           14           1           3           1	(hour) 3 5 1 4 3 1 3	Total Workload(hour) 42 5 10 56 3 3 3 3 10

Course Unit Title	Technical English II		
Course Unit Code	ENG 2202		
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory		
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program		
National Credits	5		
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	5		
Theoretical (hour/week)	-		
Practice (hour/week)	3		
Laboratory (hour/week)	-		
Year of Study	2		
Semester when the course unit is delivered	4		
Course Coordinator	Phd. Gullu Jabbarova		
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Gullu Jabbarova		
Name of Assistant (s)	-		
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project		
	(oral and written)		
Prerequisites	ENG 2101 (Technical English I)		
Recommended Optional Program Components	Pre Intermediate English level grammar, reading,		
	writing and listening skills.		
Course description:			
Technical English is a course for students in technical o	r vocational education.		
It covers the core language and skills that students need	to communicate successfully in all technical and industrial		
specializations.			
Technical concents are clearly presented using motivating texts			

Technical concepts are clearly presented using motivating texts.

Topics reflect the latest developments in technology and are relevant to student's needs.

The course uses core language common to a range of specializations.

HF-BO3.2 is designed to improve the students' presentation ability. Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

- To develop students' language skills and capacity to conduct writing task through the vocabulary, listening and speaking skills.
- To develop their level of knowledge, communicative capacity, and ability to analyze and reflect on the language.
- To give learners the language they need for real-life, hands-on task like explaining a process or analyzing risk and to put into practice the academic skills that they will need to use during their educations.

Lear	ning Outcomes		
At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment	
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.	1	
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3	
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4	
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2	
5	Use the discourse patterns and structures in different essay types that they need for real	2, 3	
	life.		
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4	
7	the written projects will be presented by the students	2,3,4	
Asse	Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work		
Cour	rse's Contribution to Program		
		CL	
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3	
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4	

3		hydroca	combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	5
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.		3	
5	Ability	to inte h and e	rpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4
6	Ability team.	1		
7	Consta	nt and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
8	Apply l	knowled	dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	5
9	Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon accumulations using formation evaluation techniques.			
10	activitie	es invol	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical ved in exploration and production.	3
CL: C	Contribut	tion Lev	vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Cour	se Cont	ents		1
Wee	-	napter	Topics	Exam
1		], [2]	Oil and gas today	
2	2 [1], [2]		Discovery	
3	[1]	], [2]	Hydrocarbons	
4	[1]	], [2]	Exploration	
5	[1]	], [2]	Drilling	
6	[1]	], [2]	Environmental	
7	[1]	], [2]	Engineering and construction	
8	[1]	], [2]	Production	Midterm
9	[1]	], [2]	Transportation and storage	
10	[1]	], [2]	Refinery processes	
11	[1]	], [2]	Downstream distribution	
12	[1]	], [2]	Project management	
13	[1]	], [2]	Safety and risk management	
14	[1]	], [2]	Industry future	
15				Final

- 1. Technical English 4. Course book. Bonamy David. Longman Pearson, 2011. 127 p.
- 2. Technical English 4. Workbook. Jacques Christopher. Longman Pearson, 2011. 80 p.
- 3. Havard Devold. Oil and gas production handbook. An introduction to oil and gas production, transport, refining and petrochemical industry. ABB ATPA Oil and Gas, 2006 2013,

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload					
Activities	Number	Duration	Total		
Activities	Nulliber	(hour)	Workload(hour)		
Course duration in class	14	3	42		
Presentation	1	10	10		
Tutorials	14	2	28		
Self-study	14	4	56		
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3		
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7		
Final Examination	1	3	3		
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14		
Total Workload	1	·	163		
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.4</b> 3		
ECTS Credit of the Course	ECTS Credit of the Course				

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#### **Course description:**

Differential Equations are the language in which the laws of nature are expressed. Understanding properties of solutions of differential equations is fundamental to much of contemporary science and engineering. The study of differential equations is a beautiful application of the ideas and techniques of calculus to our everyday lives. It could be said that calculus was developed mainly so that the fundamental principles that govern many phenomena could be expressed in the language of differential equations. The course tends to focus on techniques rather than on concepts due to the difficulty in conveying the beauty of the subject in the traditional course on differential equations, because the number of equations that can be treated by analytic techniques is very limited. The differential equations course is one of the few undergraduate courses where it is possible to give students a glimpse of the nature of contemporary mathematical research. One of the major approaches adopted in this course is gualitative. Students are expected to be able to visualize differential equations and their solutions in many geometric ways. For instance, we readily use slope fields, graphs of solutions, vector fields, and solution curves in the phase plane as tools to gain a better understanding of solutions. Students are also asked to become adept at moving among these geometric representations and more traditional analytic representations. Since differential equations are readily studied using the computer, numerical techniques are also emphasized. There are many computer-based tools to investigate the behavior of solutions of differential equations both numerically and graphically. Even if students can find an explicit formula for a solution, they often need to work with the equation both numerically and qualitatively to understand the geometry and the long-term behavior of solutions.

**Objectives of the Course:** 

**Learning Outcomes** 

At th	e end of the course the student will be able to	Assessment		
1	demonstrate comprehension and understanding in the topics of the course through symbolic, numeric, and graphic methods;			
2	classify differential equations by order, linearity, and homogeneity;			
3	solve first order linear differential equations both numerically and analytically;			
4	solve linear equations with constant coefficients;			
5	use separation of variables to solve differential equations;			
6	solve exact differential equations;			
7	use variation of parameters to solve differential equations;			
8	use the method of undetermined coefficients to solve differential equations;			
9	determine whether a system of functions is linearly independent using the Wronskian;			
10	model real-life applications using differential equations;			
11	use power series to solve differential equations;			
12	use Laplace transforms and their inverses to solve differential equations;			
13	solve systems of linear differential equations using matrix techniques and eigenvalues;			
14	use numerical methods to solve first-order and higher-order differential equations;			
15	use technology when appropriate and know the limitations of technology;			
16	use deductive reasoning and critical thinking to solve problems;			
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Final Exam, 2. Independent works 3. Midterm			
Cou	rse's Contribution to Program			
		CL		
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	4		
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	5		
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.			
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic environmental and social point of view.			
5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds or research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.			
6	Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplination	y 4		

7	Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.		3			
8	to oil and gas operations.			4		
9						
10	acti	ivities involved	strate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical d in exploration and production.	3		
CL: (	Contr	ribution Level	(1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se C	ontents				
Wee	ek	Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1		[1]	Introduction to Differential Equations			
2		[1] First-Order and Simple Higher-Order Differential Equations				
3 [1]		[1] Theory of Higher-Order Linear Differential Equations				
4 [1]		[1]	Theory of Higher-Order Linear Differential Equations (continued)			
5	5 [1], [2] Applic		Applications of Linear Differential Equations			
6 [1], [2]		[1], [2]	Introduction to Systems and Phase Plane Analysis			
7		[1], [2] Linear Systems of Differential Equations				
8 [1], [2]		[1], [2]	Applications of Systems of Linear Differential Equations	Midterm		
9 [1], [2],[3] The		[1], [2],[3]	The Laplace Transform and Its Applications			
10 [1], [2],[3]		[1], [2],[3] Nonlinear Systems and Phenomena				
11	11 [1], [2],[3] <b>S</b>		[1], [2], [3] Series Solutions of Differential Equations			
12 [1], [2],[3] Numerical Solutions of D		[1], [2],[3]	Numerical Solutions of Differential Equations			
13	3	[1], [2],[3]	Fourier Series			
14	ŀ	[1], [2],[3]	Partial Differential Equations			
15	5			Final		

#### TEXTBOOK(S)

1. Kent Nagle, Edward Saff, Arthur Snider. Fundamentals of Differential Equations and Boundary-Value Problems. Addison-Wesley (Pearson), 6<sup>th</sup> Edt., 2012.

2. Wei-Chau Xie. Differential Equations for Engineers. Cambridge University Press, 2010.

3. Dennis G. Zill and Michael R. Cullen. Differential Equations with Boundary-Value Problems, 8<sup>th</sup> edt. Brooks Cole, Cengage Learning, 2012.

4. Henry Edwards, David E. Penney, and David Calvis. Differential Equations: Computing and Modeling. Pearson Education, 5<sup>th</sup> edt. 2015.

5. Dominic Jordan, Peter Smith. Nonlinear Ordinary Differential Equations: An Introduction for Scientists and Engineers. Oxford University Press, 4<sup>th</sup> Edt. 2007. (<u>Supplementary material</u>)

6. Yunus Cengel, William J. Palm. Differential Equations for Engineers and Scientists. McGraw-Hill Education; 1<sup>st</sup> Edt., 2012. (<u>Supplementary material</u>)

7. C.G.Lambe, C.J.Tranter. Differential Equations for Engineers and Scientists. Dover Publications, 2018. (Supplementary material)

8. Brian Hunt, Ronald Lipsman, John Osborn, Jonathan Rosenberg. Differential Equations with Matlab. Wiley, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edt. 2012. (Supplementary material)

#### Assessment

Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Independent works	20%	
Seminars	0%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

#### Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Academic Regulations of ASOIU Guidelines for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Students can use calculators during the exam.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	I	1	170
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ 5.67
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

Course Unit Title	Drilling Fluids
Course Unit Code	OGEN 2202
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	3
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	2
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	4
Course Coordinator	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Lecturer (s)	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 1101
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	

#### **Course description:**

Drilling Fluids works of various oil and gas wells technology, including drilling and completion technology, well completion and stimulation, pumping system, well testing, pipes, cementing the process of drilling equipment and technology in the development of oil and gas wells, cost, economics, regulations, tax incentives. Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

- To give learners the knowledge about:
- Provide overview of modern Drilling Fluids industry
- Provide skillful understanding of Drilling Fluids theory
- Perform advanced Drilling Fluids planning and operations related calculations

Lear	ning Outcomes				
	At the end of the course the student should be able to Assessmen				
1	Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures:	1			
2	Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties;	1, 2, 6			
3	Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability	2,3,4, 6			
	and relative permeability properties:				
4	Principles and operation of gamma ray, self potential, caliper, resistivity (micro and	1, 2, 6			
	focused), density neutron, sonic, cement bond and variable density; diameter of well				
	logging tools. Interpretation of well log and their cross plotting techniques.				
5	Determination of formation properties.	2, 3, 6			
6	Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions.	2,3,4,6			
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	ion, 6. Lab. Work			
Cour	se's Contribution to Program				
		CL			
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3			
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4			

3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system		5			
	design.					
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic,					
	environmental and	l social point of view.				
5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of					
		eriments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4			
6		e skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1			
7		inuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2			
8		of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions				
0	to oil and gas oper		5			
9	Critically apply t	he essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon ng formation evaluation techniques.	5			
10		trate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical				
		l in exploration and production.	4			
$CI \cdot C$		(1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)				
		1. Very Low, 2. Low, 5. Moderate, 4. fight, 5: Very fight)				
Cour	se Contents					
Wee		Topics	Exam			
1	[1]	Introduction				
2 [1], [2]		Density & Pressure Gradients				
3	[1], [2]	Rheology				
4	[1], [2]	Hydraulics				
5	[1], [2]	Borehole Instability				
6	[1], [2],[3]	Clay Chemistry				
7	[1], [2],[3]	Inhibition				
8	[1], [2],[3]	Invert Oil Emulsion System	Midterm			
9	[1], [2],[3]	Contaminants				
10	[1], [2],[3]	Temperature				
11	[1], [2],[3]	Drilled Solids				
12	[1], [2],[3]	Drilling Problems				
13	[1], [2],[3]	Well Control				
		Cementing				
14 [1], [2],[3]		Drill-In, Completion and Well Intervention Fluids				
			Final			

Recommended Sources
1. Preparation for the Wellsite DR ILLI ING FLUIDS SHELL

2. . John Ford Drilling Engineering HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY ,Department of Petroleum Engineering, Edinburgh, 2013

3. Hussain Rabia Well Engineering & Construction

4. E.M.Suleymanov Cementing of wells in complicated conditions. 2014 Germany,

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

#### **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload				
Activities	Number	Duration	Total	
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)	
Course duration in class	14	3	42	
Presentation	1	10	10	
Tutorials	10	1	10	
Self-study	14	4	56	
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3	
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7	
Final Examination	1	3	3	
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14	
Total Workload			145	
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>4.8</b>	
ECTS Credit of the Course			5	

#### Oil and gas engineering (OGEN) program, Oil and Gas Production Faculty BS program, Oil & Gas Engineering Department

Course Unit Code	LAB 2201
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	4
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	2
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	4
Course Coordinator	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Lecturer (s)	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 2201
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	

#### **Course description:**

Drilling Fluids Laboratory works of various oil and gas wells technology, including drilling and completion technology, well completion and stimulation, pumping system, well testing, pipes, cementing the process of drilling equipment and technology in the development of oil and gas wells, cost, economics, regulations, tax incentives.

Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

To give learners the knowledge about:

- Provide overview of modern Drilling Fluids Laboratory industry
- Provide skillful understanding of Drilling Fluids Laboratory theory
- Perform advanced Drilling Fluids Laboratory planning and operations related calculations

-			
	ning Outcomes		
At the	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment	
1	Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures: 1		
2	Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties;	1, 2, 6	
3	Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability	2,3,4, 6	
	and relative permeability properties:		
4	Principles and operation of gamma ray, self potential, caliper, resistivity (micro and	1, 2, 6	
	focused), density neutron, sonic, cement bond and variable density; diameter of well		
	logging tools. Interpretation of well log and their cross plotting techniques.		
5	Determination of formation properties.	2, 3, 6	
6	Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions.	2,3,4,6	
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentati	on, 6. Lab. Work	
Cour	se's Contribution to Program		
		CL	
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3	
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4	
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method	s	
	of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir syster		
	design.	-	
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovativ	e	
	processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic		
	environmental and social point of view.		

			1		
5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.				
6	Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary team.				
7		ontinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8		ge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5		
9	accumulations	y the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	4		
10	activities involv	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical ved in exploration and production.	4		
		el (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se Contents		-		
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1], [2]	Fundamentals of Drilling Fluids1			
2	[1], [2]	Density1			
3	[1], [2]	Rheology1			
4	[1], [2]	Viscosity1			
5	[1], [2]	Gel Strength1			
6	[1], [2]	Filtration1			
7	7 [1], [2] Testing Equipment1				
8	[1], [2]	Fundamentals of Drilling Fluids2	Midterm		
9	[1], [2]	Density2			
10	[1], [2]	Rheology2			
11	[1], [2]	Viscosity2			
12	[1], [2]	Gel Strength2			
13	[1], [2]	Filtration2			
14	[1], [2]	Testing Equipment2			
15			Final		
1. <u>Dr</u>	ohn Ford Drilling	Jal       Drilling Fluids Laboratory UNIVERSITY of ABERDEEN         g Engineering HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY ,Department of Petroleum			
	Engineering,	Edinburgh, 2013			

3. Hussain Rabia Well Engineering & Construction

4. E.M.Suleymanov Changes in the hydrodynamic pressure in the well during the descent of pipes 2015 Germany,Palmarium Academic Publishing

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities		(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	2	28
Presentation	1	10	10
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	3	42
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	7	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	1	121	
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>4.0</b> 3		
ECTS Credit of the Course	4		

Course Unit Title	Petrolphysics & Formation Evaluation
Course Unit Code	0GEN 2202
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	4
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	-
Recommended Optional Program Components	

#### **Course description:**

Well logging plays an essential role in petroleum exploration and exploitation. It is used to identify the pay zones of gas or oil in the reservoir formations. It gives continuous downhole record and detailed picture of both gradual and abrupt changes in physical properties of subsurface lithology Logging has a central role in the successful development of a hydrocarbon reservoir. Its measurements occupy a position of central importance in the life of a well, between two milestones: the surface seismic survey, which has influenced the decision for the well location, and the production testing.

Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

**Objectives of the Course:** 

To give learners the knowledge about:

- Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures:
- Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties;
- Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability and relative permeability properties:
- Principles and operation of gamma ray, self potential, caliper, resistivity (micro and focused), density neutron, sonic, cement bond and variable density; diameter of well logging tools. Interpretation of well log and their cross plotting techniques.
- **Determination of formation properties.**

#### Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions. **Learning Outcomes** At the end of the course the student should be able to Assessment Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures: 2 Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties; 1, 2,3 Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability 3 2,3,4 and relative permeability properties: 4 Principles and operation of gamma ray, self potential, caliper, resistivity (micro and 1, 2 focused), density neutron, sonic, cement bond and variable density; diameter of well logging tools. Interpretation of well log and their cross plotting techniques. Determination of formation properties. 5 2.3 Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions. 2.3.4 6 Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work **Course's Contribution to Program** CL Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines. 1 3 2 The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary 4 requirements and methods for solving it.

3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.		5
4	According to the processes and c	he knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative omponents for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, nd social point of view.	3
5		pret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of periments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4
6	Ability to apply team.	the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1
7	Constant and co	ntinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
8	Apply knowledged to oil and gas op	ge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions perations.	5
9		the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon sing formation evaluation techniques.	3
10	activities involv	nstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical ed in exploration and production.	4
		l (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Cour	se Contents		
Weel	1	Topics	Exam
1	[1], [2]	Petrophysical Parameters	
2	[1], [2]	Petrophysical Parameters and methods for their determination	
3	[1], [2]	Mechanical properties of reservoir rocks and methods for their determination	
4	[1], [2]	Properties of reservoir fluids	
5	[1], [2]	Linear and radial filtration of oil and gas in a porous medium. Darcy's law	
6	[1], [2]	Open Hole Logging Tools I	
7	[1], [2]	Open Hole Logging Tools II	
8	[1], [2]	Open Hole Logging Tools II	Midterm
9	[1], [2]	Cased Hole Logging Tools	
10	[1], [2], [3]	Production Logging	
11	[1], [2], [3]	Data Acquisition	
12	[1], [2], [3]	An Over View Of Krishna-Godavari Basin	
13	[1], [2], [3]	Interpretation. Pre Interpretation	
14	[1], [2], [3]	Interpretation. Cross Plots	
			Final

1. Formation Evaluation. Heriot-Watt Institute of Petroleum Engineering. — Edinburgh, 2013. — 258p.

- Darling Toby. Well Logging and Formation Evaluation. Elsevier, 2005. 336 p.
   Schön Jürgen. Basic Well Logging and Formation Evaluation. Bookboon, 2015. 179 p.

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities		(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	170		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.6</b> 7		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

Course Unit Title	Petroleum & Formation Evaluation Laboratory
Course Unit Code	LAB 2202
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	3
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	3
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	2
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	4
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 2202 (Petrolphysics & Formation Eval.)
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	

#### **Course description:**

Laboratory works of various well logging methods (electrical, acoustic, and radioactive). Application of log interpretation techniques for lithology and hydrocarbon identification and calculation of reservoir parameters (porosity and saturation) for the quantitative evaluation of oil and gas reserves.

Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

- To give learners the knowledge about:
- Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures:
- Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties;
- Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability and relative permeability properties:
- Principles and operation of gamma ray, self potential, caliper, resistivity (micro and focused), density neutron, sonic, cement bond and variable density; diameter of well logging tools. Interpretation of well log and their cross plotting techniques.
- Determination of formation properties.
- Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions.

# Learning Outcomes

At the	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures:	1
2	Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties;	1, 2, 6
3	Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability and relative permeability properties:	2,3,4, 6
4	Principles and operation of gamma ray, self potential, caliper, resistivity (micro and focused), density neutron, sonic, cement bond and variable density; diameter of well logging tools. Interpretation of well log and their cross plotting techniques.	1, 2, 6
5	Determination of formation properties.	2, 3, 6
6	Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions.	2,3,4,6
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	ion, 6. Lab. Work
Cour	se's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4

3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.		5
4	processes and	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, and social point of view.	3
5		rpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4
6		y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1
7	Constant and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
8		dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	4
10	activities invol	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical ved in exploration and production.	4
CL: C	Contribution Lev	vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Cour	se Contents		
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam
1	[1], [2]	Preparing a logging program	
2	[1], [2]	Coring	
3	[1], [2]	Wellsite mud logging	
4	[1], [2]	Identifying the reservoir	
5	[1], [2]	Identifying the fluid type and contacts	
6	[1], [2]	Permeability determination	
7	[1], [2]	Core capillary pressure analysis	
8	[1], [2]	Shaly sand analysis	Midterm
9	[1], [2]	Nuclear magnetic resonance logging	
10	[1], [2]	Thermal decay neutron interpretation	
11	[1], [2]	Understanding geological maps	
12	[1], [2]	Geosteering	
	[1], [2]	Horizontal wells drilled above a contact	
13	[-],[-]		
13 14	[1], [2]	Logging tools	Final

- 4. Formation Evaluation. Heriot-Watt Institute of Petroleum Engineering. Edinburgh, 2013. 258p.
- Darling Toby. Well Logging and Formation Evaluation. Elsevier, 2005. 336 p.
   Schön Jürgen. Basic Well Logging and Formation Evaluation. Bookboon, 2015. 179 p.

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities		(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	2	28
Presentation	1	3	3
Tutorials	12	1	12
Self-study	14	3	42
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	3	3
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	9	9
Total Workload	103		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>3.43</b>		
ECTS Credit of the Course	3		

Course Unit Title	Improved Petroleum Recovery
Course Unit Code	OGEN 3101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>d</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	5
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	5
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	3
Semester when the course unit is delivered	5
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 2101 (Reservoir Fluid Flow)
Recommended Optional Programme Components	

#### **Course description:**

Enhanced oil recovery (EOR) is oil recovery by the injection of materials not normally present in the reservoir. This definition covers all modes of oil recovery processes (drive, push-pull, and well treatments) and most oil recovery agents.

Enhanced oil recovery technologies are also being used for in-situ extraction of organic pollutants from permeable media. In these applications, the extraction is

referred to as cleanup or remediation, and the hydrocarbon as product.

Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

By the end of the course the students should be able to learn :

- Primary Recovery
- Secondary Recovery
- Water Injection
- Gas Injection
- Limitations and disadvantages of Primary and Secondary Recovery Processes
- Tertiary or Enhanced Oil Recovery Methods
- Chemical Processes
- Miscible displacement methods
- Thermal Processes

#### Learning Outcomes

Lear	ing Outcomes	
At the	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.	1
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2
5	Use the discourse patterns and structures in different essay types that they need for real	2, 3
	life.	
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4
7	the written projects will be presented by the students	2,3,4
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	tion, 6. Lab. Work
Cou	rse's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4

3		b combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and he hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and em design.	5	
4	According to processes and	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, and social point of view.		
5		erpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4	
6	Ability to a multidisciplin	pply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a ary team.	1	
7	Constant and	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2	
8	solutions to of	edge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate il and gas operations.	5	
9	accumulation	ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon s using formation evaluation techniques.	5	
10	activities invo	nonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	5	
		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)		
Cour	se Contents	1		
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam	
1	[1], [2]	Geological Factors in Enhanced Oil Recovery		
2	[1], [2]	Determination of Residual Oil Saturation based on Geophysical Well logging techniques		
3	[2], [3]	Gas Injection		
4	[2], [3]	Miscible Flooding		
5	[2], [3]	Carbon Dioxide Flooding		
6	[2], [3]	Polymer Flooding		
7	[2], [3]	Polyacrylamides		
8	[2], [3]	Alkaline Flooding	Midterm	
9	[2], [3]	Use of Surfactants in oil recovery		
10	[2], [3]	Steam flooding for Enhanced Oil Recovery		
11	[2], [3]	Operational aspects of steam injection processes		
12	[2], [3]	In-situ combustion technology		
13	[2], [3]	Microbial enhanced oil recovery		
14	[2], [3]	Plasma, microwaves		
15			Final	

- 1. Alvarado V., Manrique E. Enhanced Oil Recovery: Field Planning and Development Strategies. Gulf Professional Publishing. 2010. 208p.
- 2. Yuan B., Wood D. Formation Damage During Improved Oil Recovery: Fundamentals and Applications. Gulf Professional Publishing, 2018. 663 p.
- 3. Marcel Latil- Enhanced Oil Recovery, 2008
- 4. Shepherd M. Factors Influencing Recovery from Oil and Gas Fields. AAPG Memoir, 2009.

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam

Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
		(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	13	13
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	4	64
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	ł	•	160
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.3</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course			5

Course Unit Title	Phase Behavior		
Course Unit Code	OGEN 3101		
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory		
Level of Course Unit 3 <sup>d</sup> year BSc program			
National Credits	6		
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6		
Theoretical (hour/week)	2		
Practice (hour/week)	1		
Laboratory (hour/week)	-		
Year of Study 3			
Semester when the course unit is delivered	3		
Course Coordinator	Phd. Vuqar Fataliyev		
Name of Lecturer (s) Phd. Vuqar Fataliyev			
Name of Assistant (s)	-		
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project		
	(oral and written)		
Prerequisites			
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	General Physics, General Chemistry		
Course description:			

The course covers the following topics: Samling, conventional and special PVT studies, cubic equations of state, characterizing heptanes- plus fractions, gas-liquid equilibirum calculations with a cubic equation of state. A wide range of oil and gas systems will be studied in relation to the topics above. Some programming and computer excercises using an EOS-based PVT program will be necessary, with both theoretical and practical project work for each student individually. Project work is mandatory.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

Ingress: The students should know basic chemistry and thermodynamics. Knowledge: The students should understand the application of equations of state, black-oil PVT and heptanes-plus characterization. Skills: The students should understand how to use PhazeComp to compute phase equilibrium calculations and viscosity estimation. General competence: The student should learn to solve problems without solutions being handed out (only provided through in-class partial solutions by the teacher) i.e. relying on their own ability to check and cross-check their work with others, in addition to using the lectures to ask questions about their solutions to problems. Critical self-learning is emphasized. Self-study is also required to decide what supportive reading is needed to understand (1) lectured material and (2) class problems these two defining the course curriculum.

Lear	ning Outcomes	
At the	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures:	1
2	Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties;	1, 2,3
3	Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability	2,3,4
	and relative permeability properties:	
4	Principles and operation of gamma ray, self potential, caliper, resistivity (micro and	1, 2
	focused), density neutron, sonic, cement bond and variable density; diameter of well	
	logging tools. Interpretation of well log and their cross plotting techniques.	
5	Determination of formation properties.	2, 3
6	Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions.	2,3,4
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation	on, 6. Lab. Work
Cour	se's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary	4
	requirements and methods for solving it.	4

3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.			
4	processes and c	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.		
5		pret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of speriments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4	
6	Ability to apply team.	the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1	
7	Constant and co	ntinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2	
8	Apply knowled to oil and gas of	ge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions perations.	5	
9		the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	4	
10		nstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical red in exploration and production.	4	
CL: C		el (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)		
Cour	se Contents			
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam	
1	[1]	Petroleum Reservoir Fluids		
2	[1]	Sampling, Quality Control, and Compositional Analyses		
3	[1], [2], [3]	PVT Experiments		
4	[1], [2], [3]	Equations of State		
5	[1], [2], [3]	C <sub>7+</sub> Characterization		
6	[1], [2], [3]	Flash and Phase Envelope Calculations		
7	[1], [2], [3]	PVT Simulation		
8	[1], [2]	Physical Properties	Midterm	
9	[1], [2]	Transport Properties		
10	[1], [2], [3]	Wax Formation		
11	[1], [2], [3]	Asphaltenes		
12	[1], [2], [3]	Gas Hydrates		
13	[1], [2], [3]	Compositional Variations with Depth		
14	[1], [2]	Formation Water and Hydrate Inhibitors		
15			Final	

- 1. Pedersen K.S., Christensen P.L., Shaikh J.A. Phase Behavior of Petroleum Reservoir Fluids. Second Edition. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2015. 446 p.
- 2. Bahadori A. Fluid Phase Behavior for Conventional and Unconventional Oil and Gas Reservoirs. Gulf Professional Publishing, 2017. 545 p.
- 3. Firoozabadi A. Thermodynamics and Applications of Hydrocarbons Energy Production. McGraw-Hill Education, USA, 2016. — 549 p..

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam

Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment	
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam	
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam	
Total	100%		

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS Credit of the Course			6
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ 5.67
Total Workload			170
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Self-study	14	5	70
Tutorials	14	1	14
Presentation	1	14	14
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
		Duration	Total

Course Unit Title	Drilling Engineering
Course Unit Code	Ogen 3101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>d</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	6
Course Coordinator	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Lecturer (s)	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Basic Calculus

#### **Course description:**

Drilling Engineering Technology, including drilling technology, well completion and stimulation, pumping system, well testing, pipes, cementing the process of drilling equipment and technology in the development of oil and gas wells, cost, economics, regulations, tax incentives.

Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

- Provide overview of modern drilling engineering industry
- Provide skillful understanding of drilling engineering theory
- Perform advanced well planning and operations related calculations

Lear	ning Outcomes			
At the	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment		
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.	1		
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3		
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4		
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2		
5	Ability to discuss in depth the Drilling Operations, Rig Components, Formation Pressures, Well Control, Casing, Cementing, Drilling Fluids, Hydraulics, Directional Drilling, Deflection tools and Directional Surveying, Logging, Measurement While Drilling Subsea Drilling, Drilling Problems and Fishing, Introduction to Completion and Interventions	2, 3,4, 5		
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4		
7	The written projects will be presented by the students	2,3,4		
8	Decision Making	4,5		
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	ion, 6. Lab. Work		
Cour	se's Contribution to Program			
		CL		
1	1 Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.			
2	2 The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.			

			1		
3					
	of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.				
4		the knowledge and skills acquired during the training develop innovative			
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic,				
		and social point of view.	3		
5		rpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of			
_		experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4		
	system.				
6	Ability to appl	y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
	team.				
7		continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8		dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5		
0	to oil and gas	berations. ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon			
9		using formation evaluation techniques.	5		
10		onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical			
10		lved in exploration and production.	3		
CL: C		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	ı		
	se Contents				
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1], [2]	Overview of Drilling Operations			
2	[1], [2]	Rig Components			
3	[1], [2]	The Drillstring			
4	[1], [2]	Drilling Bits			
5	[1], [2]	Formation Pressures			
6	[1], [2]	Well Control			
7	[1], [2]	Casing			
8	[1], [2]	Cementing	Midterm		
9	[1], [2]	Drilling Fluids			
10	[1], [2]	Hydraulic			
11	[1], [2]	Directional Drilling			
12	[1], [2]	Directional Surveying			
	[1], [2] Measurement While Drilling				
13	[1], [2]				
13 14		Subsea Drilling	Final		

1. John Ford Drilling Engineering HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY ,Department of Petroleum

Engineering, Edinburgh, 2013

2. Hussain Rabia Well Engineering & Construction

3. C.C.Azar, Q.Robello Samuel. Qazma mühəndisliyi. Bakı, "Nafta-Press" nəşriyyatı, 2014

4. E.M.Suleymanov Well fixing 2014 Germany, Palmarium Academic Publishing,

#### Assessment

Attendance

Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .
- The students shall behave in professional way to create favorable academic environment during the class hours for themselves and their colleagues. Unauthorized discussions and unethical behavior are strictly prohibited.

A		Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	170		
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.67</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

Course Unit Title	Drilling Engineering Laboratory
Course Unit Code	LAB 3101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	3
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	3
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	2
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	4
Course Coordinator	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Lecturer (s)	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 3101
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	

#### **Course description:**

Laboratory works of various oil and gas wells technology, including drilling and completion technology, well completion and stimulation, pumping system, well testing, pipes, cementing the process of drilling equipment and technology in the development of oil and gas wells, cost, economics, regulations, tax incentives. Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

- To give learners the knowledge about:
- Provide overview of modern Drilling Engineering Laboratory industry
- •
- Provide skillful understanding of Drilling Engineering Laboratory theory
- Perform advanced Drilling Engineering Laboratory planning and operations related calculations

Lear	ning Outcomes			
	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment		
1	Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures:	1		
2	Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties;	1, 2, 6		
3	Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability and relative permeability properties:	2,3,4, 6		
4				
5 Determination of formation properties.				
6	Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions.			
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentati	on, 6. Lab. Work		
Cour	se's Contribution to Program			
		CL		
1	3			
2 The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.		4		

		5		
design.				
According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative				
		3		
		4		
system.				
•	oply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
	d continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
		5		
		5		
		3		
		3		
	Level (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
		[		
k Chapte	Topics	Exam		
[2]	Mud Weight, Marsh Funnel Viscosity and pH			
[2]	Mud Rheology Test			
[2]	Filtration, Wall Building and Resistivity			
[2]	Mud Weight Control			
[1], [2]	Drilling Fluid Contamination Test			
[1], [2]	Solid, Liquid Content and Emulsion. Characteristic of Drilling Fluids			
[1], [2]	Oil Well Cementing Experiments			
[1], [2]	Familiarization and Line-up of Operational Components 1	Midterm		
[1], [2]	Familiarization and Line-up of Operational Components 2			
[1], [2]	Operation of Major Components			
Image: 1         [1], [2]         Kick Identifications and Well Shut-in Procedures				
[1], [2]	Kick Control Exercises: Well Control Operations			
[1], [2]	Oil Well Cementing Test			
13     [1], [2]     Oil Well Cementing Test       14     [1], [2]     Oil Well Cementing Testing equipment				
L J/L .				
	of the hydro design. According to processes an environmen Ability to in research and system. Ability to ap team. Constant an Apply know to oil and ga Critically ap accumulatio Ability to de activities in Contribution I se Contents k Chapter [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.         Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.         Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary team.         Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.         Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions to oil and gas operations.         Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon accumulations using formation evaluation techniques.         Ability to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical activities involved in exploration and production.         Somtribution Level (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)         see Contents         k       Chapter         Topics         [2]       Mud Weight, Marsh Funnel Viscosity and pH         [2]       Mud Weight Control         [1], [2]       Filtration, Wall Building and Resistivity         [2]       Mud Weight Control         [1], [2]       Solid, Liquid Content and Emulsion. Characteristic of Drilling Fluids         [1], [2]       Familiarization and Line-up of Operational <t< td=""></t<>		

1.Department of Petroleum Engineering DRILLING ENGINEERING LABORATORY MANUAL KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & MINERALS

2. John Ford Drilling Engineering HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY ,Department of Petroleum Engineering,Edinburgh, 2013

3. Hussain Rabia Well Engineering & Construction

4. E.M.Suleymanov Compositions for cementing oil and gas wells. 2016 Germany, Palmarium Academic Publishing,

Assessment	
Attendance	

Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	2	28
Presentation	1	3	3
Tutorials	12	1	12
Self-study	14	3	42
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	3	3
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	9	9
Total Workload	1		103
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>3.43</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course			3

Course Unit Title	Senior Design 1,2
Course Unit Code	TECH3101 / TECH3202
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>rd</sup> year of BS program
National Credits	-
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	2/14
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	3
Semester when the course unit is delivered	5/6
Course Coordinator	Phd. Malikov R.Kh.
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Malikov R.Kh.
Name of Assistant (s)	
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
Recommended Optional Programme Components	

#### **Course description:**

The major focus of the IED course is to expose students to design process, research and analysis, teamwork, communication methods, , engineering standards, and technical documentation.

Students will employ engineering and scientific concepts in the solution of engineering design problems. In addition, students use a state of the 3D solid modeling design software package to help them design solutions to solve proposed problems. Students will develop problem-solving skills and apply their knowledge of research and design to create solutions to various challenges that increase in difficulty throughout the course.

The students acquaint with the basic knowledge and skills in engineering drawings and the capability to read and interpret blue prints for manufacturing. The students can also develop an understanding of 2D and 3D computer aided drafting with the requirements of good engineering drawings and be able to apply them to their work.

Using computers at the beginning of the engineering education will help the students visualize engineering components. Appropriate sketching exercises will be done during practice hours by using a package program

namely AutoCAD. The CAD software should be perceived by the student as a tool for producing engineering drawings.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

The purpose of this course is to familiarize students with basic concepts and the use of computer technology in the design process.

Students are introduced to basic knowledge and skills in engineering and computer graphics and simulation effects in the design process.

Students have the opportunity to apply simulation effects in practical work.

Lea	rning Outcomes		
At	he end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment	
1	Get information on computer design		
2	Develop assembly drawings		
3	Skillfully apply elements of computer graphics in the design process		
4	Understand the basic idea of the simulation process		
5	Use simulation effects in the design process	1,2,,3	
Ass	essment Methods: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Seminars		
Со	urse's Contribution to Program		
		CL	
	1       Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	5	
	2 The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4	
	3 The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.	5	
	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.	5	

5			
	Ability	to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds	
	of rese	arch and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development	4
	of the s	system.	
6	Ability	to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a	
	-	isciplinary team.	4
	manna	isoipiniary touin.	
7	Consta	ant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	4
,	Consta	in and continuous sen development and rearining for a fong time.	-
8	Apply	knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate	
0		ns to oil and gas operations.	4
	solutio	iis to on and gas operations.	
9	Critica	lly apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing	
,			5
	nyaroc	earbon accumulations using formation evaluation techniques.	
10	Ability	to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and	
10	-	• • • •	3
	technic	cal activities involved in exploration and production.	
	CL:	Contribution Level (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
		Senior Design 1	
Week	Chapter	Topics	Exam
	-	_	
	1[3]	Introduction. The methods of projections. Orthogonal projection. Planes of	
1		projections. Point. The projections of different points to the plane of projections.	
1		Straigh line. Position of straight line relative to projection planes. Relative	
		position of point and straight line. True lenght of straight line segment.	
		position of point and straight line. The length of straight line segment.	
2		Geometric constructions. Dividing and Constructing lines and angles. Dividing	
-		of line into two equal parts. Blending of two lines. Blending of Circle and line.	
	1[3]		
	1[5]	Blending of two circles. Internal and external blendings.	
2	1[2]		
3	1[3]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and	
3	1[3]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension,	
3	1[3]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and	
	1[3]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.	
3	1[3]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer. Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated,	
		Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.	
	1[3]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer. Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated,	
4	1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.	
		<ul> <li>Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.</li> <li>Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.</li> <li>Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and</li> </ul>	
4	1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.	
4 5,6	1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.	
4	1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.         Construction of the third projection of detail on two given projections, its	
4 5,6	1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.	
4 5,6 7,8	1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.         Construction of the third projection of detail on two given projections, its	
4 5,6	1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.         Construction of the third projection of detail on two given projections, its	
4 5,6 7,8 9	1[8] 1[8] 1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.         Construction of the third projection of detail on two given projections, its sectioning and dimensioning.	midterm
4 5,6 7,8	1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.         Construction of the third projection of detail on two given projections, its	midterm
4 5,6 7,8 9	1[8] 1[8] 1[8]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.         Construction of the third projection of detail on two given projections, its sectioning and dimensioning.	midterm exam
4 5,6 7,8 9 10,11	1[8] 1[8] 1[8] 1[9]	Dimensioning: Projection lines, Dimension lines, Leader lines, Termination and Origin Indication. Chain dimension, Parallel dimension, Combined dimension, Coordinates dimension. Chord, Arc, Angle, Chamfer.         Views. Sectioning. Simple and full sections. Inclined, local, complicated, stepped and broken sections.         Construction of the sketch of three views of a detail, its sectioning and dimensioning.         Construction of the third projection of detail on two given projections, its sectioning and dimensioning.         Axonometric projections.	midterm exam

		threads on Tec	of threads on Technical Drawing. hnical Drawing. . Representation of welding on Tech		
14,15	1[11]	Assembly drav	ving		
					Exam
			Senior Design 2		
Week	Chapter		Topics		Exam
1,2	2[1]	Introduction design	to Computer Aided Sketching. Role of	of CAD in mechanical	
3,4	2[1]	-	een, layout of the software, standard f most commonly used tool bars.	tool bar/menus and	
5,6	2[1]	Coordinate sy	stem and reference planes.		
		Creation of 2	D environment. Selection of drawing	size and scale.	
7,8	2[2,3]	Commands a circles, ellips	nd creation of lines, polylines, rectande, text.	gle, polygons, splines,	
9					midterm exam
10.11	054 53	Commands of modify bar: move, copy, offset, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet, curves.			
10,11	2[4,5]				
	2[4,5]	break, chamfe			
12,13		break, chamf Dimensioning Designing de Creation of 3	er, fillet, curves. g, line convention, material conventio	ons and lettering.	
12,13 14,15	2[8]	break, chamf Dimensioning Designing de Creation of 3 Designing de	er, fillet, curves. g, line convention, material convention tails in the 3D system D environment. Modelling, Solid edit	ons and lettering.	
12,13 14,15 Recom	2[8] 2[8]	break, chamf Dimensioning Designing de Creation of 3 Designing de	er, fillet, curves. g, line convention, material convention tails in the 3D system D environment. Modelling, Solid edit	ons and lettering.	
12,13 14,15 Recom	2[8] 2[8] mended So BOOK(S)	break, chamf Dimensioning Designing de Creation of 3 Designing de	er, fillet, curves. g, line convention, material convention tails in the 3D system D environment. Modelling, Solid edit	ons and lettering.	
12,13 14,15 <b>Recom</b> <b>TEXT</b> 1. A Fi	2[8] 2[8] mended So BOOK(S) irst Course i	break, chamf Dimensioning Designing de Creation of 3 Designing de	er, fillet, curves. g, line convention, material convention tails in the 3D system D environment. Modelling, Solid edit etails in the 3D system	ons and lettering.	
12,13 14,15 <b>Recom</b> <b>TEXT</b> 1. A Fi 2. Scot	2[8] 2[8] mended So BOOK(S) irst Course i it Onstoff A	break, chamf Dimensioning Designing de Creation of 3 Designing de ources	er, fillet, curves. g, line convention, material convention tails in the 3D system D environment. Modelling, Solid edit etails in the 3D system	ons and lettering.	
<b>TEXT</b> 1. A Fi	2[8] 2[8] mmended So BOOK(S) irst Course i it Onstoff A ment	break, chamf Dimensioning Designing de Creation of 3 Designing de ources	er, fillet, curves. g, line convention, material convention tails in the 3D system D environment. Modelling, Solid edit etails in the 3D system	ons and lettering.	nce results

Independent work	10%	
Midterm Exam	20%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	
Assessment Criteria		
Final grades are determined accor Undergraduate	ding to the Academic Regulation	ons of Azerbaijan Ministry of Education for
Studies		

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)		
Course duration in class	14	3	42		
Presentation	1	5	5		
Tutorials	10	1	10		
Self-study	14	4	56		
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3		
Preparation for midterm exams	1	3	3		
Final Examination	1	3	3		
Preparation for final exam	1	10	10		
Total Workload	Total Workload				
Total Workload/30(h)	<b>≈ 4.4</b>				
ECTS Credit of the Course	4				

Course Unit Title	Reservoir Engineering
Course Unit Code	OGEN 3202
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>rd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	3
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	3
Semester when the course unit is delivered	6
Course Coordinator	Ass. Ramil Mammadov
Name of Lecturer (s)	Ass. Ramil Mammadov
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	-
<b>Recommended Optional Programme Components</b>	Pre Intermediate English level grammar, ODE

**Course description:** 

Estimation of hydrocarbon pore volume and recovery factor. Classification of oil reservoirs. Reservoir performance prediction for solution gas drive, water drive, gas-cap drive, drainage and combination drive reservoirs using material balance approach. Water influx theory. Water and gas coning in oil producing formations. Characterization of fractured reservoirs. Decline Curve Analysis.

- This course explains the fundamentals of reservoir engineering and their practical application in conducting a comprehensive field study. 1st mid-term includes fundamentals of reservoir fluid behavior with an emphasis on the classification of reservoir and reservoir fluids. Here the fundamental mathematical expressions that are used to describe the reservoir fluid flow behavior in porous media. Principles of oil and gas well performances calculations are also discussed. Parallel you will be deeply familiar with water influx processes in reservoir.
- In the 2nd mid-term, it is introduced the basic principle of oil recovery mechanisms and presented by the generalized form of the material balance equation. Later, waterflooding and Enhanced Oil Recovery methods will be discussed. After gaining knowledge about Gas and fractured reservoirs, modern approach such as reservoir simulation will be discussed and illustrated at the end of the course.

Lear	Learning Outcomes			
At the end of the course the student should be able to A				
1	Identify and articulate reservoirs by pressure-temperature diagrams 1			
2	Formulate and calculate different types of fluid flow in reservoir	1, 2,3		
3	Analysing fluid flow through in porous media	2,3,4		
4	How to use dimensionless method to obtain flow parameters in reservoir	1, 2		
5	Understand recovery mechanisms by using Material Balance Equation	2, 3		
6	Analyzing two-phase flow	2,3,4		
7	Application relative permeability curves in reservoir engineering problems	2,3,4		
Asse	Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work			
Cou	Course's Contribution to Program			
		CL		
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3		
2	2 The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary 4			
	requirements and methods for solving it.	+		
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method			
	of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	n 5		
	design.			

4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, and social point of view.				
5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.				
6		ly the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7	Constant and	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8	Apply knowle to oil and gas	edge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	5		
9	* 11	by the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon s using formation evaluation techniques.	5		
10	Ability to den	nonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical olved in exploration and production.	4		
	Contribution Le	vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se Contents	1			
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1]	Introduction.			
2	[1]	Reservoir pressures and temperatures Classification of reservoirs and reservoir fluids			
3	[1], [2]	Fundamentals of reservoir fluid flow			
4	[1], [2]	Material balance applied to oil reservoirs			
5	[1], [2]	Comparing Reservoir Drive Mechanisms			
6	[1], [2]	Darcy's law and applications			
7	[1], [2]	Fluid Potential			
8	[1], [2]	Radial Steady State Flow; Well Stimulation	Midterm		
9	[1], [2]	The Basic Differential Equation For Radial Flow In A Porous Medium			
10	0 [1], [2] Principles of Waterflooding				
11	1 [1], [2] Vapour liquid eqilibria and PVT analysis				
12	[1], [2]	Immiscible displacement			
13	[1], [2]	Fractured reservoirs			
14	[1], [2]	Gas reservoirs			
15	5		Final		

**Recommended Sources** 

- B.C.Craft, M.Hawkins Applied petroleum reservoir engineering, 2014
   Reservoir Engineering Handbook by Tarek H Ahmed, 2018
- 3. Reservoir Engineering. Heriot-Watt Institute of Petroleum Engineering, 2005
- 4. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering: Physical Properties by James W. Amyx, Daniel M. Bass & Robert L. Whiting, 1960

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Acuvites		(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	170		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ 5.67		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

Course Unit Title	Transport Phenomenon
Course Unit Code	OGEN 3202
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	5
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	3
Semester when the course unit is delivered	6
Course Coordinator	PhD. Fidan B. Ismayilova
Name of Lecturer (s)	PhD. Fidan B. Ismayilova
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Seminar.
Language of Instruction	English
Recommended Optional Programme	-
Components	
	-

#### **Course description:**

Transport Phenomena is the subject which deals with the movement of different physical quantities such as momentum, energy and mass in any chemical or mechanical process a n d combines the basic principles (conservation laws) a n d laws of various types of transport. Transport Phenomena can be classified into three types:

**Momentum transport** deals with the transport of momentum in fluids and is also known as fluid dynamics. Solution of equation of motion provides information about the velocity distribution in the system.

**Energy transport** deals with the transport of different forms of energy in a system and is also commonly known as heat transfer. Solution of basic equation of thermal energy provides the information about the temperature distribution in the system. **Mass transport** deals with the transport of various chemical species in a system. The solution of convective diffusion equation provides the information about the concentration distribution in the system.

Although all these fields are developed separately throughout the history of science and technology, it is important to study these transport phenomena together due to following reasons.

These transport phenomena occur frequently and most of the time simultaneously in industrial problems.

All type of transport phenomena can be explained by similar transport and conversion laws. Physical properties which are used to describe transport laws like kinematic viscosity, thermal diffusivity or mass diffusivity play similar role.

The mathematical requirements for solving problems related to transport phenomena are more or less similar.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

Transport phenomena occurring in any system can be studied at different levels. We can study transport at macroscopic level where the transport equations are developed by balancing of physical quantities as input and output streams in a control volume which may provide a fair idea about overall performance of systems. But it cannot provide information at local level. Whereas, the transport phenomena at microscopic level, where the transport equations are developed by balancing physical quantities for a

small control volume and then allowing the control volume to approach zero results in transport equations which are valid at each point in the fluid. Theses equations may be solved by using appropriate assumptions and boundary conditions. Microscopic level of study of system gives the chance to study the systems in much more details and provides more accurate description of the transport phenomena occurring in the system. If required, these equations may be integrated for the whole system for better understanding of the overall performance of the system.

Third level of study of transport phenomena is at molecular level. Here, the transport phenomena are described in terms of molecular structure and intermolecular forces. Study of transport phenomena at this level may be important for theoretical physicist/ chemist because it link the basic characteristic of material or molecules of material to transport properties like viscosity or thermal conductivity but it may not have as much importance for a technologist who is working on actual engineering problems where it may not be possible to integrate the simulations from molecular level to full system.

Learnin	g Outcomes			
At the en	d of the course the student will be able to	Assessment		
1	To obtain an understanding about rheophysical properties of fluid 1,2			
2	To learn the main factors affecting mass transfer	1		
3	To learn about the types of fluids	2		
4	To learn about fluids flow regimes.	1		
5	To carry out hydraulic calculation of oil pipelines	1		
6	To learn about multiphase transportation	1,2,3		
Assessm	nent Methods: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Midterm	·		
Course C	ontents			
Week	Topics	Exam		
1	Introduction to basic consepts. The subject of transport phenomena.			
2	General Concepts of a Fluid Seminar1. General overview of transport phenomena including various applications			
3	Stress, Pressure, velocity and basic laws.			
4	Main physical properties of fluids.         Seminar2. Assessment and determination of physical properties			
5	Mass transfer. Diffusion			
6	Energy transfer Seminar3. Transformation of kinetic energy			
7	Rheological parameters of transported fluid Seminar4 Rheological parameter of oil emulsions			
8	Newtonian and non-Newtonian liquids	wtonian liquids Midterm		
9	Continuity equations Seminar5. Bernoulli's equation			
10	Flow regimes. Reynolds number. Hydraulic resistance			
11	Pipeline transportation Seminar6. Calculation of pipelines			
12	Multiphase flow			
13	Multiphase flow parameters			

	Seminar7 Hydraulic calculation of multiphase flow	
14	Determination optimal flow rate for multiphase flow	
15		Final

# **Recommended Sources**

- 1. Larry A.Glasgow, Transport Phenomena (An introduction to advanced topics), John Wiley & Sons, Inc., The USA 2010.
- 2. L.Gary Leal, Advanced Transport Phenomena (Fluid mechanics and Convective Transport Processes), Gambridge University Press, 2007.
- 3. R. B. Bird, W. E. Stewart and E. N. Lightfoot, TransportPhenomena, 2nd Ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2002.

### Assessment

Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade
Presentation	20%	
Seminars (Quizzes)	0%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

# Assessment Criteria

Final grades are determined according to the Guidelines of Azerbaijan State University of Oil and Industry for Undergraduate Studies

### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

### ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	13	13
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	4	64
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	160		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.3</b>		
ECTS Credit of the Course			5

Course Unit Title	Production Engineering
Course Unit Code	OGEN 3202
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>rd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	5
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	5
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	3
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	6
Course Coordinator	Ass. Ramil Mammadov
Name of Lecturer (s)	Ass. Ramil Mammadov
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	-
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Pre Intermediate English level grammar, reading,
	writing and listening skills.

### Course description:

Drill stem testing, well completion methods, completion fluids and sand control. Perforating, well head equipment and flow control devices, production packers, oil and gas separators. Flowing well performance, sucker rod pumping, submersible electrical centrifugal pumping, well stimulation techniques; acidizing, hydraulic fracturing.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

• The main objective is to give an introductory level of understanding about production system from subsurface to surface facilities and transportation, description of near wellbore dynamic behavior, fluid properties, flow assurance and deterioration of flow rates. Also, solution of partial differential equations will be practiced for solving complicated fluid flow equations. Inform students with up to date technologies in the world.

Lear	Learning Outcomes			
At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment		
1	Design a production system and apply various optimization techniques	1		
2				
	production zones			
3	Predict unexpected behavior of wellbore pressure	2,3,4		
4	Understand reservoir and well integrity specifics.	1, 2		
5	Distinguish between different types of Artificial Lift systems and their application	2, 3		
6	Solve complicated equations regarding single and multiphase flow.	2,3,4		
7	7 Research on state-of-the-art technologies and understand their working principles 2,3,4			
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentati	on, 6. Lab. Work		
Cour	se's Contribution to Program			
		CL		
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3		
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.			
3	3 The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design. 5			
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic environmental and social point of view.			

5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the 4				
	research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the				
	system.				
6	Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary				
-	team.				
7		inuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8	to oil and gas oper	of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5		
9		he essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon			
'		ng formation evaluation techniques.	4		
10		trate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical			
	activities involved	in exploration and production.	5		
CL: C	Contribution Level (	1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	•		
Cour	se Contents				
Weel	k Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[2]	Fluid Characterization			
2	[2]	Fluid Properties: Black Oil models			
3	3 [2] Fluid Properties: Compositional models				
4	4 [2] Multiphase-Flow Pressure-gradient prediction				
5	[2]	Restricted flow into the wellbore			
6	[1], [2], [3]	Formation Damage			
7	[1], [2], [3]	Matrix Acidizing			
8			Midterm		
9	[1], [2], [3]	Hydraulic Fracturing			
10	[1], [2], [3]	Unstable formations and Sand Control			
11	1 [1], [2], [3] Fundamentals of Artificial Lift				
12	[1], [2], [3]	Gas Lift			
13	[1], [2], [3]	Flow Assurance I			
14	[1], [2], [3]	Flow Assurance II			
	5		Final		

### **Recommended Sources**

- 1. Surface Production Operations, Volume 1: Design of Oil Handling Systems and Facilities by Ken E. Arnold, Maurice Stewart, 2007
- 2. Michael J Economides, A.Daniel Hill, Christine Ehllg-Economides Petroleum production systems, 2012
- 3. Surface Production Operations: Vol 2: Design of Gas-Handling Systems and Facilities by Maurice Stewart, Ph.D., P.E., 2014
- 4. Petroleum Production Engineering: A Computer Assisted Approach, BoyunGuo, William C. Lyons, Ali Ghalambor, Elesevier Science & Technology Books, 2007.

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload				
Activities	Number	Duration	Total	
Activities		(hour)	Workload(hour)	
Course duration in class	14	3	42	
Presentation	1	13	13	
Tutorials	14	1	14	
Self-study	14	4	64	
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3	
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7	
Final Examination	1	3	3	
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14	
Total Workload	160			
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.3</b>			
ECTS Credit of the Course			5	

Course Unit Title	Production Engineering Lab
Course Unit Code	LAB 3201
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>rd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	0
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	-
Laboratory (hour/week)	2
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	1
Course Coordinator	Ass. Ramil Mammadov
Name of Lecturer (s)	Ass. Ramil Mammadov
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 3202 (Production Engineering)
Recommended Optional Program Components	

#### **Course description:**

Drill stem testing, well completion methods, completion fluids and sand control. Perforating, well head equipment and flow control devices, production packers, oil and gas separators. Flowing well performance, sucker rod pumping, submersible electrical centrifugal pumping, well stimulation techniques; acidizing, hydraulic fracturing.

- To give learners the knowledge about:
- The main objective is to give an introductory level of understanding about production system from subsurface to surface facilities and transportation, description of near wellbore dynamic behavior, fluid properties, flow assurance and deterioration of flow rates. Also, solution of partial differential equations will be practiced for solving complicated fluid flow equations. Inform students with up to date technologies in the world.

	dute technologies in the world.		
Lear	ning Outcomes		
At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment	]
1	Design a production system and apply various optimization techniques	1	
2	Describe the options with constrains and advantages for producing from multiple production zones	1, 2, 6	
3	Predict unexpected behavior of wellbore pressure	2,3,4, 6	1
4	Understand reservoir and well integrity specifics.	1, 2, 6	1
5	Distinguish between different types of Artificial Lift systems and their application	2, 3, 6	
6	Solve complicated equations regarding single and multiphase flow.	2,3,4,6	]
Asse	essment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentative	on, 6. Lab. Work	Resear
Cou	rse's Contribution to Program		
		CL	
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3	
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4	
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir systen design.		
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic environmental and social point of view.		

5		pret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of			
	research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the				
	system.				
6	Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary				
	team.		1		
7	Constant and co	ntinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8		ge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	F		
	to oil and gas op		5		
9		the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon	2		
		sing formation evaluation techniques.	3		
10	Ability to demor	nstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical	-		
		ed in exploration and production.	5		
CL: C		1 (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
	se Contents				
Wee		Topics	Exam		
	1	Fluid classification			
1	[1], [2]				
2	2 [1], [2], [3] Data Analysis				
3	[1], [2], [3] Vazquez & Beggs equation				
4	[2], [3] Beggs & Robinson equation				
5	[2], [3]	Evaluation of Wellbore pressure gradient			
6	[2], [3]	Pressure gradient prediction in annuli			
		Skin factor and related concepts			
7	[2], [3]	Skill factor and related concepts			
8			Midterm		
9	[1], [2], [3]	Flowing well performance			
10	[1], [3]	Well stimulation techniques			
11					
12					
13	[1], [3]	Gas lift mechanics			
14	[1], [2], [3]	Flow assurance			
15			Final		
T - 4 -	famoticala	1	l		

#### List of practicals

1. Predicting the pressure gradient in the well using empirical relationships and mechanical models. Taking / not taking into account the flow regimes conducting the empirical classification.

2. Well operation by compressor method. Gaslift and airlift. Scopes of compressor operation, its advantages and disadvantages.

3. Factors that adversely affect the operation of the sucker rod pump. Control over the optimal operating mode of the pump. Dynamograph and dynamometers.

4. Pressure loss evaluation for two phase flow in pipe line and optimization of line size.

5. Analysis of well problem by inflow and outflow characteristics.

- 6. To study flow assurance related problems and remedial treatment to solve it.
- 7. Study of multiphase flow regimes with their characteristics.

#### **Recommended Sources**

- 1. Surface Production Operations, Volume 1: Design of Oil Handling Systems and Facilities by Ken E. Arnold, Maurice Stewart, 2007
- 2. Michael J Economides, A.Daniel Hill, Christine Ehllg-Economides Petroleum production systems, 2012
- 3. Surface Production Operations: Vol 2: Design of Gas-Handling Systems and Facilities by Maurice Stewart, Ph.D., P.E., 2014
- 4. Production Technology. Heriot-Watt Institute of Petroleum Engineering. Edinburgh, 2005.

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Acuvities	Inulliber	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	2	28
Presentation	1	10	10
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	3	42
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	7	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	14	14
Total Workload	121		
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>4.03</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course			4

Course Unit Title	Natural Gas Engineering
Course Unit Code	OGEN 4101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	4 year BSc program
National Credits	4
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	4
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7
Course Coordinator	Phd. Vuqar Fataliyev
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Vuqar Fataliyev
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	

**Course description:** 

This course will provide the student with knowledge of advanced, current and practical topics in Natural Gas Engineering. The topics will focus on operations and challenges related to the production of gas from the wellhead to market. An over-riding objective is to provide the student with exposure to practical concepts, to apply basic analytical and engineering techniques and methods and to provide an experience to address issues in a business-like setting.

### **Objectives of the Course:**

The student will be able to:

- 1. Fully explain the process and parties involved to move gas from the wellhead to market.
- 2. Identify critical regulatory and commercial requirements for marketable gas
- 3. Determine appropriate requirements and associated processing options to make gas marketable
- 4. Identify causes, monitoring techniques and mitigation approaches for corrosion.
- 5. Understand and apply risk management principles as related to production, storage and transmission operations
- 6. Develop and apply basic process logic for control/automation operations

7. Identify regulatory requirements, environmental and social concerns, logistical considerations

and basic construction techniques and practices for well site development

8. Apply various decision making methods, including multi-objective analysis to natural gas development projects.

9. Develop and apply basic project management techniques and processes.

Learning Outcomes				
At the	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment		
1	Petrophysical properties of reservoir rocks and measurement procedures:	1		
2	Fundamental porosity, grain density, permeability and saturation properties;	1, 2,3		
3	Multiphase rock and fluid interactions, interfacial tension, capillary pressure, wettability	2,3,4		
	and relative permeability properties:			
4	Principles and operation of gamma ray, self potential, caliper, resistivity (micro and	1, 2		
	focused), density neutron, sonic, cement bond and variable density; diameter of well			
	logging tools. Interpretation of well log and their cross plotting techniques.			
5	Determination of formation properties.	2, 3		
6	Guidelines to select proper logs in given field conditions.	2,3,4		
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work				
Cour	se's Contribution to Program			

			CL		
1		and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3		
2		nduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary d methods for solving it.	4		
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.				
4	According to the processes and c	he knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative omponents for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, nd social point of view.	3		
5	Ability to interp	periments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4		
6		the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7		ntinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8	Apply knowledg to oil and gas op	ye of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions perations.	5		
9	Critically apply	the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon sing formation evaluation techniques.	4		
10	Ability to demor	nstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical ed in exploration and production.	5		
CL: C		1 (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
	se Contents				
Weel	c Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1]	Introduction			
2	[1]	Properties of Natural Gas			
3	[1]	Gas Reservoir Deliverability			
4	[1]	Wellbore Performance			
5	[1]	Choke Performance			
6	[1], [2], [3]	Well Deliverability			
7	[1], [2], [3]	Separation	M <sup>C</sup> Iteration		
8	[1], [2], [3]	Dehydration of Natural Gas	Midterm		
9	[1], [2], [3]	Removal of Acid Gases			
10	[1], [2], [3]	Compression and Cooling			
11	[1], [2], [3]	Volumetric Measurement			
12	[2], [3]	Transportation			
13	[2], [3]	Liquid Loading on Gas Wells			
14	[2], [3]	Hydrate Control. Pipeline Cleaning	Final		
15			Final		
1.	<ul> <li>Recommended Sources</li> <li>1. Guo B., Ghalambor A. Natural Gas Engineering Handbook. 2nd edition. — Gulf Publishing Company, Houston, Texas, 2012. XX, 472 p.</li> <li>2. Wang X., Economides M. Advanced Natural Gas Engineering. Gulf Publishing Company, 2009. —</li> </ul>				
3.	<ul> <li>368 p.</li> <li>3. Lyons William, Plisga Gary J., Lorenz Michael D. (eds.) Standard Handbook of Petroleum and Natural Gas Engineering. 3rd Edition. — Gulf Professional Publishing, 2016.</li> </ul>				
Asses	sment				
Attend	lance				

Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	5	5
Tutorials	10	1	10
Self-study	14	4	56
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	3	3
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	10	10
Total Workload	132		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>4.4</b>		
ECTS Credit of the Course			4

Course Unit Title	Well Design Control
Course Unit Code	OGEN 4101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>d</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	4
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	2
Semester when the course unit is delivered	6
Course Coordinator	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Lecturer (s)	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 3101Drilling Engineering
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Basic Calculus

#### **Course description:**

Well Design Control Technology, including drilling and kick technology, well completion and stimulation, pumping system, well testing, pipes, cementing the process of drilling equipment and technology in the development of oil and gas wells, cost, economics, regulations, tax incentives. Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

- Provide overview of modern Well Design Control industry
- Provide skillful understanding of Well Design Control theory
- Perform advanced Well Design Control planning and operations related calculations

Lean		
	ning Outcomes	
At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.	1
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2
5	Ability to discuss in depth the Drilling Operations, Rig Components, Formation	2, 3,4, 5
	Pressures, Well Control, Casing, Cementing, Drilling Fluids, Hydraulics, Directional	
	Drilling, Deflection tools and Directional Surveying, Logging, Measurement While	
	Drilling Subsea Drilling, Drilling Problems and Fishing, Introduction to Completion and	
	Interventions	
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4
7	The written projects will be presented by the students	2,3,4
8	Decision Making	4,5
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	ion, 6. Lab. Work
Cour	se's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3

2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.				
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.				
4	processes and environmental	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, and social point of view.	3		
5		erpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4		
6	Ability to appl team.	y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7	Constant and c	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8		dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5		
9	Critically applacements	ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	3		
10	activities invol	onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	3		
		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se Contents				
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1], [2]	Primary Control			
2	[1], [2]	Secondary Control			
3	[1], [2]	Primary Indicators of a Kick			
4	[1], [2]	Secondary Indicators of a Kick			
5	[1], [2]	SECONDARY CONTROL 1			
6	[1], [2]	SECONDARY CONTROL 2			
7	[1], [2]	SECONDARY CONTROL 2			
8	[1], [2]	WELL KILLING PROCEDURES 2	Midterm		
9	[1], [2]	BOP EQUIPMENT 1			
10	[1], [2]	BOP EQUIPMENT 2			
11	[1], [2]	BOP STACK ARRANGEMENTS 1			
12	[1], [2]	BOP STACK ARRANGEMENTS 2			
	[1], [2]	overview of modern Well Design Control 1			
13					
13 14		overview of modern Well Design Control 2			

#### **Recommended Sources**

1. John Ford Drilling Engineering HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY ,Department of Petroleum

Engineering, Edinburgh, 2013

2. Hussain Rabia Well Engineering & Construction

3. C.C.Azar, Q.Robello Samuel. Qazma mühəndisliyi. Bakı, "Nafta-Press" nəşriyyatı, 2014

4. E.M.Suleymanov Prevention and elimination of accidents and complications when drilling wells 2016

Germany, Palmarium Academic Publishing

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .
- The students shall behave in professional way to create favorable academic environment during the class hours for themselves and their colleagues. Unauthorized discussions and unethical behavior are strictly prohibited.

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	5	5
Tutorials	10	1	10
Self-study	14	4	56
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	3	3
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	10	10
Total Workload	132		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>4.4</b>		
ECTS Credit of the Course			4

Course Unit Title	Well Comp; P & R
Course Unit Code	OGEN 4101
Type of Course Unit	Compulsory
Level of Course Unit	2 <sup>nd</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	4
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	4
Theoretical (hour/week)	-
Practice (hour/week)	3
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	4
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7
Course Coordinator	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Lecturer (s)	Prof. Doctor Suleymanov Eldar Mammad
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	

# Course description:

Completion oil and gas wells technology, including drilling and completion technology, well completion and stimulation, pumping system, well testing, pipes, cementing the process of drilling equipment and technology in the development of oil and gas wells, cost, economics, regulations, tax incentives.

Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

- By the end of the course the students should be able to learn :
- Provide overview of modern Completion oil and gas wells industry
- •
- Provide skillful understanding of Completion oil and gas wells theory
- Perform advanced Completion oil and gas wells planning and operations related calculations

Learning Outcomes					
		Assessment			
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.	1			
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3			
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4			
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2			
5	Use the discourse patterns and structures in different essay types that they need for real	2, 3			
	life.				
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4			
7	the written projects will be presented by the students				
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation	on, 6. Lab. Work			
Cour	se's Contribution to Program				
		CL			
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3			
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary	4			
	requirements and methods for solving it.	4			
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method				
	of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system				
	design.				

4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.						
5		et data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of eriments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4				
6		Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary					
0	team.	is skins and knowledge of engineering when working in a manufaselphilary	1				
7	Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time.						
8		of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	2				
0	to oil and gas oper		5				
9		he essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon					
-		ng formation evaluation techniques.	3				
10		trate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical					
_		l in exploration and production.	4				
CL: C		(1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)					
	se Contents						
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam				
1	[1], [3]	Introduction					
2	[1], [3]	Open Hole Completion Techniques					
3	[1], [2]	Perforating					
4	[1], [2], [3]	Hydraulic Fracturing					
5	[1], [2], [3]	Acid Fracturing and Stimulation					
6	[1], [2], [3]	Sand Control					
0	[1], [2], [3]						
7	[1], [2], [3]	Sand Control Screen Types					
8	[1], [2], [3]	Open Hole Gravel Packs	Midterm				
9	[1], [2], [3]	Cased Hole Gravel Packs					
		and Frac Packs					
10	[1], [2], [3]	Expandable Screens					
11	[1], [2], [3]	Completion Equipment					
12	[1], [2], [3]	Packers					
13	[1], [2], [3]	Completion Fluids and Filtration					
14	[1], [2], [3]	underbalance drilling, Completions for Heavy Oil and Steam Injection					
15			Final				

### **Recommended Sources**

1. Jonathan Bellarby WELL COMPLETION DESIGN SPE(Society of Petroleum Engineers) Aberdeen, 2009

2. Hussain Rabia Well Engineering & Construction

3. John Ford Drilling Engineering HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY ,Department of Petroleum Engineering,

Edinburgh,2013

4. E.M.Suleymanov Installation of cement bridges in oil and gas wells. 2015 Germany, Palmarium academic publishing

# Assessment

Assessment	
Attendance	

Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	5	5
Tutorials	10	1	10
Self-study	14	4	56
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	1	3	3
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	1	10	10
Total Workload			132
Total Workload/30(h)			<b>≈ 4.4</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course			4

Course Unit Title	Transportation and storage of natural gas
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5011
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	4th year
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	3
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7
Course Coordinator	PhD. Fidan B. Ismayilova
Name of Lecturer (s)	PhD. Fidan B. Ismayilova
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Seminar.
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
Recommended Optional Programme	-
Components	

**Course description:** Natural gas is an environment friendly, clean-burning fuel, offering important environmental benefits compared to other fossil fuels. It is also a remarkably safe source of energy when transported, stored, and used. The emergence of natural gas in the global markets further underscores the importance of gas transmission and processing.

Natural gas is the most energy efficient fossil fuel it offers important energy saving benefits when it is used instead of oil or coal. Although the primary use of natural gas is as a fuel, it is also a source of hydrocarbons for petrochemical feedstock and a major source of elemental sulphur, an important industrial chemical. Its popularity as an energy source is expected to grow substantially in the future because natural gas can help achieve two important

energy goals for the twenty-first century providing the sustainable energy supplies and services needed for social and economic development and reducing adverse impacts on global climate and the environment in general. Natural gas consumption and trade have been growing steadily over the past two decades and natural gas has strengthened

its position in the world energy mix. Although natural gas demand declined in 2009, as a result of the economic

slowdown, it is expected to resume growth in both emerging and traditional markets in the coming decades. Such increase in the near future will be driven because of additional demand in current uses, primarily power generation. There is yet little overlap between the use of natural gas and oil in all large markets. However, there are certain moves in the horizon, including the electrifying of transportation, which will push natural gas use to ever higher levels.

The objectives of the course are an introduction to natural gas by describing the origin and composition of natural gas, gas sources, phase behaviour and properties, transportation methods and storage facilities.

Learnir	ag Outcomes	
At the e	nd of the course the student will be able to	Assessment
1	To obtain an understanding about methods of gas transportation	1,2,3
2	To learn the main factors affecting gas transportation	1
3	To learn about the main gas pipelines	2
4	To carry out hydraulic calculation of gas and gas-condensate pipelines	1
5	To learn about multiphase flow	1
6	To learn about mail gas storage facilities	1,2,3
Assessi	nent Methods: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Midterm	·

Lecture	Topics	Exam
1	Introduction. Natural gas fundamentals. Natural gas properties Methods of natural gas transmission	
	Seminar 1. Main features of Natural gas transmission	
2	Basic concepts of NG processing. Gathering and transportation of associated gas.	
3	Hydraulic calculation of gas pipeline Seminar 2. Example of Hydraulic calculation of gas pipeline	
4	Main properties of LNG	
5	Transportation of LNG Seminar 3. Specific features of LNG	
6	Hydraulic calculation of LNG pipeline	
7	Seminar 4. Hydraulic calculation of LNG pipelines	
8	Multiphase gas pipelines	Midterm
9	Multiphase flow parameters Seminar 5. Multiphase flow patterns	
10	Condensate production	
11	Calculation of gas-condensate pipeline Seminar 6. Example of Calculation of gas-condensate pipeline	
12	Hydrate formation	
13	Natural Gas Storage. Seminar 7. Underground storage facilities	
14	LNG storage	
14		

1. Saeid M., William A.Poe, John Y.Mak. Handbook of Natural Gas Transmission and Processing (Third edition). Elsevier Inc. 2015.

2. A.P.Szilas. Production and transport of oil and gas. Part B:gathering and transport. Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, The netherlands, 1986.

#### Assessment

Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade

Presentation	20%	
Seminars (Quizzes)	0%	
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Guidelines of Azerbaijan State University of Oil and Industry for Undergraduate Studies

### **Course Policies**

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

# ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

Activities	Number	Duration (hour)	Total Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	•	•	167
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.56</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

Course Unit Title	Oil transportation and storage
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5012
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	0
Year of Study	4
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7
Course Coordinator	PhD. Fidan B. Ismayilova
Name of Lecturer (s)	PhD. Fidan B. Ismayilova
Mode of Delivery	Face to Face, Seminar.
Language of Instruction	English
Prerequisites	-
<b>Recommended Optional Programme</b>	-
Components	

**Course description:** 

The **transportation of oil** is the final step that <u>oil</u> takes before it is distributed to consumers. The transportation of oil is a part of midstream industry. After oil has been extracted from the ground, it requires transportation and distribution to <u>r</u>efineries and upgraders that convert the oil into usable components. After refining and upgrading, the usable petroleum products are then transported again to distribution locations worldwide. Thus, oil is transported both in its initial crude form and as a final product.

There are several different methods of transportation, all of which are becoming increasingly important. Advances in exploration and extraction techniques (like offshore drilling), means that oil is being located and recovered from increasingly remote locations across the globe. This coupled with an increasing demand for petroleum products has resulted in oil extraction and refining and being very far from where people are using gasoline, diesel and kerosene. This separation of supply and demand makes transportation vital in the petroleum industry.

The objectives of the course are an introduction to oil by describing the origin and composition of crude oil, oil sources, transportation methods, installation for oil transportation, pump stations, complications during oil transportation, and storage facilities.

Learnin	g Outcomes	
At the er	ad of the course the student will be able to	Assessment
1	To obtain an understanding about methods of transportation of oil and oil products	1,2,3
2	To learn the main factors affecting oil transportation	1
3	To learn about the main oil pipelines	2
4	To carry out hydraulic calculation of oil pipelines	1
5	To learn about multiproduct pipelines	1
6	To learn about mail oil storage facilities	1,2,3
Assessn	nent Methods: 1. Final Exam, 2. Presentation, 3. Midterm	
Course	Contents	
Week	Topics	Exam
1	Introduction to oil transportation. Short historical reference General information about transportation of oil and oil products. Seminar 1. Classification of oil pipelines	
2	Main parameters for oil pipeline calculation	
3	Hydraulic gradient Seminar 2. An example of hydraulic calculation of oil pipeline	
4	Wall thickness and stress calculation for pipelines	
5	Consecutive transportation of oil and oil products. Seminar 3. Factors affecting mix formation in multiproduct pipelines	
6.	Reducing the volume of mixture during consecutive transportation	
7	Seminar 4. Interface processing	
8	Multiphase oil pipelines	Midterm
9	Transportation of oil emulsions Seminar 5. Multiphase flow parameters	
10	Complications during oil transportation. Wax deposition process:mechanism and affecting factors	E
11	Leak detection Seminar 6. Leak detection systems	
12	Pipeline pigging	
13	Storage of oil and oil products Seminar 7. Types of oil storage tanks	
14	The determination of necessary wall thickness of cylindrical oil tank	

# **Recommended Sources**

- 1. Boyun Guo, William C. Lyons, Ali Ghalambor. Petroleum Production Engineering (A Computer-Assisted Approach). Elsevier Science and technology books, 2007.
- 2. The Oil and Gas Industry. Joseph F. Hilyard. Penn Well Corporation, The USA, 2012.

3. A.P.Szilas. Production and transport of oil and gas. Part B:gathering and transport. Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, The netherlands, 1986.

Assessment			
Attendance	0%	Less than 25% class attendance results in NA grade	
Presentation	20%		
Seminars (Quizzes)	0%		
Midterm Exam	30%	Written Exam	
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam	
Total	100%		

### **Assessment Criteria**

Final grades are determined according to the Guidelines of Azerbaijan State University of Oil and Industry for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance of the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer.
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. Cheating will be penalized according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industrial University General Student Discipline Regulations

Activities	Number	Duration	Total
		(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	167		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.56</b>		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

Course Unit Title	Directional Drilling Tools and Calculations
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5005
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>d</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	3
Semester when the course unit is delivered	6
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	Ogen 3101 (Drilling Engineering)
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Basic Calculus

#### **Course description:**

Directional and Horizontal Well Technology, including horizontal drilling, horizontal well completion and stimulation, pumping and lift system, well testing, horizontal wells in waterflooding and enhanced oil recovery, cost, economics, regulations, tax incentives.

Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

- Provide overview of modern directional and horizontal drilling engineering industry
- Provide skillful understanding of directional and horizontal drilling engineering theory
- Perform advanced directional and horizontal well planning and operations related calculations

Loor	ning Outcomes	
	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.	1
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2
5	Ability to discuss in depth the Drilling Operations, Rig Components, Formation Pressures, Well Control, Casing, Cementing, Drilling Fluids, Hydraulics, Directional Drilling, Deflection tools and Directional Surveying, Logging, Measurement While Drilling Subsea Drilling, Drilling Problems and Fishing, Introduction to Completion and Interventions	2, 3,4, 5
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4
7	The written projects will be presented by the students	2,3,4
8	Decision Making	4,5
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	ion, 6. Lab. Work
Cour	rse's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3

2		onduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary d methods for solving it.	4				
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.						
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic,						
_	environmental and social point of view.						
5		pret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of periments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4				
6		the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1				
7		ntinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2				
8		ge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5				
9	accumulations u	the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	3				
10	activities involv	nstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical ed in exploration and production.	3				
		el (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)					
Cour	se Contents		1				
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam				
1 [1],[3]		Reasons for drilling deviated wells					
2	[1],[3]	Coordinate Systems					
3	[1],[3]	Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM)					
4	[1],[3]	Reference Directions					
5	[1],[3]	Directional Well Planning					
6	[1],[3]	Types Of Well Profiles					
7	[1],[3]	Mud Motors					
8	[1],[3]	Deflection Tools	Midterm				
9	[1],[3]	Orientation Of deflection Tools					
10	[1],[3]	Bottom Hole Assemblies (BHA)					
11							
12	[1],[3]	Trajectory Calculations					
13							
	[1],[3]	Anti-Collision Planning					
14			Final				

- 1. Hossain M.E. Fundamentals of Drilling Engineering: Multiple Choice Questions and Workout Examples for Beginners and Engineers. Wiley, 2017.
- Mitchell R.F., Miska S.Z. Fundamentals of Drilling Engineering. Society of Petroleum Engineers, 2011. — 710 p. — (SPE Textbook Series, Vol. 12).
- 3. Richard S. Carden, Robert D. Grace, Directional Horizontal Drilling Manual PetroSkills. Tulsa, Oklahoma, Petroskills, LLC. AN OGCI Company, 2007, 409 p.
- 4. Speight J.G. Formulas and Calculations for Drilling Operations. 2nd ed. Wiley, 2018..

# Assessment

Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .
- The students shall behave in professional way to create favorable academic environment during the class hours for themselves and their colleagues. Unauthorized discussions and unethical behavior are strictly prohibited.

A -41141	Normhan	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	167		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.5</b> 6		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

Course Unit Title	Well Stimulation			
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5006			
Type of Course Unit	Elective			
Level of Course Unit				
National Credits	6			
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6			
Theoretical (hour/week)	2			
Practice (hour/week)	1			
Laboratory (hour/week)	-			
Year of Study	4			
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7			
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva			
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva			
Name of Assistant (s)	-			
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm pr	oject		
	(oral and written)			
Prerequisites	OGEN 3202 (Reservoir Engineering)			
Recommended Optional Program Components Course description:				
It covers the core language and skills that students need to specializations. Technical concepts are clearly presented using motivating Topics reflect the latest developments in technology and a The course uses core language common to a range of spec: HF-BO3.2 is designed to improve the students' presentatio At the end of the course they submitted their written project <b>Objectives of the Course:</b> By the end of the course the students should be Reservoir Stimulation in Petroleum Production Inflow performance Tubing performance and Nodal analysis Well and reservoir testing Rock mechanics Rock and fluid mechanics Hydraulic fracturing Mechanics of hydraulic fracturing Fracturing Fluid Chemistry and Proppants Fracture Treatment Design	texts. re relevant to student's needs. ializations. on ability. Students are expected to do a cts.			
Learning Outcomes				
At the end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment			
1Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.12Prepare a project.1, 2,				
3     Write an academic essay.       4     Gain team-work opportunities.				
life.				
6 To use power-point for presenting the written project		2,3,4		
7   the written projects will be presented by the students   2,3,4				
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Ass	ignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presenta	tion, 6. Lab. Work		
Course's Contribution to Program				

					CL	
1		ly and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.			3	
2	requirements a	conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary and methods for solving it.			4	
3			combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system			
4	processes and environmental	components f and social poi	for systems the for systems the formation of view.	acquired during the training, develop innovative hat meet modern requirements from an economic,	3	
5				esult of planning and conducting various kinds of e ability to predict the further development of the	4	
6	Ability to appl team.	ly the skills and	d knowledge	of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1	
7				t and learning for a long time.	2	
8	to oil and gas	operations.		ogy and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5	
9	accumulations	using formation	on evaluation		3	
10	Ability to dem activities invo			e and application of operational and technical duction.	4	
		vel (1: Very Lo	ow, 2: Low, 3	B: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)		
Cour	se Contents	T			-	
Weel			·· • •	Topics	Exam	
1	[1]		Reservoir Stimulation in Petroleum Production Formation Characterization : Well and Reservoir Testing			
2	[1]					
3	[1]	Parameter e				
4	[1]	Formation (				
5	[1]	Formation (				
6	[1]	Mechanics of Hydraulic Fracturing				
7	[1]	Fracturing Fluid Chemistry and Proppants				
8	[1]			ing Materials	Midterm	
9	[1]		n to Matrix '			
10	[1]		ę	rigin, Diagnosis and Treatment		
11	[1]		n Acidizing			
12	[1]		als of Acid S			
13	[1]			ne Acidizing		
14	[1]	Matrix Stimulation Treatment Evaluation				
15					Final	
1			um Producti	ion Technology. Science Press, 2017. — 257 p.		
Asses	sment					
	dance					
Midterm I			5%	Written Exam		
Project 20%			200/	Both oral presentation and written assignment		
Projec	ct		20%	Both of all presentation and written assignment		

Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

### **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

### ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

A	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	167		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.5</b> 6		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

Course Unit Title	Offshore Engineering
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5001
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	3 <sup>d</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	3
Semester when the course unit is delivered	5
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	OGEN 1101, OGEN 3101
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Basic Calculus
Course description.	

#### **Course description:**

Tremendous strides have been made in the last decades in the advancement of offshore exploration and production of minerals. This has given rise to developments of new concepts and structures and material for application in the deep oceans. This course is covers the important aspects of offshore structure design, installation and operation, the basic background material and its application in offshore engineering. Particular emphasis is placed in the application of the theory to practical problems. It includes the practical aspects of the offshore structures, simple description of the various components of the offshore engineering and their functions. Students are expected to do an oral presentation. At the end of the course they submitted their written projects.

- The primary purpose of the course is to provide the important practical aspects of offshore engineering.
- Offshore engineering encompasses a considerable number of very specialized and often completely unrelated disciplines.
- They can be categorised into three core activities, namely Construction, Production and Reservoir Engineering.
- Opportunity to continue education and development in all deepwater subject matters.

Learning Outcomes		
At the end of the course the student should be able to		Assessment
1	Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.	1
2	Prepare a project.	1, 2,3
3	Write an academic essay.	2,3,4
4	Gain team-work opportunities.	1, 2
5	Ability to discuss in depth probabilistic design of offshore structure, fixed offshore platform design, floating offshore platform design, mooring systems, drilling and production risers, topside facilities layout development, design and construction of offshore pipelines, design for reliability: human and organisational factors physical, modelling of offshore structures, offshore installation materials for offshore applications, geophysical and geotechnical design	2, 3,4, 5
6	To use power-point for presenting the written projects.	2,3,4
7	The written projects will be presented by the students	2,3,4
8	Decision Making	4,5
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation,	6. Lab. Work

Γ	se's Contributi	ion to Program			
		0	CL		
1		y and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3		
2		conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary and methods for solving it.	4		
3		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods			
_		arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	5		
	design.				
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.				
5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.				
6		y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7		continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8		dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5		
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon			
-		using formation evaluation techniques.	4		
10		onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical			
		ved in exploration and production.	4		
CL: C		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	•		
Cours	se Contents				
Weeł	k Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1]	Offshore Structures			
2	[2]	Support Vessels			
3	[2]	Gelet Gertenne			
	[~]	Safety Systems			
4	[1], [2]	Piping Systems			
4					
	[1], [2]	Piping Systems			
5	[1], [2]	Piping Systems Process Pressure Vessels			
5 6	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Piping Systems         Process Pressure Vessels         Oil and Gas Production	Midterm		
5 6 7	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Piping Systems         Process Pressure Vessels         Oil and Gas Production         Underwater Engineering	Midterm		
5 6 7 8	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Piping Systems         Process Pressure Vessels         Oil and Gas Production         Underwater Engineering         Sub-sea Wells         Drilling         Drill Ship Equipment	Midterm		
5 6 7 8 9	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Piping Systems         Process Pressure Vessels         Oil and Gas Production         Underwater Engineering         Sub-sea Wells         Drilling         Drill Ship Equipment         The Well Component Parts	Midterm		
5 6 7 8 9 10	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Piping Systems         Process Pressure Vessels         Oil and Gas Production         Underwater Engineering         Sub-sea Wells         Drilling         Drill Ship Equipment         The Well Component Parts         Mudline	Midterm		
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	[1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2] [1], [2]	Piping Systems         Process Pressure Vessels         Oil and Gas Production         Underwater Engineering         Sub-sea Wells         Drilling         Drill Ship Equipment         The Well Component Parts         Mudline         Wireline Operations	Midterm		
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	[1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]         [1], [2]	Piping Systems         Process Pressure Vessels         Oil and Gas Production         Underwater Engineering         Sub-sea Wells         Drilling         Drill Ship Equipment         The Well Component Parts         Mudline	Midterm		

## **Recommended Sources**

- Aird Peter. Deepwater Drilling: Well Planning, Design, Engineering, Operations, and Technology Application. Gulf Professional Publishing, 2019. 670 p. Speight James G. Handbook of Offshore Oil and Gas Operations. Gulf Professional Publishing; Elsevier, 2015. 429 p. 1.
- 2.

Assessment	
Attendance	

Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .
- The students shall behave in professional way to create favorable academic environment during the class hours for themselves and their colleagues. Unauthorized discussions and unethical behavior are strictly prohibited.

A	N 1	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	167		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.5</b> 6		
ECTS Credit of the Course	6		

Course Unit Title	Pressure Control				
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5010				
	Elective				
Type of Course Unit Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year BSc program				
National Credits	6				
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6				
Theoretical (hour/week)	2				
Practice (hour/week)	1				
	-				
Laboratory (hour/week) Year of Study	4				
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva				
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva				
Name of Assistant (s)	-	•			
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm pro (oral and written)	ject			
Prerequisites	OGEN 3101, LAB 3101				
Recommended Optional Program Components	Students are expected to have at least	basic familiarity			
	with: single and multi-phase flow in p				
	media, reservoir engineering, and prog	gramming in			
	Matlab or Python.				
This is the subject accompanying Pressure Control. Porous sedimentary formations penetrated by the rock b hydrostatic pressure of the drilling fluid drops below the "kick" the mud out of the well. To control the pressure of This course aims at explaining the physics and the engine detection of unstable wellbores, equipments necessary to	formation pore pressure, pore fluid will e while drilling you need to understand the b eering approaches behind pressures in the	nter the well and ehavior of gas. sediments,			
Porous sedimentary formations penetrated by the rock b hydrostatic pressure of the drilling fluid drops below the "kick" the mud out of the well. To control the pressure of This course aims at explaining the physics and the engin	formation pore pressure, pore fluid will e while drilling you need to understand the b eering approaches behind pressures in the	nter the well and ehavior of gas. sediments,			
Porous sedimentary formations penetrated by the rock b hydrostatic pressure of the drilling fluid drops below the "kick" the mud out of the well. To control the pressure we This course aims at explaining the physics and the engine detection of unstable wellbores, equipments necessary to challenges. <b>Objectives of the Course:</b> Formation Pressure Killing operation Gas behavior Deep water and cementing issues Additional information.	formation pore pressure, pore fluid will e while drilling you need to understand the b eering approaches behind pressures in the	nter the well and ehavior of gas. sediments,			
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Porous sedimentary formations penetrated by the rock b         hydrostatic pressure of the drilling fluid drops below the         "kick" the mud out of the well. To control the pressure of         This course aims at explaining the physics and the enginer         detection of unstable wellbores, equipments necessary to         challenges. <b>Objectives of the Course: Formation Pressure</b> Killing operation         Gas behavior         Deep water and cementing issues         Additional information.         Learning Outcomes         At the end of the course the student should be able to         1       Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in differ         life.       6         6       To use power-point for presenting the written projects will be presented by the stude         Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.A	formation pore pressure, pore fluid will e while drilling you need to understand the b eering approaches behind pressures in the o close and kill the well, killing methods a close and kill the well, killing methods a ent essay types that they need for real jects. ints	nter the well and         ehavior of gas.         sediments,         nd offshore         Assessment         1         1, 2, 3         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4			
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Porous sedimentary formations penetrated by the rock b         hydrostatic pressure of the drilling fluid drops below the         "kick" the mud out of the well. To control the pressure of         This course aims at explaining the physics and the enginer         detection of unstable wellbores, equipments necessary to         challenges. <b>Objectives of the Course: Formation Pressure</b> Killing operation         Gas behavior         Deep water and cementing issues         Additional information.         Learning Outcomes         At the end of the course the student should be able to         1       Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in differ         life.       6         6       To use power-point for presenting the written projects will be presented by the stude         Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.A	formation pore pressure, pore fluid will e while drilling you need to understand the b eering approaches behind pressures in the o close and kill the well, killing methods a close and kill the well, killing methods a ent essay types that they need for real jects. its issignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	nter the well and ehavior of gas. sediments, and offshore         Assessment         1         1, 2, 3         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4         2, 3, 4			

2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.						
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.						
4	According processes environme	3					
5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.						
6	Ability to	apply the skills an	d knowledge o	f engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7	team. Constant a	nd continuous sel	f-development	and learning for a long time.	2		
8	Apply kno	wledge of inform		gy and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5		
9		gas operations. apply the essent	ial tools availa	able for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon			
	accumulat	ions using format	ion evaluation	techniques.	4		
10		demonstrate detai nvolved in explor		and application of operational and technical uction.	4		
	Contribution	Level (1: Very L		Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
	se Content	s					
Weel	k Chapt			Topics	Exam		
1	[1], [2	2] Well Interv	vention Pressu	are Control Incidents			
2	[1], [2	2] Annulus Pr	ressure Monit	oring in Well Intervention			
3	[1], [2	2] Risk Mana	gement				
4	[1], [2	2] Well Interv	vention Pressu	are Control Training and Assessment			
5	[1], [2	2] Hydrostati	c Pressure				
6	[1], [2	2] Flow tests:	overview				
7	[1], [2	2] Formation	Pressure				
8	[1], [2	2] Formation	Injectivity Pr	essure (Leak-off pressure)	Midterm		
9	[1], [2	2] Primary W	ell (Pressure)	Control			
10	[1], [2	2] Secondary	Well (Pressu	re) Control			
11	[1], [2	<sup>2</sup> ] (PCE).		OPs) and other Pressure Control Equipment			
12	[1], [2	2] Inflow Tes	ting				
13	[1], [2	2] Shut-In Pro	ocedures				
14	[1], [2	[1], [2] Well Kill Methods					
15					Final		
1. Ska	Recommended Sources 1. Skalle P. Pressure Control During Oil Well Drilling. Pål Skalle & Ventus Publishing ApS, 2011. 2. Skalle P. Exercises in Pressure Control During Drilling. 5th Ed. — Bookboon, 2015. — 109 p						
Asses	sment						
Atten	dance						
Midte	Iterm I 5% Written Exam						

Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS Credit of the Course	6		
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ 5.56		
Total Workload	167		
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Self-study	14	5	70
Tutorials	14	1	14
Presentation	1	14	14
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
A		Duration	Total

Course Unit TitleSimulating of GeosystemsCourse Unit CodeOGEN 5013Type of Course UnitElectiveLevel of Course Unit4th year BSc programNational Credits6Number of ECTS Credits Allocated6Theoretical (hour/week)2Practice (hour/week)1Laboratory (hour/week)-Year of Study4Semester when the course unit is delivered7Course Coordinator7Name of Lecturer (s)-Name of Assistant (s)-
Type of Course UnitElectiveLevel of Course Unit4th year BSc programNational Credits6Number of ECTS Credits Allocated6Theoretical (hour/week)2Practice (hour/week)1Laboratory (hour/week)-Year of Study4Semester when the course unit is delivered7Course CoordinatorName of Lecturer (s)
Level of Course Unit4th year BSc programNational Credits6Number of ECTS Credits Allocated6Theoretical (hour/week)2Practice (hour/week)1Laboratory (hour/week)-Year of Study4Semester when the course unit is delivered7Course CoordinatorName of Lecturer (s)
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Number of ECTS Credits Allocated6Theoretical (hour/week)2Practice (hour/week)1Laboratory (hour/week)-Year of Study4Semester when the course unit is delivered7Course Coordinator7Name of Lecturer (s)-
Theoretical (hour/week)2Practice (hour/week)1Laboratory (hour/week)-Year of Study4Semester when the course unit is delivered7Course Coordinator7Name of Lecturer (s)1
Practice (hour/week)       1         Laboratory (hour/week)       -         Year of Study       4         Semester when the course unit is delivered       7         Course Coordinator       7         Name of Lecturer (s)       4
Laboratory (hour/week)     -       Year of Study     4       Semester when the course unit is delivered     7       Course Coordinator     7       Name of Lecturer (s)     4
Year of Study     4       Semester when the course unit is delivered     7       Course Coordinator     7       Name of Lecturer (s)     4
Semester when the course unit is delivered       7         Course Coordinator       7         Name of Lecturer (s)       7
Course Coordinator       Name of Lecturer (s)
Name of Lecturer (s)
Name of Assistant (s)
Mode of DeliveryFace to face teaching and midterm project
(oral and written)
Prerequisites
Recommended Optional Program Components
Course description:
Earth Sciences is becoming more focused on system-level approaches to understanding
the behavior of the Earth. The course will consider geosystems from different disciplines
of Earth Science and integrates them into a single systems-oriented perspective. The
course also uses simple experiments and graphical imaging/visualizing/computermodeling tools to develop and
illustrate the systems concepts. Students will be expected
to become familiar with use of excel spreadsheets, simple matlab codes, and use of some
community platforms for running more sophisticated models.
Introduction to Geosystems Climate System & Radiation Balance Carbon Cycle Civilization as a Geosystem
Learning Outcomes
At the end of the course the student should be able to Assessment
1         Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         1
2 Prepare a project. 1, 2,3
3 Write an academic essay. 2,3,4
4 Gain team-work opportunities. 1, 2
5 Use the discourse patterns and structures in different essay types that they need for real 2, 3
life.
6 To use power-point for presenting the written projects. 2,3,4
7 the written projects will be presented by the students 2,3,4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work <b>Course's Contribution to Program</b>
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work Course's Contribution to Program CL
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work         Course's Contribution to Program         Image: Contribution to Program
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work         Course's Contribution to Program         Cl       CL         1       Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.       3         2       The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary       4
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work         Course's Contribution to Program         Cl       CL         1       Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.       3         2       The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.       4
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work         Course's Contribution to Program         Cl       CL         1       Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.       3         2       The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.       4         3       The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods
Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Lab. Work         Course's Contribution to Program         Cl       CL         1       Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.       3         2       The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.       4

4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view.					
5	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system.					
6		ly the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1			
7		continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2			
8	Apply knowle to oil and gas	edge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	5			
9	Critically app accumulation	4				
10	<ul> <li>accumulations using formation evaluation techniques.</li> <li>Ability to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical activities involved in exploration and production.</li> </ul>					
CL: C		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)				
Cour	se Contents	-				
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam			
1	[1]	Geosystems as dynamical Systems. Conceptualization				
2	[1]	Geosystem: Practical Earthquake Legislation				
3	[1]	Overview and Box Model Construction				
4	[1]	Conceptualization of the Climate System				
5	[1]	Laws of Thermodynamics, Electromagnetic Radiation				
6	[1]	Energy and Mass Transfers within Earth's Climate System				
7	[1]	Large Scale Atmospheric and Ocean Circulation				
8	[1]	Global Warming/Cooling, Modeling the Climate System	Midterm			
9	[1]	Overview of the Carbon Cycle				
10	[1] Dynamic instability and earthquake cycles					
11	11 [1] Spring-slider model					
12	[1]	Linear dynamical systems				
13	[1]	Nonlinear dynamical systems				
14	[1]	Energy Systems				
15	5 Fin					

Recommended Sources 1. Bezuijen A., Vastenburg E.W. (Eds.) Geosystems. Design Rules and Applications. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2013. XVIII, 145 p

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload					
Activities	Number	Duration	Total		
Activities		(hour)	Workload(hour)		
Course duration in class	14	3	42		
Presentation	1	14	14		
Tutorials	14	1	14		
Self-study	14	5	70		
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3		
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7		
Final Examination	1	3	3		
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14		
Total Workload	167				
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.5</b> 6				
ECTS Credit of the Course			6		

Course Unit Title	Special Operation in Drilling	
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5007	
Type of Course Unit	Elective	
Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year BSc program	
National Credits	6	
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6	
Theoretical (hour/week)	2	
Practice (hour/week)	1	
Laboratory (hour/week)	-	
Year of Study	4	
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7	
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva	
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva	
Name of Assistant (s)	-	
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm pro	piect
Would of Derivery	(oral and written)	5,000
Prerequisites	İPF-B17.1, İPF-B17.2	
Recommended Optional Program Components		
Course description:	1	
Underbalanced drilling, Horizontal, Extended Reach, Mul	ti-Lateral Drilling Fishing	
Operations, Geothermal Drilling, High Pressure High Ten		
Objectives of the Course:		
Topics Covered: 1. Introduction to class, review of important to 2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Mana		
	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op	erations
<ol> <li>Introduction to class, review of important to</li> <li>Advanced drilling technology Topics: Mana gradient drilling, special well control issues.</li> <li>Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of</li> <li>Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis</li> <li>Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can</li> <li>Advanced drilling technologies – casing drii</li> <li>Non-conventional drilling methods and equ</li> <li>Geothermal Drilling</li> </ol>	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op	erations
<ol> <li>Introduction to class, review of important to 2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Mana gradient drilling, special well control issues.</li> <li>Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of 4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis 5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can 6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril 7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ 8. Geothermal Drilling</li> <li>Learning Outcomes</li> <li>At the end of the course the student should be able to</li> </ol>	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op	erations
<ol> <li>Introduction to class, review of important to</li> <li>Advanced drilling technology Topics: Mana gradient drilling, special well control issues.</li> <li>Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of</li> <li>Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis</li> <li>Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can</li> <li>Advanced drilling technologies – casing drii</li> <li>Non-conventional drilling methods and equ</li> <li>Geothermal Drilling</li> </ol>	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op	
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1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         Learning Outcomes         At the end of the course the student should be able to         1       Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op	Assessment 1
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         Learning Outcomes         At the end of the course the student should be able to         1       Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. ling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment	Assessment 1 1, 2,3 2,3,4 1, 2
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         Learning Outcomes         At the end of the course the student should be able to         1       Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in differentiation structures in differentiation.	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. ling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment	Assessment 1 1, 2,3 2,3,4
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Mana gradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         Learning Outcomes         At the end of the course the student should be able to         1       Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in different life.	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment	Assessment 1 1, 2, 3 2, 3, 4 1, 2 2, 3
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         4. Drive reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in differentifie.         6       To use power-point for presenting the written project	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. ling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment	Assessment 1 1, 2, 3 2, 3, 4 1, 2 2, 3 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fist         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         4. Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in differentife.         6       To use power-point for presenting the written proje         7       the written projects will be presented by the studentife.	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation BD, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment nt essay types that they need for real cts. ts	Assessment 1 1, 2,3 2,3,4 1, 2 2, 3 2,3,4 2,3,4 2,3,4 2,3,4
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         4. Drive reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in differentifie.         6       To use power-point for presenting the written project	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation BD, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment nt essay types that they need for real cts. ts	Assessment 1 1, 2,3 2,3,4 1, 2 2, 3 2,3,4 2,3,4 2,3,4 2,3,4
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fist         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         4. Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2. Prepare a project.         3. Write an academic essay.         4. Gain team-work opportunities.         5. Use the discourse patterns and structures in differentifie.         6. To use power-point for presenting the written proje         7. the written projects will be presented by the studentifies	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation BD, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment nt essay types that they need for real cts. ts	Assessment 1 1, 2,3 2,3,4 1, 2 2, 3 2,3,4 2,3,4 2,3,4
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         Vertex end of the course the student should be able to         1       Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in different life.         6       To use power-point for presenting the written proje         7       the written projects will be presented by the student Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Ass	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation BD, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment nt essay types that they need for real cts. ts	Assessment 1 1, 2,3 2,3,4 1, 2 2, 3 2,3,4 2,3,4 2,3,4
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         Vertex end of the course the student should be able to         1       Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.         2       Prepare a project.         3       Write an academic essay.         4       Gain team-work opportunities.         5       Use the discourse patterns and structures in different life.         6       To use power-point for presenting the written proje         7       the written projects will be presented by the student Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2.Midterm, 3.Ass	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment nt essay types that they need for real cts. ts signment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	Assessment 1 1, 2,3 2,3,4 1, 2 2, 3 2,3,4 2,3,4 2,3,4 2,3,4 cion, 6. Lab. Work
1. Introduction to class, review of important to         2. Advanced drilling technology Topics: Managradient drilling, special well control issues.         3. Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of         4. Drilling Problems: stuck pipe situations, fis         5. Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UI         UBD equipment, selecting an appropriate can         6. Advanced drilling technologies – casing dril         7. Non-conventional drilling methods and equ         8. Geothermal Drilling         2         Prepare a project.         3         4         Gain team-work opportunities.         5         Use the discourse patterns and structures in differentife.         6         7         16         7         9         9         9         9         9         9         9         16         17         18         19         10         10         11         11         12         13         14         15         16         17 <td< th=""><th>aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment nt essay types that they need for real cts. ts signment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat</th><th>Assessment 1 1, 2, 3 2, 3, 4 1, 2 2, 3 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4 ion, 6. Lab. Work CL</th></td<>	aged pressure drilling, dual tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. hing operation 3D, UBD techniques, benefits of didate, and UBD well engineering. lling, HPHT, Multilateral Drilling Op ipment nt essay types that they need for real cts. ts signment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentat	Assessment 1 1, 2, 3 2, 3, 4 1, 2 2, 3 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4 ion, 6. Lab. Work CL

of the hydrocarb		5
According to th	e knowledge and skills acquired during the training develop innovative	
processes and co	omponents for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic,	3
research and exp		4
	the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1
Constant and con	ntinuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
to oil and gas op	erations.	5
accumulations u	sing formation evaluation techniques.	3
activities involve	ed in exploration and production.	3
	I (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
k Chapter	Topics	Exam
[1], [2], [3]		
[1], [2], [5]		
[1], [2], [5]	Advanced drilling technology Topics: Dual gradient drilling	
[1], [2], [5]	Advanced drilling technology Topics: Special well control issues	
[1], [2], [3]	drilling rigs.	
[1], [2], [3]	Drilling Problems: Stuck pipe situations	
[1], [2], [3]	Drilling Problems: Fishing operation	
[1], [2], [3]	Underbalanced Drilling- Introduction to UBD	Midterm
[1], [2], [3]	UBD techniques and equipment	
[1], [2], [3]	UBD well engineering.	
[1], [2], [5]	Introduction to casing drilling	
[1], [2], [4]	HPHT and Geothermal Drilling	
[1], [2], [5]	Multilateral Drilling Operations	
[1], [2], [5]	Non-conventional drilling methods and equipment	
		Final
1. Chin W.C. M Professional Pub 2. Lyons William 2010. — 602 p. 3. Gao Changho 4. Watson A. Go 2013, 336 p	Managed Pressure Drilling: Modeling, Strategy and Planning. 1st Ed olishing, Elsevier, 2012. 408 p. n. Working Guide to Drilling Equipment and Operations. Gulf Professio ng. Petroleum Drilling Technology. Science Press, 2017 160 p. eothermal Engineering: Fundamentals and Applications. Springer-Verl	nal Publishing, ag, New York,
	of the hydrocard         design.         According to the         processes and commental and         Ability to interpresearch and expresearch and expresearch and expresearch and commental and commental and commental and commental and commentations under the system.         Ability to apply team.         Constant and commental and commental and commentation and gas opportion and gas opportion and gas opportion activities involved to oil and gas opported accumulations under the system.         Ability to demonactivities involved to activities cording to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, environmental and social point of view. Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of research and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the system. Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary team. Constant and continuous self-development and learning for a long time. Apply knowledge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions to oil and gas operations. Critically apply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon accumulations using formation techniques. Ability to demonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical activities involved in exploration and production. Contribution Level (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High) se Contents k Chapter Topics [1], [2], [3] Introduction to class, review of important topics of previous courses [1], [2], [5] Advanced drilling technology Topics: Dual gradient drilling [1], [2], [3] Mechanized drilling operations: makeup of tubular, mechanized drilling rigs. [1], [2], [3] Drilling Problems: Stuck pipe situations [1], [2], [3] UBD techniques and equipment [1], [2], [3] UBD techniques and equipment [1], [2], [3] UBD well engineering. [1], [2], [3] UBD well engineering. [1], [2], [3] UBD well engineering. [1], [2], [5] Non-conventional drilling methods and equipment [1], [2], [5] Non-conventional drilling methods and equipment [1], [2], [5] Non-conventional drilling methods and equipment [1], [2], [5] Non-conventional drilling methods and equipment [1], [2], [5] Non-conventional drilling Equipment and Operations. Gulf Professional Publishing, Elsevier, 2012. 408 p. 2. Lyons William. Working Guide to Drilling Fundamentals and Applications. Springer-Vert 2013, 336 p	

200 p.
6. Azar J., Samuel R. Drilling Engineering. PennWell Corp. 2007. — 491 p.

Attendance

Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Acuvites	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	L	•	167
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.5</b> 6
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

Course Unit Title	Well Test Analysis	
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5008	
Type of Course Unit	Elective	
Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year BSc program	
National Credits	6	
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6	
Theoretical (hour/week)	2	
Practice (hour/week)	1	
Laboratory (hour/week)	-	
Year of Study	4	
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7	
Course Coordinator	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva	
Name of Lecturer (s)	Phd. Yelena Shmoncheva	
Name of Assistant (s)	_	
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm p	roiect
	(oral and written)	10,000
Prerequisites	İPF-B17.1, İPF-B17.2	
Recommended Optional Program Components		
Course description:	1	
as skin factor, non-Darcy effect, and storativity. It is also properties such as connectivity, heterogeneity including f course covers the fundamentals of well testing and discus fundamentals of flow in porous media; 2) introduction to slightly compressible fluids; 4) Analysis of oil and gas w fractured wells; 6) Well-test in naturally fractured reserve in unconventional reservoirs. <b>Objectives of the Course:</b> <b>After completing this course, students will be</b> <b>- Understand the well testing technology and</b> <b>- Understand the concept of decline curve and</b> <b>- Know about the pressure and rate transient</b> <b>- Understand the capability of well testing in</b> <b>- Understand how this technology can be used</b> <b>- Get familiarized with a reservoir simulator</b>	able to : its significance alysis analysis analyses identifying well flow issues and reser	a. This ncludes : 1) analysis of t in hydraulically ) well testing voir properties
Learning Outcomes At the end of the course the student should be able to		Assessment
1 Improve reading, writing and presentation skills.		1
2 Prepare a project.		1, 2,3
3 Write an academic essay.		2,3,4
4 Gain team-work opportunities.		1, 2
5 Use the discourse patterns and structures in differe	nt essay types that they need for real	2, 3
1	an essay types that they need for real	4. 3
Liifa		7 -
life.	aata	
6 To use power-point for presenting the written proj		2,3,4
	nts	2,3,4 2,3,4

Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.

CL

3

**Course's Contribution to Program** 

1

2	The ability to co requirements and			he problem, aimed at identifying the necessary	4
3	The ability to co	mbine know	ledge of the	mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods rocess in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	5
4		e knowledg	e and skills	acquired during the training, develop innovative	
	processes and control environmental at	omponents f nd social poi	or systems the form of view.	hat meet modern requirements from an economic,	3
5				esult of planning and conducting various kinds of	
		periments, a	s well as the	e ability to predict the further development of the	4
6	system. Ability to apply team.	the skills and	l knowledge	of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1
7				nt and learning for a long time.	2
8			tion technolo	ogy and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5
9	to oil and gas op Critically apply		al tools avai	lable for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon	
,	accumulations u				3
10				e and application of operational and technical	4
	activities involve			duction. 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
	se Contents	I (I: Very Lo	DW, 2: LOW, 3	5: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
Weel				Topics	Exam
1	[1]	Introducti	on to well to		Entim
2	[1]	Fundamer	tals of fluid	l flow in porous media.	
3	[1]	Decline c	urve analysi	S	
4	[1]	Diffusivit	y equation:	derivation	
5	[1]	Diffusivit	y equation:	solution	
6	[1]	Flow tests	: overview		
7	[1]	Flow tests	analysis:		
8	[1], [2], [3]	Limitation	ns of real ap	plications	Midterm
9	[1], [2], [3]		-	phase redistribution	
10	[1], [2], [3]		•••	licly fractured wells	
11	[1], [2], [3]		0	lly fractured reservoirs	
12	[1], [2], [3]	5	well testing		
13	[1], [2], [3]		ce and pulse	ç	
14	[1], [2], [3]	Well testi	ng in uncon	ventional reservoirs	
15					Final
	648 p. 2. Stewart G. W	alysis. Man ell Test Des	ign and Ana	burgh: Heriot-Watt Institute of Petroleum Engin lysis (Part 1). Penn Well Corporation, 2011. 1545 lysis (Part 2). Penn Well Corporation, 2011. 1545	р
	sment		[		
Attend					
Asses Attend Midte Projec	rm I		5% 20%	Written Exam Both oral presentation and written assignment	

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
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Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	1	1	167
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.5</b> 6
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

Course Unit Title	Natural Gas Reservoir Engineering
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5002
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	-
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	4
Semester when the course unit is delivered	
Course Coordinator	
Name of Lecturer (s)	
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	-
Recommended Optional Program Components	Students are expected to have at least basic familiarity with: reservoir engineering

• This course is prepared to gain high knowledge about Gas and Gas-Condensate Reservoir Engineering discipline. Reservoir analysis is the main concern of the course. The course combines theoretical foundations with practical applications.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

The main objectives of the course are to:

- Familiarize students with the fundamental principles and governing laws associated with natural gas reservoir engineering
- Transfer knowledge on the behavior and important properties of natural gas
- Provide knowledge and expertise on contemporary practices and methodologies used in natural gas reservoir engineering
- Develop and discuss numerical models and techniques used for the characterization of gas flow in wellbores and reservoirs
- Describe techniques for gas well testing and performance evaluation of the well
- Discuss models and techniques used for volumetric estimation of gas in-place and recoverable hydrocarbons from gas reservoirs
- Discuss techniques used for performance evaluation of gas reservoirs
- Description of natural depletion and the development of gas-condensate reservoirs by gas injection

## Learning Outcomes

After completion of the course students will be able to:

- Use current techniques and methodologies for the effective simulation and characterization of gas reservoirs
- Perform calculations for the characterization of gas flow in wellbores and gas reservoirs based on measured rock and gas properties
- Apply techniques for volumetric estimation of gas in-place and recoverable hydrocarbons from gas reservoirs
- Use techniques for gas well testing and performance evaluation of gas wells
- Apply techniques to solve transient gas flow problems in gas reservoirs
- Apply techniques such as natural depletion and gas injection for the development of gas-condensate reservoirs

At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Acquire knowledge on natural gas reservoir engineering with emphasis on science and	1
	engineering problems.	
2	Develop designs and conduct experiments.	1, 2,3
3	Analyze, and evaluate data using computer software.	2,3,4

4	Employ techni practice.	ques, skills, and the modern engineering tools necessary for engineering	1, 2
Asse		s: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation	, 6. Discussion
Cour	se's Contributi	ion to Program	Γ
			CL
1		y and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3
2		conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary and methods for solving it.	4
3		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods	
		arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	5
4	design.	de las 1 de sel 1991, ses fait d'és de refeiter la des d'actions d'	
4		the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic,	3
		and social point of view.	5
5		rpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of	
	research and e	experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4
-	system.		
6	• • • •	y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1
7	team.	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2
8		dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	
	to oil and gas o		5
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon	3
10		using formation evaluation techniques.	
10		onstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	3
		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)	
	se Contents		
Wee		Topics	Exam
1	[1]	Introduction to natural gas and gas reservoir engineering	
		Reservoir properties (rock types, porosity, viscous flow and inertial	
2	[1]		
	[1]	flow resistance, capillary pressure, etc.)	
2		flow resistance, capillary pressure, etc.) Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio,	
3	[1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio,	
3			
	[1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.)	
4	[1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas	
4 5 6	[1] [1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance	
4	[1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance Single-phase gas flow (steady-state Darcy flow, steady-state radial	
4 5 6	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance	Midterm
4 5 6 7 8	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance Single-phase gas flow (steady-state Darcy flow, steady-state radial flow, transient flow, linear flow, etc.)	Midterm
4 5 6 7 8 9	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance Single-phase gas flow (steady-state Darcy flow, steady-state radial flow, transient flow, linear flow, etc.) Gas well testing (drawdown tests, buildup tests, etc.)	Midterm
4 5 6 7 8	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance Single-phase gas flow (steady-state Darcy flow, steady-state radial flow, transient flow, linear flow, etc.) Gas well testing (drawdown tests, buildup tests, etc.) Wellbore flow mechanics	Midterm
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance Single-phase gas flow (steady-state Darcy flow, steady-state radial flow, transient flow, linear flow, etc.) Gas well testing (drawdown tests, buildup tests, etc.) Wellbore flow mechanics Water coning Natural depletion	Midterm
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance Single-phase gas flow (steady-state Darcy flow, steady-state radial flow, transient flow, linear flow, etc.) Gas well testing (drawdown tests, buildup tests, etc.) Wellbore flow mechanics Water coning	Midterm
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance Single-phase gas flow (steady-state Darcy flow, steady-state radial flow, transient flow, linear flow, etc.) Gas well testing (drawdown tests, buildup tests, etc.) Wellbore flow mechanics Water coning Natural depletion Gas injection	Midterm
4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> <li>[1]</li> </ul>	Gas properties (composition, compressibility, condensate/gas ratio, viscosity, etc.) Phase behavior of gas Recoverable reserves (bulk volume, pore volume, etc.) Material balance Single-phase gas flow (steady-state Darcy flow, steady-state radial flow, transient flow, linear flow, etc.) Gas well testing (drawdown tests, buildup tests, etc.) Wellbore flow mechanics Water coning Natural depletion Gas injection Special Problems in Gas Reservoir Engineering	Midterm

# **Recommended Sources**

1. Dr. Boyun Guo and Ali Ghalambor Natural Gas Engineering Handbook, 2nd Edition, 2005

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

		Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	167		
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.56</b>
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

Course Unit Title	Natural Gas Reservoir Engineering
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5003
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	-
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	4
Semester when the course unit is delivered	
Course Coordinator	
Name of Lecturer (s)	
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	
Recommended Optional Program Components	Students are expected to have at least basic familiarity
	with: production engineering

• The course is designed for graduate students. Hence, understanding of basic concepts is assumed a priori. Some similar topics will be covered but with the deep analysis in order to guide students for the future research directions. Advanced project involving wide range of computation will be provided during the semester and will be related to fluid flow in the whole system. Quizzes will be provided during the classes and are based on the topic covered previously.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

Identify the options available for oil and gas field development. And identify the major components of the production system. Understand and apply the theory behind Reservoir Well Facility flow modeling.

# **Learning Outcomes**

After completion of the course students will be able to:

- Apply worldwide experience to certain well performance problems
- Apply fundamental sciences in well performance management
- Deliver scientific ideas to production system
- Analyze current research directions locally and worldwide
- Design an advanced production system and apply various optimization techniques
- Model a completion design for various types of reservoir and compute perforation parameters
- Describe the options with constrains and advantages for producing from multiple production zones
- Understand reservoir and well integrity specifics in details
- Calculate parameters related to artificial lift systems
- Perform high order computations using programming languages
- Identify the crucial near wellbore area susceptible to formation damage.
- Calculate the cost of formation damage (in terms of lost production).
- Provide guidelines for minimizing formation damage during workover operations.
- Explain the potential negative impacts of "matrix stimulation" and identify migration strategies

At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	Acquire knowledge on natural gas production engineering with emphasis on science and	1
	engineering problems.	
2	Develop designs and conduct experiments.	1, 2,3
3	Analyze, and evaluate data using computer software.	2,3,4
4	Employ techniques, skills, and the modern engineering tools necessary for engineering	1, 2
	practice.	

		ion to Program	CL		
1	Ability to app	ly and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3		
2		conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary	4		
		and methods for solving it.	4		
3		combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods arbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system	5		
	design.	about field development process in reservoir moderning and reservoir system	5		
4	According to	the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative			
		components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic,	3		
5		l and social point of view. erpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of			
5		experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4		
	system.				
6	Ability to apple team.	ly the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7		continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8	Apply knowle	dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5		
	to oil and gas		5		
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon s using formation evaluation techniques.	4		
10		nonstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical	4		
~~	activities involved in exploration and production.				
	Sontribution Le	vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Wee		Topics	Exam		
1	[1], [2]	Introduction to natural gas production engineering			
2	[1], [2]	Properties of Natural Gas			
3	[1], [2]	Material Balance Analysis			
4	[1], [2]	Basic Equation, Volumetric Expansion			
5	[1], [2]	Presence of Water Influx			
6	[1], [2]	Inflow Performance			
7	[1], [2]	Near Well Bore Alterations			
8	[1], [2]	Water Coning	Midterm		
9					
10					
11					
12					
13	[1], [3]	Evaluation of Compressors			
14	[1], [3]	Gas Metering			

# **Recommended Sources**

- 1. Kelkar, Mohan. Natural gas production engineering / Mohan Kelkar. 2008
- 2. Well Completion Design, Jonathan Bellarby, 2009
- 3. Production Technology, Heriot Watt university manual, 2013

# Assessment

Attendance			

Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

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ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Acuvites	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	167		
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.5</b> 6
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

Course Unit Title	Statistics & Probability for Petroleum Engineers
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5004
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	4
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7
Course Coordinator	
Name of Lecturer (s)	
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	Calculus II
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Students are expected to have at least basic familiarity
	with: reservoir engineering and calculus.

## **Course description:**

This is the subject accompanying Pressure Control.

Porous sedimentary formations penetrated by the rock bit contain fluids such as oil, gas or salt water. If the hydrostatic pressure of the drilling fluid drops below the formation pore pressure, pore fluid will enter the well and "kick" the mud out of the well. To control the pressure while drilling you need to understand the behavior of gas. This course aims at explaining the physics and the engineering approaches behind pressures in the sediments, detection of unstable wellbores, equipments necessary to close and kill the well, killing methods and offshore challenges.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

## The main objectives of the course are to:

- Familiarize students with the fundamental concepts of probability and statistics.
- Develop an understanding of the role of statistics with emphasis on engineering applications.
- Provide an understanding of the processes by which real-life statistical engineering and science problems are analyzed.
- Acquaint students with computer-based statistical analysis.

Learning Outcomes			
At th	At the end of the course the student should be able to As		
1	Acquire knowledge on statistics and probability theory with emphasis on science and engineering problems.	1	
2	Develop designs and conduct experiments.	1, 2,3	
3	Analyze, and evaluate statistical data using computer software.	2,3,4	
4	Employ techniques, skills, and the modern engineering tools necessary for engineering	1, 2	
	practice.		
Asse	Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Discussion		
Cour	se's Contribution to Program		
		CL	
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	4	
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4	
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.		

4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, a environmental and social point of view.				
5	Ability to inte	erpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4		
6	Ability to appl team.	y the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	2		
7	Constant and	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8	Apply knowle to oil and gas	dge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions operations.	5		
9		ly the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon using formation evaluation techniques.	1		
10	Ability to dem	ionstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical lved in exploration and production.	3		
CL: C		vel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se Contents	-			
Wee	k Chapter	Topics	Exam		
1	[1], [2]	Sampling and Descriptive Statistics			
2	2 [1], [2] Probability				
3	3 [1], [2] Random Variables				
4	4 [1], [2] Propagation of Error				
5	[1], [2]	Commonly Used Distributions			
6	[1], [2]	Confidence Intervals			
7	[1], [2]	Hypothesis Testing			
8	8 [1], [2] Correlation and Simple Linear Regression		Midterm		
9	9 [1], [2] Multiple Regression				
10	10     [1], [2]     Factorial Experiments				
11	[1], [2]	Randomized Complete Block Designs			
12	[1], [2]	Control Charts for Variables			
13	[1], [2]	Control Charts for Attributes			
14	[1], [2]	Process Capability			
15	15		Final		

#### **Recommended Sources**

- 1. Navidi W. Statistics for Engineers and Scientists. NY: McGraw-Hill, 2011.
- 2. Jay L. Devore Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences Duxbury Press-2016
- 3. Richard L. Scheaffer, Madhuri Mulekar and James T. McClave Probability and Statistics for Engineers Cengage Learning 2010

Assessment		
Attendance		
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

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- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload	167		
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.5</b> 6
ECTS Credit of the Course			6

Course Unit Title	Reservoir Characterization
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5009
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	-
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	
Semester when the course unit is delivered	
Course Coordinator	
Name of Lecturer (s)	
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	-
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Students are expected to have at least basic familiarity with: reservoir engineering

## **Course description:**

Principles and protocols for measuring fluid content, porosity, bulk volume, bulk density, particle density, particle size distribution, surface area, permeability, pore size distribution, porosimetry, capillary pressure, water retention curve, relative permeability, imbibition, computed tomography scanning, focused ion beam–scanning electron microscopy, diffusion (liquid and gas), and hydrocarbon production decline behavior. These measurements are widely used to characterize oil and gas reservoirs.

#### **Objectives of the Course:**

• Identification of heterogeneity in oil reservoirs by conventional methods and possible improvements of these methods.

• Basic statistical concepts and methods to be watched. Evaluation of Reservoir Rocks and Fluid Properties by Statistical Methods.

• Preparing Scaler and Simulator Data. New Methods in the Characterization of Oil Reservoirs.

Lear	ning Outcomes			
At th	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment		
1	Acquire knowledge on formation and liquid properties determination with emphasis on science and engineering problems.	1		
2	Develop designs and conduct experiments.	1, 2,3		
3	Analyze, and evaluate data using computer software.	2,3,4		
4	Employ techniques, skills, and the modern engineering tools necessary for engineering	1, 2		
	practice.			
Asse	Assessment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentation, 6. Discussion			
Cour	se's Contribution to Program			
		CL		
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3		
2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.	4		
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and method of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system design.			

4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, a environmental and social point of view.				
5		terpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the	4		
6	Ability to ap team.	ply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary	1		
7	Constant and	continuous self-development and learning for a long time.	2		
8	Apply know to oil and ga	edge of information technology and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions soperations.	5		
9	Critically ap	ply the essential tools available for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon as using formation evaluation techniques.	4		
10	Ability to de	monstrate detailed knowledge and application of operational and technical olved in exploration and production.	4		
CL: C		evel (1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)			
Cour	se Contents				
Wee	k Chapter	-	Exam		
1	[1], [2]	Preamble to Petroleum Reservoir Rock Properties			
2	[1], [2]	2] Porosity			
3	[1], [2]	Absolute Permeability			
4	[1], [2]	Mechanical and Electrical Properties of Reservoir Rocks.			
5	[1], [2]	Fluid Saturation			
6	[1], [2]	Interfacial Tension and Wettability			
7	[1], [2]	Capillary Pressure			
8	[1], [2]	Relative Permeability	Midterm		
9	[3] Introduction to Petroleum Reservoir Fluids				
10	0 [3] Introduction to Phase Behavior				
11	1 [3] Sampling of Petroleum Reservoir Fluids				
12	2 [3] Compositional Analysis of Petroleum Reservoir Fluids				
13	[3]	PVT Analysis and Reservoir Fluid Properties			
14	4 [3] Vapor–Liquid Equilibria				
15	Final				

**Recommended Sources** 

- 1. Dandekar, A.Y. 2013. Petroleum Reservoir Rock and Fluid Properties. 2nd Edition, CRC Press, 544 pp
- 2. Darvin V. Ellis, Julian M. Singer, Well Logging for Earth Scientists, 2008
- 3. George Asquith and Daniel Krygowski, (second edition), Basic Well Log Analysis, 2006

Assessment			
Attendance			
Midterm I	5%	Written Exam	
Project	20%	Both oral presentation and written assignment	
Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam	
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam	

Total	100%	
Assessment Criteria		

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

# **Course Policies**

- Attendance to the course is mandatory.
- Late assignments will not be accepted unless an agreement is reached with the lecturer
- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

# ECTS allocated based on Student Workload

A	Normhan	Duration	Total	
Activities	Number	(hour)	Workload(hour)	
Course duration in class	14	3	42	
Presentation	1	14	14	
Tutorials	14	1	14	
Self-study	14	5	70	
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3	
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7	
Final Examination	1	3	3	
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14	
Total Workload	167			
Total Workload/30(h)	≈ <b>5.5</b> 6			
ECTS Credit of the Course			6	

Course Unit Title	Mathematical Modeling of Hydrocarbon Reservoirs
Course Unit Code	OGEN 5014
Type of Course Unit	Elective
Level of Course Unit	4 <sup>th</sup> year BSc program
National Credits	6
Number of ECTS Credits Allocated	6
Theoretical (hour/week)	2
Practice (hour/week)	1
Laboratory (hour/week)	-
Year of Study	4
Semester when the course unit is delivered	7
Course Coordinator	
Name of Lecturer (s)	
Name of Assistant (s)	-
Mode of Delivery	Face to face teaching and midterm project
	(oral and written)
Prerequisites	MATH2101, MATH 2202
<b>Recommended Optional Program Components</b>	Students are expected to have at least basic familiarity
	with: calculus, single and multi-phase flow in porous
	media, reservoir engineering

## **Course description:**

The course is designed for graduate students. Understanding of advanced reservoir engineering concepts is strongly required along with mathematical concepts including solution of ordinary and partially differential equations (ODE and PDE). Coding skills is expected from students for project implementation.

## **Objectives of the Course:**

The objectives are to improve analytical thinking and develop numerical computational skills regarding reservoir simulation and build own reservoir simulator.

Implementation includes analysis of advanced reservoir engineering concepts, investigation of ODEs and PDEs used in reservoir simulation, linear algebra, and numerical solution techniques. The key objective is understanding of commercial software and duplication of simple models. Case studies will be investigated which includes various EOR techniques.

Lear	ning Outcomes	
At the	e end of the course the student should be able to	Assessment
1	To apply reservoir engineering concepts for numerical simulation	1
2	To manage input data for Eclipse and Eclipse 300	1, 2,3
3	To treat Parabolic and Hyperbolic equations	2,3,4
4	To work with spatial and temporal discretization	1, 2
5	To implement Cartesian grids construction	2, 3
6	To solve tridiagonal matrix equations	2,3,4
7	To analyse Simultaneous and Implicit Pressure Explicit Saturation solution	2,3,4
Asse	ssment Methods: 1. Written Exam, 2. Midterm, 3. Assignment, 4. Project/Report, 5. Presentati	on, 6. Lab. Work
Cour	se's Contribution to Program	
		CL
1	Ability to apply and deeply understand mathematical, technical and natural disciplines.	3

2	The ability to conduct a deep analysis of the problem, aimed at identifying the necessary requirements and methods for solving it.					
3	The ability to combine knowledge of the mathematical foundations, algorithms and methods of the hydrocarbon field development process in reservoir modelling and reservoir system 5 design.					
4	According to the knowledge and skills acquired during the training, develop innovative processes and components for systems that meet modern requirements from an economic, 3 environmental and social point of view.					
5	•	Ability to interpret data, obtained as a result of planning and conducting various kinds of esearch and experiments, as well as the ability to predict the further development of the 4				
6		Ability to apply the skills and knowledge of engineering when working in a multidisciplinary				
7	Constant and	continuous self	f-developmen	t and learning for a long time.	2	
8			ation technolo	gy and oil and gas to propose appropriate solutions	5	
9				lable for finding and characterizing hydrocarbon techniques.	3	
10	Ability to de activities inv	monstrate detail olved in explora	ed knowledge ation and prod	e and application of operational and technical luction.	4	
		evel (1: Very Lo	ow, 2: Low, 3	: Moderate, 4: High, 5: Very High)		
	se Contents			Tanias	E	
Weel	-	Introductio	n	Topics	Exam	
1	[1]					
2	[1]	Pressure Re	fracturing, Stress Distribution, Vertical Versus Horizontal Fractures, Pressure Related to Fracturing			
3	[1]	Closure Pre	Closure Pressure, Fracturing Pressure –Decline analysis			
4	[1]	Pressure In	Pressure Interpretation After Closure, Properties of Fracturing Fluids			
5	[1]	~ ~	Proppants, Propped Fracture Design, Fracture Propagation Model, Width Equations			
6	[1]	Material Ba	Material Balance			
7	[1]	Detailed M	Detailed Models. Evaluation of Fracture Design			
8	[1]	Acid Fractu	Acid Fracturing Midterm			
9	[1]	Acid System	Acid Systems and Placement Techniques			
10	[1]	Fracturing	of Deviated	and Horizontal Wells		
11	[1]	Matrix Stin	nulations			
12	[1]	Matrix Aci	dizing Desig	çn		
13	[1]	Rate and Pr	essure Limi	ts for Matrix Treatment		
14	[1]	Fluid Volu	Fluid Volume Requirements			
15					Final	
	mmended So 1. Standard C Plisga.	l Handbook of	Petroleum ar	nd Natural Gas Engineering. 2nd Edition. William	C Lyons, Gary	
Asses	sment					
Atten						
Midte			5%	Written Exam		
Projec						
110,00	Project     20%     Both oral presentation and written assignment					

Midterm Exam	25%	Written Exam
Final Exam	50%	Written Exam
Total	100%	

Final grades are determined according to the Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University Academic Regulations for Undergraduate Studies

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- Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated. .

ECTS allocated based on Student Workload			
Activities	Number	Duration	Total
	INUIIDEI	(hour)	Workload(hour)
Course duration in class	14	3	42
Presentation	1	14	14
Tutorials	14	1	14
Self-study	14	5	70
Midterm Examinations	1	3	3
Preparation for midterm exams	7	1	7
Final Examination	1	3	3
Preparation for final exam	14	1	14
Total Workload			167
Total Workload/30(h)			≈ <b>5.5</b> 6
ECTS Credit of the Course			6